Christian's Prayer Book; OR,

Complete Manual

DEVOTIONS.

In FOUR PARTS

CONTAINING

Introductory Discourse on the Use and Advantage of Prayer. Ejaculatious for the Morning,-Family Prayers. - Prayers for Children, for Youth, and for Servants. - Graces before and after Meat. - Inftructions for Meditation, and Meditations for | NION, &c. &c. &c.

every Day in the Week .- Devout Reflections for every Day in the Month. — Heads of Self-Examination. — A Compendium of relative Duties, --- Offices for fick Persons, and for the devout receiving the HOLY COMMU-

With a great Number of PRAYERS and MEDITATIONS, adapted to particular STATIONS, PERSONS, and CIRCUMSTANCES.

By the Rev. JOHN FLEETWOOD, D. D.

AUTHOR OF

The HISTORY of the HOLY BIBLE;

ANDOF

The LIFE of Our BLESSED SAVIOUR.

And all things what soever ye shall ask in prayer, believing, ye shall receive. Matt. xxii. 22. Is any among you afflicted? let bim pray. lames v. 13. The effectual fervent prayer of a righteous man availeth much. ames v. 16.

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INTRODUCTION.

F we confider ourselves only as creatures dependent on the bounty of a great and all-merciful Creator, a God "in whom " we live, move, and have our being," there will appear to be the highest reason why we should daily lift up our hearts in humble thankfulness for his past mercies, and in devout applications for his affiftance in time to come: but if we farther consider that we have received the highest obligations from God, being by his good providence brought into the world. and protected from the many ills and dangers to which we are daily exposed; that God has been our support in health, and our comfort in fickness; that we are daily transgressing against him, and yet are not punished according to our transgressions; that God can receive no advantage from us, and that the various bleffings which he beneficently bestows upon us, are mere effects of his own unbounded and unfathomable goodness: what additional reasons **fhall**

shall we not have to lift up our hearts to heaven in pious gratitude for past bleffings; and our longing eyes in humble hope of future.-But once more let us consider the matter as it really flands, let us look upon ourselves as beings created perfect, but who have "fought " out many inventions;" let us consider that when we had fallen from our allegiance from our king and fovereign, when by our innumerable fins and transgressions we had justly forfeited all pretensions to the Divine mercy, and rendered ourselves obnoxious to his justice and his wrath; when our accumulated crimes and transgressions had rendered us worthy of eternal punishment; that the God of all mercy should then fend his only begotten fon to take upon him our likeness, and, cloathed in a garment of flesh, to suffer all manner of infults from those very wretches that he was come to fave; and finally, to offer himself up a propitiatory facrafice to redeem us from the confequences of our transgressions, and to die the ignominious and painful death of the cross, that fuch as believed in him might live for ever in the mansions of inestable bliss, being admitted to celebrate the praises of their God and Redeemer to all eternity: if we consider things in this light, I fay, what super-added motives shall we not have, for a constant and devout worship of the Divine Author of fuch aftonishing, such unspeakable comforts and bleffings. As

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As the defign of the following book is to affift the devout and humble Christian in his daily approach to the Divine presence, and as that prayer of our Saviour, which we usually distinguish by the name of the "Lord's "Prayer," contains the sum and substance of all our addresses to God, and is the great ground-work from which Christians have formed their prayers in all ages since the time of Christ's ascension into heaven, it may not be improper to give the reader a short comment on that Divine composition.

OUR Father, which art in Heaven; Hallowed be thy Name. Thy Kingdom come. Thy will be done in Earth, As it is in Heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trespasses, As we forgive them that trespass against us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil: For thine is the Kingdom, And the Power, and the Glory, For ever and ever. Amen.

Our Father,] What infinite obligations are we under to the paternal goodness of God, who has permitted us miserable and offending creatures to approach his facred presence, and address him by the endearing epithet of Father, thereby manifesting his love and regard for us, and teaching us that we ought always to look up to him for those blessings which he alone is both able and willing to bestow on us. But there is yet another consideration which

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renders

renders the obligation still stronger; for, to use the emphatical language of Scripture, If we are children we are "then heirs; heirs of "God, and joint-heirs with Christ." What a noble distinction! what a grand co-heirship! God grant that our own endeavours may be at all times most strenuously exerted, that with the assistance of his Divine grace, our actions may daily render us less and less unworthy of the Divine relation, which we are here allowed to claim.

Which art in heaven, Though the Almighty Creator and Governor of the universe is every where, and at all times present; yet is he more peculiarly resident in the heaven of heavens, the eternal abode of his Majesty and Glory, from whence he looketh down to behold the works of the children of men, and where he is continually furrounded with innumerable hofts of angels, who are employed in the divinest offices of praise, and continually offering up their devoutest adorations to "him "who fitteth upon the throne, and to the "Lamb for ever and ever." May the holy spirit of God so assist the readers of this book, that they may be in some measure made partakers of the same divine employment while here on earth, and when all things earthly shall be done away, may they enter into the presence of their God, and join the blissful choir to all eternity.

Hallowed be thy name.] This phrase comprehends the whole duty of praise; giving Glory to

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to the name of God, and using our utmost endeavours that others may be induced to join us in fo rational a part of devotion. tremely abfurd, as well as wicked, is it for those who use these words in their prayers, to take the "name of the Lord their God in " vain;" and indeed those persons who habituate themselves to the abominable custom of fwearing, do but aggravate their offences when they repair to the place of divine fervice, and join in the public prayers to God, that he would enable us to "hallow his holy name." Greek word, which we translate Name, fignifies also Power, so that taking the phrase in this fense, it will fignify, Enable us, O God, to pay a proper and a devout respect to thine unbounded power, by which all things were at first created, as they are now preserved by thy goodness.

Thy kingdom come.] This ought to be the fervent prayer of every devout Christian; for although we should be contented to live in this troublesome world till it shall please Almighty God of his infinite mercy, through our blessed Saviour, to discharge us from the incumbrances of sin and mortality; yet there can be no impropriety in our offering up our daily and fervent petitions at the throne of mercy, that God would accomplish the gracious purposes of his will, and hasten the coming of that kingdom, where all impunity shall be done away, and the "spirits of the just made "perfect." But there is also another sense in which

which these words may be taken: if, by the coming of the kingdom of God, we understand the conversion of the Jews and Pagans to the faith and profession of Christianity, and the uniting all the nations of the earth in the only true worship of God, it ought certainly to be our daily and earnest request, that this happy time may be hastened, and that those who sit in darkness may be illuminated with the glorious light of the gospel, and made partakers with us, in the inestimable blessings arising from a covenant with God, through faith in

his fon Jesus Christ our Lord.

Thy will be done in Earth, as it is in heaven.] Although we cannot suppose that the worship of God can be performed in fo pure and devout a manner, by finful mortals, clogged and hindered as we are by all the impediments of mortality, as by the bleffed angels of light; yet we may in a great measure, by the affiftance of the Holy Spirit, be enabled to perform our duty to God, and "do his will on earth," in the same manner, though not in the same degree of perfection as " it is done in heaven:" and the more and greater we find our difficulties, and the more impediments we find to the just and proper performance of the will of our heavenly father, the more earnest ought we to be in our folicitations to God for that affiftance, without which our best offerings, our purest sacrifices will be altogether unworthy the divine acceptance. Let us, therefore, make it our daily and constant prayer that God

God would enable us to accommodate all our thoughts and actions to his divine will, that we may enjoy a heaven on earth, and participate while here in some degree of that pure and devout worship, which will be the blessed em-

ployment of beatified spirits hereafter.

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Give us this day our daily bread,] To God the author of all mercies are we to look up for a daily supply of the various bounties of his providence, which we are always to use with moderation, and for which, at all times, we ought to be most devoutly thankful. Let not the rich man pride himself in the greatness of his possessions, and thereby be tempted to forget that God from whom he received the bleffing, remembering, that he who gives, is at all times able to take away, and that though he rolls in abundance to-day, he may, by various accidents, be reduced to want and penury by to-morrow: neither let the fon of poverty be cast down and afflicted; but assure himself, that, if his own endeavours are not wanting, the great Father of the universe will still supply him with all things that are fit and convenient for him; and let people of all ranks duly confider, that it is by a decent and proper use of the bounties of Providence, and not by the abuse of them, that they will most probably insure to themselves a continuance of them. Let the great and the affluent also be taught that a generous distribution of their possessions among the poor and needy, is highly acceptable in the fight of that God, who giveth liberally

rally to those who stand in need, and "whose "tender mercies are over all his works."

And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us.] It is highly reafonable that our forgiving one another whatever faults we may have been guilty of, ought to be the condition upon which we feek forgiveness from God; for the man who is backward in forgiving his neighbour, can with no face pretend to ask forgiveness for himself; but I would not be understood to infinuate, that though we should forgive our fellowcreatures in every possible case in which they can offend against us, yet that a sufficient reafon can thencefrom arise, for God to forgive us-no-we have offended against our Maker in a higher degree than it is possible for one man to offend against another, and in our addresses to the Almighty and All-merciful, we are to use the prevailing argument of the unbounded merits of that Saviour who has fuffered for us, and "rifen again for our justification;" and on his account alone to hope for pardon.

And lead us not into temptation.] Let no one from this petition conclude, that God leads us into temptation: the meaning of it is, permit us not, O God, to be led away by the finful and corrupt inclinations of our own hearts; permit not the great deluder to take advantage of our disposition to rebel against thee, and so lead us into temptation; but so fortify us by the strengthening power of thy grace, against all

all the affaults of the world, the flesh and the devil, that we may hold fast our integrity, and be enabled to serve thee faithfully to the end of our lives.

But deliver us from evil.] Man is so liable to fall into every kind of evil without the Divine affiftance, that he has the greatest reason to be constantly praying to the God of all goodness, that he would deliver him from evil. What poor and helpless creatures are we, without the Divine affiftance; how eafily do we yield to every kind of temptation! how quickly are we seduced, and how prone are all our steps to evil! frequent and earnest ought we therefore to be, in offering up this petition to heaven, which implies not only a deliverance from all evil, but the being led into the paths of righteousness; fince to those from whom evil is abfent, good must necessarily be present; when, therefore, we fay "deliver us from evil," we beg the affiftance of God's holy spirit to lead us into the paths of righteousness, and so to conduct our steps, that we may still advance nearer and nearer to that blissful state where all fin and forrow shall be done away, and all be happiness, satisfaction and peace!

For thine is the Kingdom, Not only the kingdom of this world, but all the hofts of heaven are subject to the uncontroulable dominion of God. Philosophers are of opinion that the sun, the moon and the stars are so many worlds, peopled by the power, and supported by the goodness of God! What a stupendous idea

B 5

does this give us of the magnificence of the great Creator! Let a person only suppose himfelf an inhabitant of one of those distant Regions which we behold in the Firmament, let him there look arround him, and count the many myriads of inhabitants, with which that Word is peopled, and then let him extend his views, through the immensities of infinite space, every part of which abounds in proofs of the wonderful greatness of the Creator, and he will have abundant reason to cry out in holy

rapture, O Lord, thine is the kingdom.

And the power,] As all creation affords abundant proofs of the goodness, so does it of the power of God; to which we are indebted for our prefervation against a thousand dangers which furround us, and which is not more manifested in the creation of angels and of men, than in that of the beafts of the earth, the fishes of the sea, the birds of the air, or the smallest infect that we tread under our feet. The fame power that gave life to a fly or a worm, can give life to a thousand worlds; the same act of omnipotence, the fame Almighty Fiat can command into being, or totally annihilate at hisfovereign will and pleafure. From these confiderations let us be at all times ready to acknowledge the power of that God, of which the whole universe affords such abundant proofs.

And the Glory, As all power, so all glory belongs to God alone. To admire at his power, to rejoice in his goodness, and to glorify his name, is the best employment both of angels

and

and of men. When we say, "thine, O Lord, "is the Glory," we mean that the name of God ought to be magnified above all things, that all praise is due to him alone, and that all we conceive of the grandeur of any of his creatures, sinks into nothing on a comparison with the magnificence of the great Creator.

For ever and ever.] This means not only to the end of time, to the final period of this perishable earth, but also through the endless.

ages of all eternity.

Amen.] That is as much as to fay, so be it. It is a fort of solemn recital of all that we have been saying, and an earnest petition that our prayers may be rendered acceptable in the sight of God, and all our petitions be granted, through the merits and mediation of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ.

A preparatory Prayer.

Most Holy, most great and glorious Lord God Almighty, who permittest us thine unworthy servants to offer up our prayers unto thee; grant that we may approach the presence with humble reverence and due attention of mind: permit not, we beseech thee, our thoughts to wander from our duty, but raise our affections, that these our prayers and supplications may become acceptable unto thee, through the merits and intercession of Jesus Christ our Lord and Saviour. Amen.

A Petition to obtain the true Spirit of Prayer.

Most great and glorious, most holy and most merciful God, look down upon us we beseech thee with an eye of tenderness and compassion. Thou, Lord, hast promised that those who ask shall receive; hear now, therefore, our petitions in the abundance of thy mercy, and let us rejoice in the fulfillment of thy promises. Instruct us, O Lord, to pray as we ought, and let thy gracious spirit assist us in making our supplications unto thee.

Give us a just and proper sense of thine infinite majesty, and of our necessary dependence upon thee, as often as we appear in thy sacred presence; that whenever we prostrate ourselves before thee, our whole souls may be filled with humble reverence, and we may be kept from all disturbances and wanderings of mind.

We acknowledge, O Lord, our weakness and infirmity in this necessary exercise of our duty; too frequently do we manifest a disrespect in our outward behaviour, and we address our God with our lips, while our hearts are far from him. By this means our prayers are impersect, our thoughts are broken and confused, and the rovings of our mind carry us away far from thee.

How wretched is our fituation, O Lord, that our very prayers, which should, through thy mercy, tend to blot out our sins, do but increase the number of our transgressions; and

provoke

provoke thy wrath instead of exciting thy mercy. But as we are sensible of this our unhappiness, and are ready most humbly to confess our failings before thee; have mercy upon us, and grant us a better spirit for the suture; have regard unto our sorrows, and let our cries come up unto thee. Behold, O Lord, we now seek thy help, and intreat thy most gracious assistance, that our prayers may be acceptable in the sorter.

in thy fight.

Enlighten our understandings, confirm our wandering minds, and give us a just apprehension of the weight of our eternal concerns; that our souls may be ever longing for the practice of our duty, in continually offering up our petitions to thee: that we may desire thy grace with an earnestness above what we express for earthly concerns; and may at all times fervently pray for those things which are necessary for our eternal salvation; and thus daily advance in that road which leads to the compleat possession of eternal and unchangeable bliss.

O God in thy mercy hear our prayers, and let our cries come up unto thee; stretch forth the right hand of thy power to protect us from all evil. Purify our thoughts, exalt our ideas, and constantly inspire us by thy grace, to do those things which are most agreeable to thy holy will. Once more we intreat thee to hear our prayers, through the merits and mediation of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. Amen.

Directions for the Morning.

A S foon as your eyes behold the light of morning, adore that God who called up light out of darkness; and make a fervent offering of your person and services to your great Creator. Exert yourselves as much as possible to exclude all evil thoughts from your mind, and devote them to God, who has an undoubted right to, and expects your purest services.

Consider that God has watched over you while you slept, and carefully protected you from all the evils and dangers of the night: be not therefore so ungrateful as to forget his mercy; but lift up your hearts in all possible gratitude, and the moment you awake devote your best thoughts to God your preserver; for to do otherwise would be the highest instance of ingratitude.

Rise early in the morning, and pour out your souls in prayer to God, that he may afford you his blessing through the day. Never indulge yourself in sloth and idleness, which are inconsistent with your duty both to God and man; but prepare yourselves for the business of the day, by devoting the first part of it to the worship of the great Creator of Heaven and

Earth.

As you are washing yourselves and putting on your cloaths, entertain such devout and pitous thoughts as may tend to cleanse you from the filthiness of sin, and to cloath you with the robe of your Saviour's righteousness.

When

When you leave your chamber, remember that you are stepping into a wicked and corrupt world, and be upon your guard that you do not contract any of those evil habits with which the sons of men have defiled themselves in departing from the living God.

Ejaculations for the Morning.

1. O Drowfy soul arise, arise thou that sleepest, and Christ will give thee light.

2. I lift up my eyes, my hands, and my heart to thee, O God, from this bed where my body has fafely reposed during the dangers of the night, towards the heaven of heavens, where my soul expects her eternal rest, through thine unbounded mercy.

3. In the morning will I direct my prayer unto thee, and will exalt my voice-betimes in

the morning.

4. I acknowledge, O God, that I am altogether unworthy to enjoy the light of this day,
having dishonoured thy holy name on so many
days that are past; much less do I deserve the
light of thy grace, and acknowledge that it
would be just in thee to sentence me to utter
darkness, and deprive me for ever from the
all-chearing light of thy countenance.

A Prayer proper to be said on waking from Sleep?

Most Holy, Holy, three persons in one God, protect and defend me this day, I beseech thee, from all the temptations and deceits of the world, the sless and the devil. Protect me from the dangers of life, and the terrors of sudden death. Raise my foul from sin, as my body from sleep, and grant that I may continually ascribe all honour, wisdom, power and mercy to thy most holy name. Amen.

On first Rising.

Arise from my bed in the name of my crucified Saviour; Bless me, O Lord; govern, keep and confirm me in all good works, thro' this day, and for evermore; so that after this short and transitory life, I may enjoy everlasting happiness in thy kingdom. Amen.

When you put on your Cloaths.

LOATH, O most holy Jesus, my sinful foul with the robes of thy justice, that its shame may not be seen; and cover me with the ornaments of all Christian virtues and graces. Give me, O Christ, the wedding garment of divine love, and enable me to live in charity with all mankind, Amen.

When you wash your Hands and Face.

Ohrist, who so lovedst mankind as to wash our souls in thy precious blood, purify my hands and heart from the filthy fpots of fin. O holy spirit of God, I most humbly beseech thee to purge my lips by thy grace from all wicked and unprofitable words, that my mouth may be taught thy praise, and I may open my lips for the benefit of my fellow-creatures. Enlighten, O God, the eyes of my foul, that I may fee clearly and difcern aright to do thy bleffed May the bleffing of God the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghoft be and remain with me, now and for ever. Amen.

FAMILY PRAYERS.

Ejaculations proper for the Sabbath-Day.

ET us elevate our minds to the joys of heaven, laying aside all the cares of this Let us prepare ourselves to entertain world. our God, and divest our heads of all earthly thoughts.

Let us retire from all the cares of this life. and gather together the powers of our foul, fo as with all earnestness to pursue the most neceffary work, of fecuring to ourselves a place

in the kingdom of heaven.

Those,

Those, O Lord, who seek not to taste thy goodness are in a most miserable condition, even though their skill can number the stars, and trace the ways of the heavenly luminaries. The highest learning consists in a contemplation of his wisdom in the highest pleasure.

Enlighten us, O thou fon of righteousness, and conduct us to thy holy hill; send forth the rays of thy brightness to lead us to the taber-

nacle of thy love.

Accept our most humble thanks, O God, for all thy mercies, and in particular for the happiness we enjoy in being allowed one day in seven for thy public worship. May all possible thanks be rendered for this blessing to

God the Father, Son, and Holy Spirit.

O God enable us, by a wise and devout use of the means of grace, to increase in holiness, and righteousness, and grant that by the performance of our devotions and duties in this world, we may be more and more prepared to join in thy praises with saints and angels in the next.

On the Morning of the Lord's Day.

OHoly, and most merciful Lord God Almighty, maker of heaven and earth, assist us to raise our affections to thee in a devout and proper manner. Enable us to join with the blessed spirits and souls of the righteous, in worshipping him who sitteth upon the throne, and liveth for ever and ever.

Thou,

Thou, O Lord, art worthy to receive glory and honour, and praise; for thou hast created all things in heaven and in earth; and for thy pleasure they are and were created.

Glory be to thee, O God, that thy divine love has induced thee to give being to thy creatures; and that thou lovest all things, and hat-

est not the works of thine hands.

We are truly sensible, O most gracious God, that thou dost preserve and protect, and bless, all things that thou hast made, in a manner suitable to the natures thou hast given them, and that in thee only we live, move, and have our being.

We fincerely believe, that by thy wisdom thou dost order, dispose, and govern all things, in such manner as best to display thy glory.

O Lord we befeech thee so to conduct our whole lives, and animate all our conduct, that we may make constant and daily advances in the great end of our creation, the giving glory to thy name, and advancing the interest of our fellow-creatures.

We acknowledge, O Lord, that thy works are equally wonderful and amiable; we love, admire, and praise thy providential goodness, and the perpetual flow of thy kindness to all thy creatures.

Let all those who share in thy goodness glorify thy name, and let every thing that hath breath praise the Lord.

In a particular manner, O God, we admire and magnify thy goodness for thy fingular lov-

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ing kindness unto us; for all thy various blessings bestowed on our souls and bodies, from

our earliest infancy, to the present time.

We have every day more and more reason to praise thy goodness, since the longer we live the more proofs we receive of thine affection towards us, and experience fresh instances of thine unbounded love.

We befeech thee, O most adorable Majesty of heaven and earth, to grant us such a sense of thy goodness, as may dispose us to a thankful acknowledgment of thy mercies, and a zea-

lous obedience of thy will.

We give thee our most hearty thanks, O God, for thy kindness, long sufferance and forbearance to the people of this sinful nation. May we, O Lord, who make a part of that number, always manifest a proper degree of gratitude for our share in the mercies thou hast bestowed on the public.

We also magnify thy name, O Lord, for the glorious light of the gospel of salvation, which thou hast afforded unto us, while so great a part of the world remains in heathen darkness.

But above all things we offer up our unfeigned thanks for the redemption of the world by the death and sufferings of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, who benevolently took upon him our frail nature, and died the ignominious death of the cross, to give eternal life to us miserable sinners, who lay in darkness and the shadow of death. Glory be to the condefcending majesty of the most high God, and to the Son of God, who in pity to our lost and undone state, did stoop so low as to assume our frail nature, and dwell among us on purpose to save us from the pains of eternal death, by offering himself a propitiatory sacrasice for us.

Be merciful, O God, to all who are in affliction or diftres; who heavily labour under poverty, persecution or captivity; under bodily pains and diseases, or temptations or troubles of mind; and deliver them, O Lord, according to thy great mercy.

Have mercy, O Lord, on us miserable sinners, who sigh and languish to be at peace with thee: May thy infinite goodness and greatness be, by all men, for ever adored and magnified.

Let all the people praise thee, O God, yea,

let all the people praise thee.

To God the Father who first loved us; to God the Son who washed us from our fins in his own blood; and to God the Holy Ghost, who sheds the love of God abroad in our hearts, be all honour, praise, glory and thanksgiving, now and for evermore. Amen,

Our Father, &c.

A concluding Prayer.

THE Grace of our Lord Jesus Christ; the love of God the Father, and the Communion and Fellowship of the Holy Ghost, be with us all. Amen.

Ejaculations proper for Sunday Evening.

thee as incense, and let the lifting up of our hands be as the evening facrifice.

2. Let us give thanks unto the Lord, for

his mercy endureth for ever.

3. O Lord thou hast granted us thy lovingkindness in the day time, and therefore in the night season we will think upon thee, and offer up our prayers to the God of our salvation.

4. O God, who didst call up light out of darkness, open thou our eyes, that we may see

to do thy will.

5. Bow down thine ear unto us, O God, and accept the offer of our evening facrifices. Amen.

An Evening Prayer for a Family on the Lord's Day.

A Lmighty and everlasting Lord God, the governor of all things in heaven and in earth; we befeech the to look down upon us in mercy this evening, while we acknowledge our manifold fins and iniquities.

We confess, O Lord, that we have neglected both our duty and our interest; we have broken thy laws, dishonoured our most holy religion, and neglected the great salvation which our Saviour has procured and purchased for us.

We have attended the public worship in too indifferent a manner: we have paid too little attention to thy praises, and our prayers have been offered up without proper sincerity.

We

We have not duly confidered the strict actount we must shortly give of all our actions, before thy exact and impartial tribunal, when we shall depart hence and be no more seen. We have many ways offended thee in our thoughts, words and actions.

O merciful Father, do not thou condemn us, but pardon and spare us through the meritori-

ous sufferings of our bleffed Redeemer.

Forgive, O Lord, all our past offences, direct and guide us in the ways of truth and holiness, and reform whatever thou seest amiss in the

temper and disposition of our minds.

And because in this world we are surrounded with many temptations, enable us, we beseech thee, by thy holy spirit, to subdue and govern our unruly passions, to be careful and diligent in resisting the least motions and inclinations to sin, and to abstain from all appearances of evil.

Fill our minds, O Lord, with a true sense of the great importance and necessity of working out our salvation, and of the short time allotted

to us for that purpofe.

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Help us to love thee more entirely, to serve thee more faithfully, and to trust in thee more fully than we have hitherto done.

Grant us grace patiently to bear all our afflictions, chearfully to enjoy all thy bleffings,

and thankfully to praise thee for them.

Make us so to improve all thy providences both of mercy and severity, that in adversity we may not be dejected, nor in prosperity be lifted up with pride, and forget God.

We

We praise thee, O Lord, for the holy doctrine, exemplary life, and for the death and refurrection of our blessed Saviour.

We return thee our most humble and hearty thanks that he hath begotten us again to the lively hope of an inheritance incorruptible and undefiled, that fadeth not away, which is reserved in heaven for all, who by a patient continuance in well doing, seek for glory, honour

and immortality.

Accept our most humble thanks, O God, for the glorious ascension of our Saviour into heaven, there to intercede in thy presence for us; for sending thy holy spirit to comfort and assist us, and for appointing a succession of men to preach and propagate the knowledge and practice of his heavenly doctrine, and to administer the holy sacrament to his faithful followers.

We return thee our most humble and hearty thanks for all the precious promises in the gospel of thy son; and that thou hast made our

duty so necessary to our happiness.

Enable us, O Lord, effectually to apply our minds to the consideration of thy manifold mercies, that they may work in our fouls all those divine virtues, dispositions and affections, for which they were originally designed.

We humbly pray thee, O God to extend thy mercy to the whole world, that thy name may be great among the Gentiles, and thy praise be

celebrated to the end of time.

Be gracious to these sinful nations to which

we belong; forgive our many and great fins; and particularly, we pray thee, pardon our abuse of the time set apart for thy more immediate worship; our unthankfulness for the light of thy gospel, and walking contrary to its precepts. Wash us throughly from our iniquities, and cleanse us from our sins; and grant, that by unity and charity, and holiness of life, we may glorify thy great name, and adorn the doctrine of God our Saviour in all things. Continue the light of thy gospel among us: defeat and overthrow the designs of evil men, that would pervert the truth of it.

Be thou pleased to further with thy blessing all those good designs that are for the advancement of true religion and virtue. Let no artifices of the devil, or wicked men, render them inessectual.

Guide and defend our most gracious sovereign lord the king; let his days be many, his councils wife and religious, and his reign happy to himfelf and people.

Let a fense of the inestimable value of souls, inspire all bishops and pastors, exciting them to promote and further the salvation of man, by soundness of doctrine, and holiness of life, and a due administration of thy holy sacraments.

Let all magistrates, and other inferior officers, maintain and defend true religion, encouraging virtue and goodness, and punishing and suppressing all profaneness and ungodliness; and let all men follow after peace and holiness, without which no man shall see thee.

O thou, that art the father of mercies, relieve

all that are in affliction, of any kind whatfoever; and grant that all may have cause to say, it is good for them that they have been in trouble.

Be gracious and favourable to us that are here before thee; forgive us all our fins, and re-

member not our iniquities.

Defend and protect us this night from all those dangers and mischiefs that may justly overtake us; refresh our frail bodies with quiet and moderate rest, and help us in the renewed strength thereof, vigorously to serve thee in the faithful discharge of the duties of the following day. And in that and all other days, enable us to live to the honour and glory; that in the end of them, we may live with thee, through our Lord Jesus Christ; in whose prevailing name and words, we sum up all our wants.

Our Father, &c.

A Morning Prayer for a Family, for any other Day in the Week.

AY the good Spirit of God dispose us

unto, and affift us in his fervice.

The Lord give us all a true and lively sense of our wants, of his presence among us, and his mercy to repenting sinners, that we may serve him with our hearts, as well as with our bodies; and that our prayers may be heard, for the sake of his son Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

O God, by whom the world is preserved and governed; we most humbly adore thine infinite majesty and perfection, praising thy holy name, for the continual expressions of thy bounty and goodness to us: particularly for our preservation

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from the dangers of this night past, and for blessing us in the beginning of another day.

Thou, O Lord, art holy and bleffed: but we are poor and miserable sinners: we have broken thy holy and righteous laws, sinning wilfully after the knowledge of the truth, and the vows we have made; doing those things which we knew thou hast forbidden, and neglecting to do those things thou hast expressly commanded; and thereby have provoked thy wrath and indignation against us. But, O thou that art, by Jesus Christ thy Son, reconciling the world to thyself, not imputing their trespasses, be merciful unto us, for the sake of that bleffed Mediator: through his satisfactory obligation, O Lord, pardon all that is past, and give us grace to serve thee more faithfully for the time to come.

We acknowledge thy great patience and mercy to us, O God, in sparing us when we deserve punishment; and thy great goodness and bounty in giving us the necessaries of this life, and fetting before us the happiness of a better state. Give us, we pray thee, fuch a fense of thy goodness and mercy, as may raise in us a constant indignation to all fin, and a love and regard to all thy commandments: that as we advance in years we may grow in grace, and may be the better prepared for our latter end, the nearer we approach to it. Lord, increase our faith, that we may walk as in thy fight, fearing to offend thee by any finful thought, word or deed: and gird upon us the whole armour of thee our God, that we vanquish all the temptations of the world, the flesh, and the devil. Make us an houshold

fearing God, submitting ourselves to thy good pleasure, and putting our whole trust in thy

mercy.

Grant us the continual conduct of thy good spirit, that we may live as it becometh thy blessed gospel; being upright in our hearts, savoury in our speeches, and unblameable in our lives. Make us diligent and prosperous in our lawful business relating to this life: and suffer not our worldly concerns to diminish our heavenly-mindedness; but make us fervent in spirit, serving the Lord.

And because we cannot be safe without thy succour, defend us, we beseech thee, from all

dangers both of foul and body.

Make us ever sensible that we depend upon thee; that in all our necessities we may look up to thee for help. And the gracious God give us what is needful for us, and an holy contentment in all conditions.

Give us the bleffings of this life, with thy grace to direct us to the best use of them; but above all things, give us the bleffings of the

world to come, for Jesus Christ his sake.

Be gracious, O Lord, to thy whole church, especially to that part of it in these kingdoms: be pleased to bless and preserve the king and all the royal family. Grant that all magistrates may be faithful in their trust, and zealous to promote thy glory: and that all ministers of thy gospel may be serious, diligent, and successful in the works of their holy calling, being examples of all good works.

Let the whole nation, and especially this neighbourhood, grow in the true knowledge and fear of thee. Visit with thy grace and bleffing all our relations, friends and benefactors. give and reconcile, both to thyfelf and to us, all our enemies. Comfort, relieve, and in thy own time deliver all thy afflicted fervants: and fanctify, both to them and to us, all thy dealings; caufing all things in the end to work together for our good.

O Lord, pardon the infirmities of these prayers; and deal not with us according to our defervings, but according to thy infinite mercies in thy beloved ion: and grant us all those bleffings he hath comprehended in that excellent form of words, which he hath taught us, when we pray to fay, at though benefit allowing evan ow fact

Our Father, &c. o. with son handstand

An Evening Prayer for a Family, for any other Day in the Week.

Dard, pardon all the fins we have committed this day in thought, word or deed, against thy divine Majesty, wash us thoroughly from our wickedness, and cleanse us from our fins. And because, through the weakness of our mortal nature, we cannot always ftand upright, grant us the help of thy grace, that we may overcome all the temptations that daily furround us. Affift us, good Lord, by thy grace, that we may worship thee, serve thee, and obey thee as we ought to do. Supply us with all things needful, while we are on earth, and prepare our fouls for the happiness of heaven.

Lord

Lord receive us and all our friends into thy protection this night, watch over us, and refresh us with seasonable rest, that we may rise the next morning more sit for thy service.

All praise and thanksgiving be to thee, O Lord, for the mercies bestowed upon us this

day, and all the days of our lives.

Mercifully hear our prayers, and accept our praises, for the sake of our Saviour Jesus Christ.

Amen.

O God, the father of heaven, the God of angels and men, the fountain of goodness, and the father of all compassion; have mercy upon us miserable sinners; hear our prayers, and accept us graciously through Jesus Christ thy Son.

We confess, O Lord, with shame and sorrow, that we have grievously sinned against thee: we have neglected our duty to thee, our neighbour, and ourselves; and transgressed thy will, in thought, word, and deed: yea, we have reason to fear, that we have this day added to the meafure of our former fins. O Lord, shouldest thou enter into judgment, what could we expect, but that fiery indignation that confumes thine adverfaries, as the due rewards of our fins? But, O Lord, there is mercy with thre, that thou mayest be served in hope. O, sit us for that mercy, by giving us a deep and hearty repentance; and then, according to thy goodness, let thine anger be turned away from us. Look favourably upon us, for the fake of thy bleffed Son our Saviour; and for the merit of his fufferings, pardon all our fins : and by the power of thy grace, so renew and purify our hearts, that we may become new creatures; fincerely forfaking every evil way, and living in constant and universal obedience to thee all the rest of our

days.

Let thy holy Spirit, by whom we are called to this state of salvation, be the guide of our lives, and lead us in the way that we should go; that we may, through his aid, mortify our corrupt affections, and daily increase in all virtue and godliness. And give us grace never to consent to any known wickedness, nor ever to grieve thy holy Spirit, by which we are sanctified.

Make us to fee the evil of fin, that we may flee from it, and strive against the greatest evil that can befal us. And may the sense of our infirmities and backslidings make us diligent and careful to avoid all temptations to sin, to look up to thee for help, and to use all the means of grace which thy goodness shall afford us; that we may receive the fulness of thy grace, and remain in the number of thy faithful servants all the days of our lives.

Enlighten our fouls with faving truth. Correct us in mercy, when we grow careless of our falvation. Make us ever mindful of our latter end. From sudden, and from eternal death,

good Lord deliver us.

We befeech thee, O God, that thy grace may ever be with us, to keep us from all thoughts, words, and actions, that we should have cause to repent of. Let thy grace, which is sufficient, secure us from the temptations of the world, the slesh, and the devil; that we may not follow, nor be led by them.

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Lord

Lord, make us sensible that we wholly depend upon thee, for life and health, prosperity and comfort. Let it be our delight, as well as our duty, to serve thee faithfully. Continue to us thy blessings, we beseech thee; and give us grace never to abuse them.

Defend us in all dangers, comfort us in all afflictions, direct us when we know not what to do; and bring us, in thy good time, to thy hearenly kingdom, for Jesus Christ his sake.

We confess, O gracious Lord, that we are not wor hy of the least of all the mercies which thou hast shewed thy servants; who wholly depend upon thee: and therefore we most humbly thank thee for all thy favours; thy continual care over us, thy patience towards us, thy fatherly corrections, thy merciful deliverances: particularly, we thank and adore thy great goodness, for the preservations and blessings of the day past: but above all, for the unspeakable benefits of the death of Christ; that we are Christians, and in the way of salvation.

O Lord, preserve in our souls a lively sense and remembrance of all thy blessings; that we may be affected with thy goodness, may still partake of thy kindness, and may continue in thy favour, and under the direction of thy good

spirit unto our life's end.

In confidence that thou hearest us, art every where, and never slumberest nor sleepest; we commit ourselves to the care of thy watchful providence this night; most humbly requesting thy protection and preservation therein. May it please thy goodness, to give this whole family com-

comfortable rest and repose: O Lord, defend our habitation, and all about us, from fire, and all calamitous accidents; deliver us from the power of evil spirits, and of evil men; and raise us up in health and safety, that we may chearfully praise and glorify thee both in soul and body, and serve thee faithfully to our life's end.

Shew mercy, O Lord, to the whole world. Let the gospel of thy son spread throughout all the earth. Particularly, we beseech thee, to be gracious to this church and nation: grant that we may be so humbled and reformed, as that we

may be pardoned and spared.

Pour down thy bleffings upon the king, and all the royal family: give them grace to exceed others as much in goodness as in greatness, and make them fignal instruments of thy glory, and of the publick good.

Bless all our governors both in church and state: so rule their hearts, and strengthen their hands, that they may neither want will nor power to punish wickedness and vice, and to maintain

thy true religion and virtue.

Visit with thy grace and mercy all thy afflicted servants; relieve all their particular necessities of body and mind; give them patience and submission to thy blessed will; and in thy due time deliver them from all their troubles. And let this be the happy effect of all thy dispensations, both to them and us, even to bring us nearer to thyself.

Bless all our friends and relations; and all that have done good to us, or others for thy sake. Be pleased to assist them by thy grace; comfort them in their troubles; protect them in all dangers;

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and grant them whatfoever thou feeft necessary,

either to their fouls or bodies.

Have mercy, Lord, on all that fue for mercy; fupply the needs of all that want; and grant us all fuch measures of thy grace, as may enable us to persevere in well-doing; that growing up to such degrees of holiness as this mortal state is capable of, we may at last attain the persection of it in thy kingdom.

O Lord, pardon the wanderings and coldness of these our prayers; and deal not with us according to our deserts; but according to the freedom and fulness of thy mercies in Jesus Christ; in whose blessed name and words we recommend ourselves, and all that belong to us,

to thine abundant mercy.

Our Father, &c.

Lighten our darkness, we beseech thee, O Lord, and by thy great mercy defend us from all perils and dangers of this night, for the love of thine only son, our Saviour Jesus Christ. Amen.

Almighty God, who hast given us grace at this time with one accord to make our common supplications unto thee, and dost promise, that when two or three are gathered together in thy name, thou wilt grant their requests; sussil now, O Lord, the desires and petitions of thy servants, as may be most expedient for them; granting us in this world knowledge of thy truth, and in the world to come life everlasting. Amen.

The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, and the love of God, and the fellowship of the Holy Ghost be with us all evermore. Amen.

Another Morning Prayer for a Family.

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Lmighty and everlasting God, in whom we A live and move, and have our being, and whose mercy is over all thy works; we thy needy creatures, in a thankful fense of thy good providence over us, do render thee our humblest praises for thy prefervation of us from the beginning of our lives to this time. Bleffed be thy holy name for the continual protection of thy hand, by which we have been defended amidst the changes and miseries of this mortal life, and delivered from innumerable dangers, and particularly from any evil accident of the night past. To thy watchful providence we, * When diffurbances wholly owe it * that no diftur- of any kind befal a bance hath come nigh us, or family, inflead of our dwelling; but that we have this, Jay, [That not-withstanding our fears enjoyed quiet and refreshing and dangers, we are fleep, and are brought in fafe- brought in fafety to ty to the beginning of this day. the beginning of this For these and all other thy mercies, our fouls do bless and magnify thy glorious name, humbly befeeching thee to accept this our morning-facrifice of praise and thanksgiving.

And fince it is of thy mercy, O gracious Father, that another day is adding to our lives; let us dedicate both our fouls and bodies to thee and thy fervice, to promote thy glory and our

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own falvation, in a fober, righteous, and godly life.

But, Lord, thou knowest the weakness and corruption of our nature, and the manifold temptations that we daily meet with; we therefore humbly befeech thee to have compassion upon our infirmities, and to give us the constant affistance of thy grace and holy spirit, that we may be effectually restrained from fin, and excited to our duty. Suffer us not to be tempted above what we are able; and when thou feeft us giving way to any temptation, stretch forth thy helping hand to fave and deliver us. Imprint in our hearts fuch a dread of thy judgments, and fuch a love of thy goodness towards us, as may make us both afraid, and ashamed to offend thee: and above all, keep in our minds a lively remembrance of that great day in which we must give a strict account of our thoughts, words, and actions, and according to the works done in the body, and be either eternally rewarded or punished by him whom thou hast appointed judge of the quick and dead, Jefus Christ our Lord.

Wherefore, we befeech thee give us grace to have thee and thy law always before our eyes, that we may walk therein according to thy will, with watchfulness and circumspection. Keep us sober and temperate, and diligent in the several states and conditions which thy providence hath appointed for us. Grant us patience under any affliction thou shall see fit to lay upon us, and minds always contented with our present condition. Give us grace to be just and upright in all our dealings, quiet and peaceable, full of

compassion towards the needy and afflicted, and ever ready to do good to all men, according to the abilities and opportunities which thou shalt give us; that so walking faithfully before thee all our days, and being found watching whenever our appointed time shall come, we may from a life of righteousness, be translated to life and bliss eternal.

And we humbly beg thy bleffing this day upon our honest designs and undertakings. Direct
us in all our ways, and prosper the work of our
hands. Let thy good providence watch over us,
and preserve us in our going out and coming in.
Defend us from all dangers and adversities, and
be thou graciously pleased to take us, and all
things belonging to us, into thy fatherly care and
protection. These things, O Lord, and whatever else thou sees the needful and convenient both
for our souls and bodies, we humbly beg of thee,
for the sake of thy Son Jesus Christ; in whose
most holy name and words we pray unto thee
for ourselves and all mankind.

Our Father, &c.

Another Evening Prayer for a Family.

MOST gracious and merciful God, who art of purer eyes than to behold iniquity, and hast promised mercy and forgiveness to all them who confess and forsake their sins; we come before thee in an humble sense of our own unworthiness, acknowledging our manifold transgressions of thy righteous laws, in thought, word, and deed; we have done those things which thou hast forbidden, and left undone the things which thou

thou hast commanded; so that when we look back upon our past lives, and remember that thou art privy to our most fecret sins, we are afraid of thy judgments, and ashamed to lift up our eyes unto thee. But, O gracious Father, who defireft not the death of a finner, look upon us, we befeech thee, in thy Son Jefus Christ; for the merits of his fufferings, be thou merciful to us, in the pardon of our fins; make us deeply sensible of the great evil and danger of them, and work in us a hearty contrition: and grant that the remembrance of them may be more grievous and afflicting to us, than of any other evil whatfoever; that we worthily lamenting our transgressions, and being brought to a hearty repentance and amendment of life, may obtain forgiveness at thy hands, who art ever ready to receive humble and penitent finners, for the fake of thy Son Jesus Christ, our only faviour and redeemer.

And lest, through our frailty, or the temptations that encompass us, we be drawn again to our former sins, vouchsafe us, we beseech thee, the direction and assistance of thy holy spirit, that as thou hast put into our hands good desires, so by the help of thy grace, we may bring the same to good effect. Reform whatever thou seest amiss in the temper and disposition of our souls; that no unlawful designs, or inordinate desires, may rest there. Purge our hearts from envy, hatred, and malice, that we may never let the sun go down upon our wrath, but may always go to rest in peace, charity, and goodwill, with a conscience void of offence towards

thee, and towards all men; that so our hearts being a sit habitation for thy holy Spirit, he may continually dwell therein; and whether we wake or sleep, we may be under his blessed insluence, and have our whole spirit, soul and body, preferved pure and blameless, unto the coming of

our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ.

Accept, O Lord, as the testimony of our love and charity, our hearty intercessions for all man-Let the light of thy gospel shine upon all nations, and grant that all who have already heard and received it, may live fuitably to it. Be more especially gracious to this church and nation whereunto we belong. Bless our most gracious fovereign lord the King, the royal iffue, and the rest of the royal family; and all who by thy providence have authority under him, both in church and state; and so guide and direct them; that all their deligns and undertakings may tend to the advancement of thy glory, and the good and welfare of this church and nation. Send down thy bleffings, spiritual and temporal, upon all our relations, friends, and neighbours; reward all that have done us good, and pardon all who have done, or wished us evil, and give them repentance and better minds. Be merciful to all who are in any trouble or affliction, either in mind, body, or estate; and do thou, who art the God of pity and compassion, administer to every one help and comfort, according to their feveral necessities, for his fake, who went about doing good to the fouls and bodies of men, thy Son our Saviour Jesus Christ.

We likewise add our unfeigned thanks for all the mercies which from time to time thou hast vouchsafed us. We bless thee for our being, our reason, and all other endowments and faculties of foul and body; for our health, friends, food, and raiment, and all the other comforts and conveniencies of life. But above all, we adore thy tender mercy in fending thy only Son into the world, to redeem us from fin and eternal death, and for giving us knowledge and fense of our duty towards thee. We bless thee for thy patience with us, notwithstanding our many and great provocations; for all the directions, affiftances, and comforts of thy holy Spirit; for thy continual care, and watchful providence over us through the whole course of our lives; and particularly for the mercies and benefits of the day past; humbly beseeching thee to continue these thy bleffings to us, and to give us grace to shew our fense of them, and all thy other mercies, in a fincere obedience to thy laws.

And particularly, O Lord, we befeech thee to continue thy gracious protection to us this night. Into thy hands we commend ourselves, our souls and bodies, our substance, dwellings, and all things that belong to us: do thou, O gracious God, who neither slumberest nor sleepest, be pleased to take us, and all belonging to us, this night into thy especial care and protection. Defend us from all danger and mischief, and from dread and fear of any; and grant that we may enjoy such quiet and refreshing sleep, as may fit us for the duties of the day following. And, O Lord, make us ever mindful of that time, when we shall

shall lie down in the dust; and grant us grace always to live in such a state; that we may never be afraid or unsit to die; but that whether we live, we may live unto thee; or whether we die, we may die unto thee; that so living and dying we may be thine; through the merits and satisfaction of thy Son Jesus Christ; in whose prevailing name and comprehensive words we continue to pray as he hath taught us.

Our Father, &c.

PRAYERS for Persons in private; for every Day in the Week.

A Preparatory Prayer.

BLeffed Lord, who hast commanded, and invited us to pray unto thee; O, let thy Spirit help my infirmities; and do thou so dispose my mind, and prepare my heart, that my prayers and praises may be acceptable in thy sight, through the mediation, and for the sake of Jesus Christ. Amen.

A Prayer for Sunday Morning.

Od, who art the giver of all good gifts, and the father of mercies, I thy unworthy fervant adore thy glorious majesty for those marvellous instances of thy love, which thou hast in all ages shewn to the sons of men: in all thy dealings and dispensations towards us, thou hast manifested thyself to be a most kind and compassionate father; thou hast provided for the com-

comfort and support of our bodies, and shewn a most tender care and concern for the welfare and happiness of our immortal souls: in great mercy to them, thou didst appoint one day in seven for thy more peculiar worship and service, that so by a frequent and religious observance of the christian sabbath here on earth, we might be better sitted and prepared to celebrate that eternal sabbath of everlasting rest, which thou hast reserved for us hereafter.

For this, O Lord, and all the other testimonies of thy love, which thou hast shewn to me, and all mankind, I desire with an humble and thankful heart to bless and praise thy holy name; and more especially for that inexpressible instance of thy love, the sending thy son Christ Jesus into the world, to be the propitiation for

our fins.

I bless thee, O Lord, for thy great goodness in preserving me this night past from all perils and dangers, and bringing me in health and

fafety to the beginning of this holy day.

O my God, give me grace to make a right use and improvement of this, and all other opportunities thou art pleased to put into my hands; pardon, I most humbly beseech thee, my unprositableness under the means of grace; and, O merciful Father, let not my sins provoke thee so far, as to deprive me of the helps and advantages of thy divine institution; but grant, O Lord, that I may spend this and all other times set apart for thy more immediate service, in such a holy and religious manner, as may promote thy honour and glory, and set forward the salvation

tion of my foul: and that I may be enabled for to do, O let thy grace and holy spirit be always present with me; for of myself I am not able to

please thee.

Give me awful thoughts of thy divine majesty, and such an humble, serious, and devout frame of mind, that when I attend upon the publick service of thy church, no vain or tumultuous thoughts may distract my devotion, nor any dulness or weariness seize upon my spirits; but from a true sense of my unworthiness, and of my entire dependance upon thee for the supply of all my wants, I may pray unto thee and praise thee with most devout and hearty affections, and may offer unto thee a lively facrifice, holy and acceptable in thy sight.

Suffer me not, O merciful Father, to rest in a meer outward form of godlines; but grant, that I may endeavour more and more to have my heart animated and enlivened with the spirit and power of religion, and to become a true disciple of the blessed Jesus; by imitating his example; observing his precepts; and making it the constant and principal care and concern of my life; to promote thy honour, and my own

and others falvation.

Let thy good spirit, O Lord, be powerfully assisting to the labours and endeavours of those, to whom thou hast committed the care of souls, particularly of him, under whose ministry thy providence has placed me.

Give thy bleffing to thy holy word preached, and remove from me, and all that attend thy holy ordinances, all prejudices and indifpolitions

of mind, that nothing may hinder its due and faving efficacy upon our fouls. Give us that humble and teachable spirit, which becomes them that would learn of thee; and O let every good instruction that shall this day be given us, sink deep into our hearts, and bring forth in us the fruits of a holy and religious life, that we may not be hearers of thy word only, but doers

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alfo, least we deceive our own fouls.

Be with me, O Lord, this day in all places, and upon all occasions: direct and guide me, fanctify and preserve me. Keep me both outwardly in my body, and inwardly in my foul. Defend me from the power and malice of the devil, from the corruptions of my own finful nature, and from those sins especially that do most easily beset and ensnare me. Free my mind from the diffurbances of paffion and anger, and all perplexing thoughts and cares; and fo strengthen it by thy grace and holy spirit, that nothing may hinder or discompose me in my duty, or render me unfit for thy fervice. Let me no ways profane this thy holy day, either in thought, word, or deed; but give me grace to spend it in such a holy and religious manner, that every day of my life may be the better for it; and when I come to the conclusion of this day, I may look with joy and comfort, in an humble hope of thy divine acceptance, through the merits and mediation of my dear redeemer, Jesus Christ the righteous. Amen. . Our Father, &c.

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A Master or Mistress of a Family may very properly add this short Prayer.

TAKE me duly mindful, O Lord, of all those that are under my care; and grant that none of my family may, thro' any neglect of mine, be ever wanting in their duty towards thee. Let the care of my own foul be extended likewise to a concern for theirs; and give me fuch a zeal for thy glory, fuch a true regard for the falvation of others, that I may endeavour (as much as in me lies) to promote religion and piety in all about me. Convince me truly, O Lord, how much it is my duty, as well as interest, that I and my house should serve thee: that we should daily offer up our united prayers and praises at the throne of grace, and especially upon this day, fet apart more peculiarly for thy service. Be in the midst of us, O Lord, when we affemble ourselves together; send thy blessing upon all our religious duties; and grant that not only the form, but the power of true religion, may be visible among us; to our great comfort in this world, and our eternal happiness in that which is to come. Grant this, O mercihis ful Father, for Jesus Christ's sake, our only mediator and advocate. an igh

> ersAur of its poor mortals, because thy mercy and goodness for our sontinger. I how had made

ACTS of FAITH, HOPE, and CHARITY, proper to be made on Sunday.

Of FAITH.

My God, I believe with a most firm faith all those things which thou hast revealed, and which thy holy church propofes to my belief. I believe in one true and living God, my first beginning and last end; and that in this one God there are three distinct persons, Father, Son, and Holy Ghost. I believe in Jesus Christ the Son of God, true God and true Man, who was born of the Virgin Mary, and died upon the cross to deliver us from sin and hell. I bow down my understanding and my will to adore these and all other thy facred truths, how incomprehensible soever to my weakness. I embrace them all, and adhere to them with all my foul, because they have been revealed by thee, the fovereign truth, who neither canst deceive, nor be deceived. I believe in all things according as the holy catholick church believes. In this faith I now live; in the same, by thy grace, I resolve to die. Be thou pleased daily to increase and strengthen this my faith.

Of HOPE.

My God, nothing is hard or impossible to thee, because thy power is infinite; and there is nothing that thou art not willing to do in favour of us poor mortals, because thy mercy and goodness for us is infinite. Thou hast made

us to thine own image and likeness, and thou lovest the work of thy hands; thou hast redeemed us by the precious blood of thy only fon; and for his fake thou art ever opening thy hand to pour out thy graces upon us; never forfaking us, if we forfake not thee; and still calling upon unhappy finners that have forfaken thee; to return to thee. Thou hast promised mercy to fuch as fincerely feek it, grace to fuch as heartily pray for it, and eternal falvation through Jesus Christ, to such as persevere to the end in thy fear and love. Upon these strong grounds I build all my hopes; and relying upon the affiftance of thy grace, and the merits of my Saviour Jefus Christ, I trust to find mercy in the forgiveness of my fins, and so pass the remainder of this mortal life in thy divine fervice, that I may come hereafter to enjoy thee in a happy eternity. In thee, O Lord, is my hope, O let me never be confounded.

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Of CHARITY.

My God, thou commandest me to love thee with my whole heart, with my whole soul, with all my mind, and with all my strength; and it is my sincere desire so to love thee. O come and take possession of my whole heart and soul, and teach me this heavenly art of love. Let this sacred fire ever burn upon the altar of my heart: let nothing be able to extinguish it. O, let nothing in life or death ever separate me from thy love.

Thou art the supreme good; the fountain of all good; and thou art infinitely good to me.

Thou

Thou art the fovereign beauty, and the fovereign truth, the immense and incomprehensible ocean of all perfection. Thou art my creator, my redeemer, the best of friends, and my perpetual benefactor. Thou art my sweet repose, my true and only joy, and eternal felicity. Thou art my constant lover, the father and spouse of my soul. Thou art my God and my all. O! when shall I be so happy as to see thee, to love

thee, to enjoy thee for ever.

I defire with all my whole heart, that the whole universe may glorify thee; that thou mayest be known, worthily praised and served by all nations; that thy love may fubdue all hearts; and that all thy creatures may fulfil thy will in all things. O when will fin have an end? When will thy kingdom perfectly come? When wilt thou reign all in all? In the mean time I offer thee my whole felf without referve, and I defire to be for ever a fervant of thy love; and to invite as many as I can to love thee, whom I defire to love in thee, and for thee. I rejoice with my whole foul, that thou art in thyfelf eternally and infinitely happy; and that nothing can be added to thy greatness and glory. O grant, that we may all be eternal witnesses of this glory, and eternally rejoice therein, through Jesus Christ thy Son. Amen.

Prayers that may be used, in the Church,

O Thou infinitely powerful and gracious God, remember, I befeech thee, the frailty of me thy poor creature, and vouchfafe me the affiftance of thy holy Spirit in those duties, I am

now about to perform. Let thy holy Spirit purify my heart from all vain and wandering thoughts, and confine it to thyself, and thy service; that I may shew a due regard to all the parts of thy worship; and may now, and always, attend upon thee with that profound humility, becoming reverence, and affective devotion, that becomes a poor miserable sinner, before the great creator and judge of the whole world.

Before the Lessons, or the Sermon.

BLeffed art thou, O Lord; O teach me thy statutes. Lord, open my eyes that I may see the wonderous things of thy law.

Lord, help me so to hear and understand, remember and practise thy heavenly word, that it

may make me wife to falvation.

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Lord, bless thy servant that is to speak, and bless all us that are to hear; and grant that we may now, and ever, profit by thy holy word.

O Lord, I befeech thee, add fuch inward grace to those outward means, as may make us willing to be taught and reproved: that thy word may not be to any of us, as seed falling on a rock; but may bring forth fruit to life eternal, through Jesus Christ. Amen.

After Service.

Oh! pardon our wanderings, dulness, and indevotion; supply all our wants, and the wants of all thy servants; and grant all that we have prayed for, and whatever else thou sees necessary

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50 Prayers that may be used, &c.

or profitable for us, for Jesus Christ his sake. Amen. Lord: so be it.

Glory be to thee, O Lord, most high.

When we are returned Home.

CLORY be to thee, O Lord, who hast permitted me to appear before thee this day; and to tread thy courts.

Lord, pardon all my failings in thy service; the wanderings, dulness, and indevotion of my prayers: for the sake of my blessed Saviour, have mercy upon me, pardon and accept me,

Lord, make me a doer of thy word, and not a hearer only; lest I deceive my own soul, let it be the power of God unto salvation.

O Lord hear, O Lord forgive; O Lord hearken, and do: defer not for thine own fake, O my God.

Short Heads of Examination for every Evening.

THAT your whole life may be more conformable to the gospel of Jesus Christ, by which we must be judged; and that you may have less to do, when you set a time apart for more solemn examination, it has been advised by wise and good men, that we should every evening put some such questions as these to ourselves, which are chiefly transcribed out of that excellent book, entitled, A Companion for the Festivals and Fasts of the Church.

How have I spent the day past? What sin have I

Have I performed my morning devotion? And how?

Have I refigned myfelf to the all-wife government
and disposal of God, to be ordered and ruled by him,
and to do or suffer his will?

Have :

Have I conversed with candor, affability and fince-

Have I kept at a distance from detraction, slander,

and evil fpeaking?

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Have I had sufficient care in my commendation of others, so as to give no encouragement to any evil practice?

How have I employed or improved my time?

With what honesty and fidelity have I discharged the

affairs in which I have been engaged?

If I have diverted myself, have I done it innocently, and in such manner and measure as is suitable to my christian profession?

Have I been guilty of any excess in eating, or drink-

ing, or fleep?

What mercies have I received? How thankful have I been, and am I for them? What temptations have I resisted?

What ground have I got of the fin that doth most

eafily befet me?

How have I governed my passions? Have I not been too easily provoked by little accidents which daily happen?

What opportunities have I had of doing good? And

how have I improved them?

What opportunities have I had of discouraging evil,

and how have I opposed it?

To these questions, you may add such others as you find useful. If you recollect the whole time of the day from your rising (for which a few minutes before your evening devotions will suffice) you will very easily be enabled to answer the preceding questions; and when you have done this, you must heartily beg God's pardon for any sins you have been guilty of, and shew yourself thankful for those blessings, respecting either this or another life, which he bath bestowed on you.

Some have written down the fins they have been guilty of, that they might again humble themselves at the time of their more solemn humiliation; which may

be farther useful; for by comparing one time with another, you will better discern the amendment of your life, and growth in christian virtue; but of the usefulness and expediency of this method, every person is left to judge for himself.

A Prayer for Sunday Evening.

Most great, most glorious, and eternal God? Thou art the sovereign Lord of heaven and earth; in whom we live, and move, and have our being, and from whom are derived all the comforts and conveniencies of this life, and all our hopes and expectations of a better.

With what awfulness and humility, with what fear and reverence, ought I to appear before thee, when I consider the greatness of thy majesty, and the purity of thy divine nature; that thou hast no pleasure in wickedness, but hatest all the workers of iniquity, and that such as be foolish shall not stand in thy sight? O Lord! I acknowledge that I am not worthy to come into thy presence, nor to lift up my eyes towards the throne of thy mercy-seat. My sins and transgressions are many, and divers of them have been often repeated: the corruption of my heart, and the sinfulness of my thoughts, are perfectly known to thee; and the punishment due unto my fins, is greater than I am able to bear.

I confess, O Lord, that I have not loved thee with that sincerity, nor served thee with that faithfulness that I ought to have done. The interests of this life have been so much my care

and concern, as to make me negligent and remiss in the great and important work of my salvation.

How many duties have I omitted, or performed with coldness and indevotion; How often have I been a hearer of thy word only, and not a doer? How often, both in publick and private, have I prayed, when my heart has been far from thee. This very day, O Lord, thou hast given me an opportunity of serving thee in thy house; but, alas! my services there have been accompanied with so many failings, so many imperfections, that I have just cause to humble myself before thee.

O Lord! if thou shouldst deal with me as I have deferved, how justly mayst thou deprive me of all those means of grace, and opportunities of working out my falvation, which thou hast hitherto vouchsafed me? But, O merciful father! thou declarest thyself to be a God merciful and gracious, forgiving iniquity, transgression, and sin. My only hope, therefore, is in thy tender mercies, which have been ever of old; and in that pity and compassion, which thou hast shewn to mankind, in the redemption of the world, by the death of thy dear son. For thy name's sake then, O Lord, and for thy beloved fon's fake, pardon, I most humbly beseech thee, all my past fins, and let not iniquity be my ruin. Forgive the deadness of my devotion; the coldness of my affections; the wanderings of my prayers; and whatever thou hast seen amiss in me. O pity my infirmities, and lay not to my charge the imperfections of my religious duties.

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Enable

Enable me, O Lord, by the affirmance of thy good Spirit, to amend whatever has been amiss, and to endeavour more and more after the attainment of all those graces and good dispositions which are necessary to render our prayers

and praises acceptable in thy fight.

O let me never fall into a careless and unconcerned state of mind; into a coldness and indifferency towards the duties of religion; but animate and enliven my sluggish heart, and cleanse it from all its defilements: O! replenish my soul with the graces of thy holy Spirit; that I may become vigorous and active in thy service,

and fruitful in every good work.

Give me, O Lord, such a lively sense and conviction of the shortness and uncertainty of this life, and of the momentous concerns of eternity; that I may not be so foolish, as to waste my precious time in an eager pursuit after the things of this world; but grant that I may employ it in such a manner as may best promote thy honour and glory, and set forward mine own salvation. O make me so wise, as to see, and know, and sollow the things, that make for my peace, lest they be hid from mine eyes, and all opportunities of reconciling myself to thee my offended God be far from me.

Let the falvation of my precious foul be my constant care and concern; grant that I may never forget the one thing needful; but give all diligence to make my calling and election sure; that endeavouring in all things to approve myfelf thy faithful servant, I may from serving thee here upon earth, be admitted, in thy good appointed

pointed time, to the praising thee eternally in thy everlasting kingdom, through the merits of my compassionate saviour and redeemer, Jesus Christ. Amen.

The Intercession.

GOD, who art loving unto every man, and whose mercy is over all thy works; I beseech thee to extend thy pity and compassion to the whole race of mankind; let the bright beams of thy gospel shine into all the corners of the earth; that those that sit in darkness may come to the knowledge and practice of thy laws, and their souls be saved in the great day of the Lord Jesus.

More particularly, O Lord, be merciful to these nations to which I belong: pardon our great and crying sins, and avert from us the evils which we have most justly deserved: put a stop to all profaneness, irreligion, and impiety; to all our unhappy strifes and animosities; and let truth and righteousness, brotherly love and cha-

rity, flourish and increase among us.

Be gracious to thy holy Catholick Church; and especially to that part of it, which thou hast planted in these kingdoms: heal the breaches and divisions of it; and grant that it may flourish and abound in true piety and virtue, peace and

charity.

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Bless especially our sovereign Lord the King, protect his person, direct his councils, prosper his government, and make him an instrument, in thy hands, of great good to these kingdoms.

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Inspire the pastors and governors of thy church, with a spirit of true religion and goodness; and make them zealous and diligent to promote it, in all those who are under their charge.

Bless the magistrates, the nobility, gentry, and commons of these realms; grant that they may all study to serve thee, and to discharge the duties of their several stations, always remembring the great account which they must one day give.

Be merciful, O God, to all that are in any affliction or diffres; that labour under poverty or persecution; under bodily pains or diseases, or under temptation or trouble of mind; be pleased, O Lord, to support and comfort them, and in thy good time to deliver them, according to thy great mercy.

Send down the graces of thy holy Spirit upon

Let this be all my friends and relations; [particularly father and mother, my brother one flands there and fifters; my dear wife and children] pardon all our fins; unite our hearts in a mutual love of each other; and vouchfafe to every one of us, (and all others that either pray for me, or defire my prayers) whatever thy infinite wisdom knows to be most needful and expedient both for our souls and bodies. Reward all those who have been any ways instrumental to my good; and forgive those that have done or wished me evil, and grant them repentance and better minds.

And now, O merciful Father, I offer up to thy divine majesty my unseigned praises, in return for all those numberless mer-

cies.

cies and benefits which thou hast vouchsafed me; more particularly I bless thy holy name for the mercies of the day past; for whatever sin I have escaped, and whatever good I have done; for preserving me in health and safety; for providing so plentifully for me; for continuing to me the enjoyments of so many comforts; and for delivering me from the evils which I have most justly deserved, and to which I am continually exposed. But above all, I bless and magnify thy holy name for the soundation of these and all thy other mercies, thy Son Jesus Christ our Lord.

O Lord, give me grace to make a right use and improvement of all thy mercies. Vouchsafe me the continuance of thy favour and protectiA prayer for God's protection the enfu-sing night.

on; take me this night under the care of thy good providence; preserve me from all evil, but especially from that of sin; keep me from sire and thieves, and from every adversity of soul and body; and after the comfortable refreshments of rest and sleep, raise me up, I humbly pray thee, in health and safety, with a heart full of love to thee, and zeal to thy service, through Jesus Christ our blessed Saviour and redeemer; in whose prevailing name, and in the fullest sense of whose words, I pray to be heard.

Our Father, &c.

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A Prayer for Monday Morning.

Lory be to thee, O great Jehovah; who to constrain us to love and obey thee, art pleased to honour every faithful soul with a near

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and intimate relation to thyself, and graciously to declare, I am the Lord thy God.

O gracious Lord, what is it possible for me to

defire more, than to have thee for my God.

If thou be my God, the relation ought to be mutual, and I must be thy servant: O be thou my God, and let me be thy servant for ever.

Glorious Jehovah! if thou be my God, and if I truly love thee; I can never suffer any creature to be thy rival, or to share my heart with thee; I can have no other God, no other love, but thee.

O infinite goodness, thou art altogether amiable; whatever is amiable besides thee, is no farther so than as it bears some impressions on it of thy amiableness: and therefore all love, all glory be to thee alone.

O thou, who only art worthy to be loved, instill into my soul so entire, reverential a love of thee, that I may love nothing but for thy sake, or in subordination to thy love: let thy love so entirely possess my soul that there may be no room for any thing else.

My God, what can a foul enamoured of thee, ever defire but thee? O let not the world, nor any thing in it, have any place in my heart; but withdraw all my affections from thence, and fix

them on thee.

O my God, thou art the great searcher of hearts, and dost not only require outward acts of duty, but the inward disposition of the heart: the heart is the chief sacrifice thou requirest; the heart is the proper seat of thy love: and therefore I wholly devote my heart unto thee.

O my God, create in me a clean heart; that

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the fountain of action being clean, the streams

may run clean alfo.

Give me a heart, O thou that only canst make the change, entirely turned to thee; that I thirsting after thee, as the wearied hart after the cool streams, may forsake all the vain complacencies of the world; refuse all societies that are lewd, impious, and uncharitable. Mortify in me all inordinate love of sensual pleasure; and grant that I may desire nothing but thee: let me have no passions, but what may become thy servant, and a disciple of the Holy Jesus.

My God, let thy heavenly love be the constant bias of my soul. O may it be the natural spring and weight of my heart; and always move to-

wards thee.

Turn thou me, O Lord, and so shall I be turned. Turn, O Lord, the whole stream of my affections from sensual loves, to the love of thee.

O take from me all affection to fin and vanity: let not my affections dwell below, but foar upwards to the element of love: grant that I may love thee, and whatever thou hatest; and know no love but the love of God, and the most

merciful Jesus.

O my God, to love and to glorify thy name, is the great end of my creation; which is still more enforced by my redemption: let it therefore be the greatest business of my whole life to love, and to glorify thee all the possible ways I can; by my mouth, by my conversation, by my publick confession of thee before men, even to death, if ever thou art pleased to call me to it,

and by engaging all I can to glorify and love O happy life! O bleffed death! which is fpent, and expires in glorifying and loving thee.

O my God, fix in my foul an habitual pure intention of thy glory in all my actions; that whether I eat or drink, or whatever I do, I may

do all to the honour of thee my beloved.

O bounteous God, to all thy favours add this one, of making me esteem thee above them all: let nothing feem pleafant to me, but that which is pleasing to thee; and let me never think any thing tedious or troublesome, that may promote thy glory.

O my good God, keep me always thine, and let nothing ever be able to divorce me from thy. Extinguish the impure flame of luft, and

whatever evil inclination thou feeft in me.

Give me, O Lord, an excellent spirit, a spirit active and vigorous in the performance of my Raise thou the power of my soul by thy duty. love; that I may love thee with all my heart, praise thee acceptably, and honour thee unfeignedly all the days of my life. Let me have no life, but in thee; no care, but to ferve, please, and enjoy thee; no ambition, but thy glory.

O my God, I humbly, I earnestly pray to thee, to give me continual supplies of thy grace; that I may continue in thy love to my life's end; that being faithful unto death, I may receive the crown of life, through the merits and mer-

cies of Jesus thy beloved. Amen, Amen.

A Prayer for Monday Evening.

O Thou great and glorious God, who takest pleasure in those that come unto thee with faith; look down, I beseech thee with pity and compassion upon me, who fall low on my knees before thee, confessing that my life has been in divers instances very provoking to thy divine

majesty.

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What shall I say unto thee, O thou preserver of men! O let the infinite merits of my dear Redeemer make satisfaction for me; and for his sake, I most earnestly beseech thee, to be merciful unto me in the pardon and forgiveness of all my sins. Lay not to my charge, O Lord, the sins which I have this day been guilty of; but let those and all other the follies of my life past, be for ever blotted out of thy remembrance; and receive me, I beseech thee, into thy favour, which I value above all the happiness of this world.

Give me a lively sense of the folly and danger of sin, that I may truly and sincerely abhor that which is evil, cleave to that which is good, and with an unwearied diligence follow after the things which make for my everlasting peace.

But, O Lord, because I am a weak and frail creature, and am encompassed about with many temptations, O do thou vouchiase to strengthen and assist me with thy grace, that through thy most mighty power, I may be enabled to withstand all the allurements of the world, the slesh and the devil; [particularly---here name the sins you are most prone to.] Let thy holy Spirit di-

drect and rule my heart, that I may think and do always fuch things as be rightful, and please thee both in will and deed.

Thou never failest to help and govern them, who fly unto thee for fuccour; O keep me, I befeech thee, under the conduct of thy good providence, and make me to have perpetual fear and love of thy holy name, that I may never dare to do any thing that will offend thee, but be at all times ready to obey thy bleffed will, and chearfully to accomplish those things which thou wouldst have me to do.

Let no difficulties or dangers in my christian warfare, affrighten me from my duty; but give me fuch a courage and resolution as will support me under all discouragements, carry me through all trials, and enable me to triumph over the great enemy of my falvation, that having by thy divine assistance fought the good fight, and finished my course, I may at last receive that crown of glory, which thou hast promised to thy foldiers and fervants, through the merits, and for the fake of the great captain of our falvation, Jesus Christ the righteous.

Extend thy mercies, O Lord, to the whole race of mankind, and in a more particular manner be gracious to this church and nation; blefs all degrees of men among us, from the highest to the lowest, and more especially thy servant, our fovereign Lord the King. And grant that every one, from the highest to the lowest, may faithfully endeavour to promote thy glory, and

the publick good.

Let thy holy Spirit di.

Look

Look with pity and compassion upon all in affliction; strengthen and support them under their troubles, and give them, in thy good time, ease and deliverance.

Bless all my friends and relations, [more particularly ***] vouchfafe to fuit thy graces and bleffings to our feveral necessities of body and foul.

And now, O Father of mercies! in an humble fense of thy great goodness, I adore and praise thy glorious majesty for all thy manifold blessings and mercies; particularly for those of the day past: I bless thee, O Lord, for whatever good I have done, and whatever evil I have escaped; for preserving me in health and safety; for providing so plentifully for me; but above all, I praise and magnify thy holy name, for the redemption of the world by the death and passion of thy dear son. O give me grace, to make a right use and improvement of these and all thy other mercies.

Be thou pleased, O Lord, still to continue to me thy favour and protection: preserve me this night from all evil, but especially from that of sin; give thy holy angels charge over me, that no evil accident may come near to hurt me; and raise me up again in health and safety, with a heart full of love to thee, and zeal to thy service, through Jesus Christ our Lord, who has taught us thus to pray.

Our Father, &cc.

A Prayer for Tuesday Morning.

Teternal God; who madest all things for man, and man for thy glory, fanctify my body and foul, my thoughts and my affections, my words and actions, my passions and intentions; that whatfoever I shall think, or do, or fpeak, may be by me defigned to the glorification of thy name, and by thy bleffing may be fuccefsful and effectual in the work of God, as far as it can be capable. Lord, turn my neceffities into virtue, the works of nature into grace; by making them orderly, regular, temperate, and subordinate to the ends of religion. And let no pride or felf-feeking, no covetoufness or revenge, no vanity or affection, no little ends or low imaginations, pollute my spirit, or unhallow any of my words or actions; but let my body be a fervant of my spirit, and both body and spirit servants of Jesus; that doing all things for thy glory here, I may be a partaker of thy glory hereafter, through Jefus Christ.

Lord, teach me to watch over all my ways, that I may never fin against thee. Set a watch before my mouth, and keep the door of my lips, that I offend not in my tongue, either against piety or charity. Teach me to think of nothing but thee, and what is in order to thy glory and service; to speak of nothing but thee, and thy glories; and to do nothing but what becomes thy servant, whom thy infinite mercy, by the graces of the holy spirit, hath sealed up to the day of redemption.

o my God, keep my love always watchful and on its guard; that I may resist all temptations to evil: keep my love warm with an habitual zeal; that I may lay hold on all seasons, occasions, and opportunities of doing good.

Let thy love, O thou that only art worthy to be loved, make me careful and industrious to perswade and engage others to love thee, and to keep thy commands, as well as myself: O let me ever be seeking occasions to excite others to adore and love thee.

I know, O holy Lord, thou needest not my service; but, I beseech thee, accept my humble desire of being serviceable to thee, and bless me but with strength and opportunities for it; and, if it may be thy holy will, with success therein.

Fill my mind, I befeech thee, with divine thoughts, that I may have fomething worthy to communicate and impart to those I converse with. Inspire my heart with the devoutest affections; that my behaviour may be a holy incentive, and may raise up holy stames in the breasts of all that are about me.

Lord, let all my actions be pious and prudent; let me be wife as a serpent, innocent as a dove; and my whole life exemplary, just; and charitable.

O my God, let all my actions speak my love and obedience to thy commandments: and thou having possessed my soul, and all my faculties, during my whole life; let me possess thy glories in the fruition of a happy eternity, through the infinite merits of my crucified Saviour.

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O holy Lord, I beseech thee, never suffer any person to have cause to accuse their relation to me, or acquaintance with me, for betraying them into fin here, or mifery hereafter: but grant that all that are under my care or power, may receive such wholsome influence from me, as may nourish all christian practice among them: and grant, O Lord, that my behaviour and example may be fuch to all, that I may never prove to any an occasion of falling. Let me never contribute any thing to that power which vice has gotten in the world; but with a fleady courage oppose all impiety, how cuftomary or fashionable soever; let me think nothing honourable, but what is good: engage, animate, and inflame my benumbed breaft, to the most eager and vigorous endeavours of receiving virtue to the esteem and reputation of all men: and let the consciousness of my former sloth and unfaithfulness in all parts of my stewardship. excite me to a more diligent and industrious improvement of all those advantages thou hast put into my hands, for thy glory, and the benefit of my neighbour, and the eternal joy of my own foul: grant this for Jesus Christ his fake.

Grant, O gracious Lord, that by an affiduous practice of my duty, I may arrive to such a gust and relish of it as may supplant all sensual delight in my own heart, and may qualify me also to let others know how sweet it is to serve the Lord: that I may be an effectual, though unworthy, instrument of drawing many to the obedience of Christ. And grant, that renouncing all the vain ambition of this world, I may aspire to no other honour, but that of being approved by thee as a good and faithful servant; that by thy mercy, having my infirmities covered, and my sincerity accepted, I may at the last be admitted into the joy of my Lord, through the merits of my blessed Lord

and Saviour Jesus Christ. Amen.

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O God, the strength of all that put their trust in thee, mercifully accept my prayers; and because, through the weakness of my mortal nature, I can do no good thing without thee; grant me the help of thy grace, that in keeping thy commandments I may please thee both in will and deed, through Jesus Christ. Amen.

A Prayer for Tuesday Evening.

Most great and glorious Lord God; who art just and terrible in thy judgments to all obstinate and rebellious sinners, but of infinite pity and compassion to such as truly repent and turn unto thee! hear, I beseech thee, the prayers of thy humble servant for pardon and

forgiveness of all my sins.

O let the infinite value of the sufferings of thy Son Jesus Christ be accepted by thee, as an atonement for all my sollies and transgressions; and for his sake, I beseech thee, to be reconciled unto me, who acknowledge my vileness, and am unseignedly sorry that I have ever offended thee, to whom I owe all the returns of love, duty, and obedience that can possibly be paid by a creature to his Creator.

Give me such a true and unfeigned repentance of all my sins, as may produce in me a thorough thorough change and amendment of life: open thou my eyes, that I may see and observe all the evil dispositions of my corrupt nature, and by the assistance of thy good spirit, may be enabled to mortify and subdue them, and to bring my mind to an entire conformity to thy blessed will.

Grant that the remembrance of my past follies and miscarriages may make me more careful of my actions for the time to come, and more watchful against those snares and temptations,

which have at any time betrayed me.

Let the confideration of thy patience and forbearance excite in my heart fuch a fincere love to thee, that neither riches nor honour, nor any thing else that this world can offer, may be ever

able to draw me from my duty.

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Convince me, O Lord, that fin is the greatest of all evils; that guilt and misery are always inseparable, and that there is no true happiness in this life, but what results from the testimony of a good conscience, and the hopes of thy favour; and grant that these momentous truths may be so deeply imprest on my mind, that I may make it the great study and care of my whole life to be of the number of those, whom thou lovest and delightest in.

Give me grace, O merciful Father, to lay afide every weight, and the fin that does so easily beset me, that I may run with patience the race which thou hast set before me. Deliver me from an immoderate care and concern for the things of this world; and give me such an entire acquiescence in thy divine will and pleasure,

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fuch a perfect dependance on thine infinite wisdom and goodness, that no envious nor discontented, no murmuring nor repining thoughts may possess my heart, but a chearful and thankful spirit may at all times rule and govern me: and whatever share of temporal good things thou shalt be pleased to give me, O give me grace to employ it to thy glory, the good of others, and the eternal benefit of my immortal soul. All which I humbly beg, for the merits and sake of thy beloved Son Jesus Christ our Lord.

Extend thy mercy, O God, to all mankind: in a more particular manner be gracious to these sinful nations; pardon our great and crying sins; avert the judgments which we have most justly deserved, and give us grace to turn from all our evil ways, that thou mayest delight to dwell among us, and mayest be our God, and we thy

people.

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Bless and preserve our sovereign lord the king; and grant that all who are in authority under him, may faithfully endeavour to promote thy glory, and the good and welfare of this church and nation.

Look with pity and compassion upon all thy afflicted servants: be a father to the fatherless, and a husband to the widow; heal the sick, supply the wants of the poor and needy; and grant to all that are in affliction, a patient submission to thy blessed will.

Bless all my friends and relations, especially ----reward all that have done me good, and forgive all that have done or wished me evil; and
veuchsafe to every one of us from the highest to

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the lowest, whatever thy great wisdom knowest to be needful both for our souls and bodies.

And now, O most merciful Father, in an humble sense of thy great goodness, I adore and praise thy glorious name for all the manifestations of thy love and kindness vouchsafed unto me.

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I bless thee for my being, for my reason, and and all the endowments and faculties of my soul and body; for my health, friends, food and rayment, and all other comforts and conveniencies of my life; for thy continual care, and watchful providence over me, through the whole course of my life; and particularly for thy preservation

the day past.

Give me grace, O Lord, I befeech thee, to make a right use and improvement of all thy bleffings; and be thou graciously pleased to take me, and all that belong to me, this night, under the care and protection of thy fatherly providence. Give thy holy angels charge over us, that no evil may come near to hurt us; and grant us refreshments of foul and body, as may enable us chearfully to go through the duties of that station wherein thou hast placed us; and when thou shalt be pleased to call us out of this world, O let us be found of the number of thy faithful fervants, through the merits of Christ Jesus, our blessed saviour and redeemer; for whom my foul does blefs and praise thee, and in whose most holy words, I sum up all our wants, faying,

A Prayer for Wednesday Morning.

Most gracious God! who art the author of all the good things that I enjoy; in thee I live, and move, and have my being; and to thy good providence I ascribe it, that I am now in health and safety, that I have enjoyed the comfortable refreshments of the night past, and that none of those evils which I have justly deserved, have come nigh me, or my dwelling; for these, O Lord, and for all thy other mercies, I desire to adore and bless thy glorious name, humbly beseeching thee to accept this my morning sacrifice of praise and thanks-giving, in and through the merits and mediation of my dear redeemer.

For his fake, O Lord, I humbly befeech thee, to pardon all my fins, and grant that a due sense of thy mercies may be so deeply impressed upon my mind, that I may love thee above all things, and manifest the sincerity of that love, by a constant and habitual care to do what is pleasing in

thy fight.

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O Lord! there is nothing that I desire so much, as to be of the number of thy faithful servants; to this end vouchsafe me the assistance of thy good spirit, to enable me to withstand the temptations of this wicked world, and with an undaunted courage and resolution, to bear up under all the trials and difficulties which I shall meet with in my christian warfare.

Grant, O Lord, that I may never have any fellowship with the unfruitful works of darkness, nor grieve thy bleffed Spirit by any impure and

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finful desires; but as I have given up myself to the service and obedience of my great lord and master. Jesus Christ; so teach me to walk in his laws, to conform myself to his precepts, and to endeavour, as much as in me lies, to imitate his example.

Let my conversation be always such as becometh the gospel; and grant that I may daily endeavour to mortify my corrupt inclinations; to cleanse myself from all filthiness of slesh and spirit, and to bring every inordinate desire to the

obedience of thy will.

Give me a heart truly honest and upright, and fo stedfast and immoveable in the ways of truth and justice, that no worldly interest or advantage, how promising or great soever, may be able

to shake my integrity.

In the use of honest and lawful means, give me grace to depend upon thy providence, and to rest contented under all the dispensations of thy infinite wisdom and goodness. And though thou shouldst see fit to deprive me of any, or even all the comforts of this life; yet, O gracious father, leave me not destitute of those things that accompany falvation; nor deny me thy favour, which is better than life itself: whatever thou art pleased to deprive me of, yet take not from me, I befeech thee, the comforts of thy holy Spirit; but in all the troubles and disappointments of this world, in all the calamities and trials I shall meet with here, be thou my only refuge and my support, my stay and my trust, my faviour and mighty deliverer. Stand by me in all trials, fuccour me in every temptation, *fupport*

fupport me in discouragements, and advise me in all difficult cases: but especially, O Lord, I most importunately beseech thee, that when the time of my dissolution draws nigh, and all things here begin to fail me, thou wouldst then vouchsafe to strengthen and support me, and at last receive me into thy blessed kingdom; through the merits, and for the sake of my eternal advocate, and mediator, Jesus Christ our Lord.

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Be thou pleased, of thy great goodness, O Lord, to continue to me thy favour and protection. Direct and guide me, fanctify and preserve me. Let thy watchful providence be my guard and defence. Keep me in thy fear all the day long, and grant that I may take nothing in hand but what is agreeable to thy bleffed will. Into thy hands I commend my foul and body, and all that are related to me, humbly befeeching thee, to keep us from all evil; to lead us into all good; and to carry us fafely through the dangers and temptations of this world, to that place of everlasting rest and peace, which thou hast prepared for thy faithful servants, through the merits of thy beloved fon Jesus Christ our Lord; in whose words I recommend the wants of all mankind, together with my own.

Our Father, &c.

A Prayer for Wednesday Evening.

O Infinite love! it is my duty and my happiness to love thee; but alas! my own sad experience teaches me, how little able I am to love.

Ah! Lord, there is a dark cloud of ignorance spread over my soul, that intercepts thy beams; I cannot clearly see, I cannot fully know, how lovely thou art.

Ah! Lord, whenever any gleams of thy loveliness break in upon my spirit, and attract my will; a crowd of strange loves importune and

tempt me to wander after them.

Since, O my God, I can of myself neither know, nor love thee; since I cannot by my own strength do those things thou requirest, nor think so much as one good thought; whither shall I sly, but only to thy free unbounded goodness? Thou art my hope, my help, and my salvation; thou only canst teach and enable me to know, and to love thy great goodness.

Oh! Lord, that I could wait and long for thy falvation. Oh! that I could so mind the things above, as to be a stranger in affections

to the things below.

Oh! that my foul could be wrapt up to heaven in defire; or that mine eyes, by the light of faith could fee but a glimpfe of the heavenly glory! How should I trample upon these poor vanities of the earth! How willingly should I endure all forrows, all torments! How scornfully should I pass by all pleasures! How should I long for my dissolution.

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I have seen enough of this earth; and have loved it too much. Oh! let me now see heaven; and love it so much the more, as the things there

are more worthy to be loved.

Alas! Lord, it is my misery, that I love my pain; how long shall these vanities thus beset me? it is thou only that canst turn away mine eyes from regarding these follies, and my heart from affecting them: thou only, who as thou wilt one day receive my soul into heaven, so now before hand canst fix my soul upon heaven and thee. Oh! carry it up therefore; thou that hast created, and redeemed it, carry it up to thy glory. Let me not always be thus dull and brutish; let not these scales of earthly affections always dim and blind my eyes: illuminate them from above; and in thy light let me see light.

My God, look down upon thy wretched pilgrim; and teach me to look up to thee, and to fee thy goodness in the land of the living. Of thou that hast prepared a place for my soul, prepare my soul for that place; prepare it with holiness; prepare it with desire; and while it sojourns on earth, let it dwell in heaven with thee, beholding ever the glorious beauty of thy face.

O'thou whom my foul loveth; fince thou halt left the world, what was there ever in it worthy of my love? Ah! let all my affections afcend after thee, and never return to the earth more; for whom have I in heaven but thee? and there is none upon earth that I defire in comparison of thee.

O most glorious God, though thou fillest all places, yet thy glory is most manifested in heaven,

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and there thy majesty does most illustriously dwell; and to thy throne there we will lift up our hearts when we pray. Let my soul therefore sly up to thee, when I pray, in heavenly thoughts, desires, and love: and let me savour nothing of earth, whenever I treat with thee of heaven.

Lord, give me grace, in imitation of the blessed spirits above, to set thee always before me. Ravish my soul with a lively sense of thy amiableness. Ah! vouchsafe me one short glimpse of thy good. Oh! that I could once taste and see how gracious thou art; that all things else might become tasteless to me: then would my desires be always slying up to thee: then should I render thee love, praise, and obedience, pure and chearful, constant and zealous, universal and uniform; like that the holy angels render thee in heaven.

O my God, let the love of thee and heavenly things to entirely possess my heart, and all my affections, that there may be no room left for earthly vanities. Fill my heart with thanksgivings for the blessings, praises of the excellencies, adoration of the majesty, and a zeal for the glory

of thee my beloved.

Oh! that I could forget all other things whenever I present myself before thee, my God; that I could ascend in my thoughts, desires, and resolutions, to heaven, where Jesus is; and when I come down again to converse with things below, could look upon them with contempt, to this end, I beseech thee, fill every faculty of my soul with devotion, that I may be possest with zeal and religious affections; loving thee above all things in this world, worshipping thee with the humblest adorations, and frequent addresses; continually feeding upon the apprehensions of thy divine sweetness and infinite excellencies, and observations of all thy righteous commandments; that at last, from this deliciousness of employment, I may pass into the society of saints and angels, whose work it is, with eternal joy and thanksgiving, to sing praises to him that sits upon the throne, to the holy spirit, and to the lamb for ever: to whom be ascribed, as is most due, all honour and praise, dominion and thanks, by all angels and all men, and all creatures; now, and to all eternity. Amen, Amen.

Refresh, O Lord! my body with quiet rest and sleep, and my soul with the consolations of thy holy Spirit; and when thou shalt think sit to take me out of this world, give me everlasting rest and

peace in thy eternal kingdom.

Grant, also I beseech thee, Almighty God, that as I do believe thine only begotton son, the Lord Jesus Christ, to have ascended into the heavens; so I may always in heart and mind thither ascend, and with him continually dwell, who liveth and reigneth with thee and the Holy Ghost, one God, world without end Amen; and who hath taught us when we pray to say, Our Father, &c.

A Prayer for Thursday Morning.

O Lord, the creator and governor of the world! thou art a God of infinite power, wisdom, and goodness, and thy tender mercies are over all thy works; I thy unworthy servant fall low on my knees before thy throne of grace,

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to renew the tribute of my humblest praise and adoration to thy great glory and glorious majesty.

Bleffed be thy name, O God, for fending thy Son our Lord Jesus Christ into the world for the redemption of mankind, and for all the benefits and advantages which I have received thereby.

Bleffed be thy holy name that I was born of christian parents, and early dedicated to thee by baptism, and for all the means and opportunities which thou hast given me of becoming wise unto salvation; for the assistance of thy good Spirit, and for inclining me so early to love and fear thee.

I thank thee, O Lord, for all the temporal blessings I have received; for that measure of health which I have enjoyed; for the many friends and relations thou hast given me; and for that competent maintenance and provision thou hast made for me. Particularly, O Lord, I bless thy holy name, that thou hast protected me the night past from the powers of darkness, and every evil accident, and hast now raised me up in health and safety to praise thy goodness.

O Lord, raise me up also, I pray thee, to newness of life, and grant me such a sense of thy goodness, as may excite in my heart a sincere love to thee, and a holy care to please and obey

thee in all things.

Pardon, I most humbly beseech thee, all my past ingratitude, and undutiful behaviour towards thee, and let me never forget the many and great obligations thou hast laid upon me to become thy faithful and obedient servant.

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I confess, O Lord, that I am not able of myfelf to please thee; but fince thou hast promised to give thy holy Spirit to them that ask it, with an humble reliance on thy most gracious promises, I beseech thee to vouchsase me his divine assistance, to enable me to do my duty towards thee and towards all men.

Endueme, O most gracious God, with a spirit of true and fervent devotion to thee my creator and redeemer; with an honest, upright, and charitable heart, towards all my neighbours; and with a contented, meek, and humble mind, in every condition and state of life, in which thou shalt

be pleased to place me.

O Lord, convince me more and more of the vanity and emptiness of all earthly enjoyments, that my heart being lifted up above the pleasures of this life it may surely there be fixed, where true joys are to be found. Grant that I may seek thy kingdom and the righteousness thereof in the first place, and prefer thy favour, and the testimony of a good conscience, before the greatest happiness this world can promise me. Let neither hopes nor fears, neither pleasure nor profit, be ever able to draw me from my duty; but being stedsaft and unmoveable, I may always abound in the work of the Lord, knowing that my labour shall not be in vain in the Lord.

And now, O Lord, I humbly pray thee to take me and all that are near and dear unto me, this day, under the care and protection of thy good providence. We are fafe so long as we are in thy hands; O let us never cast away our considence in thee, nor place it any where but in thee.

Be with us in all dangers and temptations, and keep us from all things that may hurt us; preferve us more especially from the sin that does most easily betray and ensure us. Give us such a measure of health, and other temporal bleffings as thou seest best and most fitting for us; and grant us the affistance of thy good Spirit, that in our several stations and employments, we may keep a conscience void of offence both towards thee, and towards all men, through Jesus Christ our Lord; in whose most holy words, I commend both my own and the wants and necessities of all mankind.

Our Father, &c.

A Prayer for Thursday Evening.

O all that trust in thee; look down with an eye of mercy and pity upon me, thy poor creature, who do sly to thee for succour.

Thou feest, O holy Lord, that I am set in the midst of so many and great dangers, that without thy help I cannot avoid my ruin; my ghostly enemies are every moment soliciting, inticing, alluring, or tempting me to evil: Oh! be merciful to me, save, help, and deliver me.

Thou feeft, O my God, how infirm I am; and how ready my own deceitful heart is to betray it-felf to the tempter. Alas! I justly suspect my own weakness, I fear the power and policy of my enemies; and therefore do most passionately and earnestly befeech thee, not to leave me to my-felf; but support me by thy mighty grace; and by how much the more I discover my weakness, so

fo much the more to shew forth thy power in me.

Lord, thou knowest whereof I am made; remember then that I am but flesh: and flesh, O Lord, is weak and frail; it is thy Spirit, thy Spirit alone, that can uphold me: O establish me with thy free Spirit; that no temptation may ever be able to shake my constancy; but that I may continue thy faithful and unseigned ser-

vant to my life's end.

O Lord, I befeech thee, remember the frailty of me thy poor creature, and vouchfafe to keep me thine for ever : direct by thy wisdom, sanctify by thy grace, and govern by thy providence, all the affections of my heart, and the members of my body: be pleased, O gracious Lord, to preserve me both in body and foul, from fin and danger; and affift me fo by thy grace, that I may be enabled to discharge my whole duty, and glorify thy name. Lord thou knowest that my ways are not in my own power, wherefore I commit them to thee, who art able to bring them to pass. Thou hast hitherto been my sugcour; leave me not, neither forfake me, O God of my falvation. Withold not any good thing from me, because of my unworthiness: mor deal with me as I deferve; but as I defire, and hope for. I put my trust in no other but thee; in whom no one that hath trusted, was ever difappointed, or ashamed. Oh! therefore, do not despise me; nor turn away my prayers, nor thy mercy from me; but hear me, and help me, I humbly befeech thee, for Jesus Christ his sake.

O my God, look down upon thy wretched pilgrim; and teach me to look up to thee, and to fee thy goodness in the land of the living. Thou that boughtest heaven for me, guide me thither, and for the price it cost thee, for thy mercies sake, in spite of all temptations, enlighten thou my soul, direct, and crown it.

Dear Jesus, hear me; and though satan hath desired to have me, that he may sift me as wheat; yet do thou, O blessed Mediator, pray for me, that my faith sail not. Oh! be thou my strength: I being not able of myself, to

struggle with the slightest temptations.

How often have I turned my back in the day of battle? How many times have I been a confederate with thy enemies? O my God, fuffer me no more, I befeech thee, to turn thy grace into wantonness, to make thy mercy an occasion of lecurity. Let me no more thus start aside, like a broken bow; but do thou lift up my hands that hang down, and strengthen my feeble knees, that I may faint not in this warfare. Oh! grant me power and strength to get the victory, and to triumph over the world, the flesh, and the devil; and to continue thy unfeigned fervant unto my life's end; that being faithful unto death, I may receive a crown of life, through thy merits and mercies, O holy and ever bleffed Jesus. Amen, Amen.

O God, I befeech thee mercifully to hear my prayers; protect me this night under the shadow of thy wings, and grant, that I may both perceive and know what things I ought to do; and also, may have grace and power faithfully to sulfil the same, through Jesus Christ our Lord.

Our Father, &c.

A Prayer for Friday Morning.

tance for Jesus Christ his sake.

I have finned, O Lord God, I have finned, and done evil in thy fight. I have grievously offended thee throughout the whole course of my life, by omiffions and commissions, by ignorance and prefumption, by carelefness and vanity. Lord, which of thy commandments have I not broken? Which of thy ordinances have I not profaned? Which of thy mercies have I not contemned? Ah me! my whole life hath been as one continued act of finning against thee. I pray; it is so coldly and remisly, as if I needed not, or cared not to be relieved: if I praise thee with my lips, yet my heart is far from thee. My faith is weak, my hope infirm, my charity little, my real good works none at all. My thoughts are often vain, and my words triffling, impertinent, and useless; my actions are unprofitable, and wicked.

Thus, O Lord, I am become out of measure sinful: and since I have thus chosen death, I am unworthy to partake of thy happiness. But do thou, O my God, deliver me from the second death, the lake of sire and brimstone. I have given thee just cause to let loose thy wrath and

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indignation against me, which will be to my ut-

ter ruin, if thy mercy do not help me.

Lord, I acknowledge my guilt, and my fin is ever before thee. I befeech thee, O Lord, to have mercy upon me; and fince my necessity forces me to be importunate, again I cry, have mercy upon me. I know thou art a most merciful father; and therefore, though by my fins I am unworthy to be called thy child, yet I hope thy bowels will yearn on me. I prostrate myself before thee, begging of thee, for thy dearly beloved son, my Lord Jesus Christ his sake, and by the merits of his cross and passion, to forgive me freely and fully all that is past, from the beginning of my life to this moment.

My God, I humbly, I earnestly beg mercy, pardon and forgiveness for all my sins; Oh! be thou graciously pleased to remit them all, and to receive me into thy favour, for Jesus Christ

his fake. Amen.

Lord, make me an instance of thy mercy: and grant, that when I have received so excellent and undeserved a favour, I may, as I earnestly hope I shall, for ever after beware of falling back into the like sin and misery. Convert me, O gracious God, as well as pardon me; and enable me most obediently to serve, and most entirely to please thee, by spending the rest of my time in newness of life, and all holy conversation. Heal all my backslidings, repair all my breaches, mortify all my irregular and inordinate desires; and sanctify me throughout both in soul and body. Oh! give me hearty repentance, and sincere contrition for all my sins past; and give

give me thy preventing and restraining grace for the future; and let me never wilfully offend

thee any more.

O Lord, hear me, and graciously answer me; and let me not go from thy presence without a blessing; a blessing of pardon and peace, a blessing of thy spirit and of thy grace. Ah! speak prace to my poor heart; and let me know and feel that thou forgivest me. Turn not thy merciful ears from my prayers; but hear me, and help me, pardon and accept me; and do for me, and for all thy servants, abundantly above what we can ask or think, for Jesus Christ his sake: to whose intercession for me do thou say, Amen; and it shall be to me according to thy word. Amen, Amen.

A Form of General Intercession.

Description of the Eather of our Lord Jesus Christ, and the God of all mercy, relieving all that sly to thee for help; hear the humble prayers of me thy poor servant, who am unworthy to ask any petition for myself, yet in duty am bound to pray for others. Oh! despise me not for my unworthiness, cast not out my prayers, nor turn thy mercy from me; but hear me, and help me, and accept my poor petitions, for Jesus Christ his sake.

Let thy mercy, O Lord, descend upon the whole race of mankind, however distressed, or wheresoever dispersed over the sace of the whole earth: enlighten all that sit in darkness; all Jews, Turks, Insidels, Atheists, and Hereticks: and bring all sinners to true repentance before it

be too late. Let that grace of thine, O God, which bringeth falvation, effectually appear to every one of us; teaching us to deny all ungodliness and worldly lusts, and to live soberly, righteously, and godly in this present evil world.

And in these realms and dominions, I beseech thee, in a special manner, ever to bless thy servant, our sovereign Lord the King: preserve his person, and prosper his reign; endue him with all those gifts and graces which may make him a terror to evil works, and a great promoter of thy glory: make his government a lasting blessing to these kingdoms; that under him we may lead quiet and peaceable lives, in all godliness and honesty.

Bless him, and all his royal relations, with a great measure of all temporal good things, and

with eternal glory in the world to come.

And let thy bleffing, O Lord, be upon all orders and degrees of men among us, from the highest to the lowest. Bless all the nobility with true piety, firm loyalty, and uncorrupted policy. Grant that they may excel others as much in goodness, as in greatness; and make them all signal instruments of thy glory, and examples of every divine grace and virtue.

Bless all the judges and magistrates with upright hearts, fearing thee, and hating covetous-

ness.

Bless the gentry and commonalty with hearts religious towards thee their God, loyal towards thee their God, loyal towards their King, and loving and charitable to each other.

Bless that part of thy church, which thine own right hand hath planted, and hitherto (blessed be thy name) so mercifully protected amongst us: Lord, water it with the dew of thy heavenly blessing, that it may spring and slourish still more and more, to thy glory. Assert thine own truth, O God, and maintain thine own cause in the world; and suffer not foolish men to blaspheme thy name.

Bless, O Lord, this great city with prosperity and peace: open our eyes to see, and incline our hearts, in good earnest to regard the great things which truly belong to our peace; and let us never provoke thee to hide them from

our eyes.

Have mercy, O God, upon this finful land and nation: in mercy pardon our many great and crying fins, compose our unhappy differences, root out all errors and heresies; and establish and settle us upon foundations of truth

and peace, never to be shaken.

Remove the evils we still lie under; avert those we have just cause to fear: and however thou shalt think sit to correct us for our sins; yet never deprive us of the means of our reformation. Leave us not to ourselves, to the lusts of our own hearts; but appoint what thou seest most sit to reduce us: do thou, O Lord, by the sweet infinuations of thy blessed Spirit, subdue our obstinate perverseness; and grant unto us thy heavenly grace, that we may not turn again to our sins.

O thou, to whom all things are possible, who hast done so great things for us, work yet a greater

greater miracle in us; and of a profane and ungrateful nation, make us a holy people, acceptable to thee. Let all ranks and conditions of men as univerfally and industriously combine to propitiate, as they had done to provoke thee; that so, by bringing forth fruits of repentance, we may escape thy wrath, both temporal and eternal.

Have mercy upon all the fons and daughters of affliction; whether diftressed in body or mind: do thou, O most gracious Lord, in thy good time, comfort and relieve them, and cause the broken bones again to rejoice: those that are troubled or persecuted for conscience, good Lord, support and comfort them under their sufferings; and grant them a happy deliverance out of all their troubles: those that are afflicted in body, good Lord, give them ease; make thou all their beds in their sickness; Lord, visit them with thy salvation; restore them to joy, peace, and comfort, if it be thy blessed will; pardon their sins, and save their souls, for Jesus Christ his sake.

Bless thine own portion, the ministers of thy facred word and ordinances (particularly those to whom I am most obliged) make them all burning and shining lights, that they may adorn that holy religion they profess, and put to silence the ignorance of foolish men; and by their good preaching and holy living, promote the glory of thy name, and the good of souls.

And now, Lord, let thy bleffing, I befeech thee, be upon me, and all my near relations and friends, neighbours and acquaintance [par-

ticularly---]

ticularly---] Lord, thou knowest all our conditions, all our desires, all our wants: Oh! be thou graciously pleased to suit thy graces and blessings to our several necessities of soul and

body.

May thy holy Spirit guide our souls, and thy providence minister to our necessities. Let all things happen to us in that order and disposition, which may best promote thy greatest glory and our duty, our likeness to Christ, and the honour of this kingdom. And let thy grace and mercy preserve us from the bitter pains of eternal death, and bring us to eternal life,

through our Lord Jesus Christ.

Hear me, O Lord, and graciously answer me, I humbly beseech thee; and do for me, and all thy servants, abundantly above what we are able to ask or think. Hear me for them, and hear them for me; and hear thy Son our Lord Jesus Christ for us all: in considence of whose merits, and hope of his mediation, I present these supplications to thee, for his sake, that they may be acceptable in thy sight, and may obtain thy savour and blessing, even all that thou seest necessary for our souls and bodies, in order to thy glory, and our salvation. Amen.

O bleffed Jesu! thou that sittest at the right hand of God, using all thy powerful interest there, in behalf of thy servants; I beseech thee, join thy powerful intercessions, with my humble suits, to the throne of grace; that for thy sake I may be heard and accepted. Amen, Amen.

A Prayer for Friday Evening.

OST great, most holy, and most glorious Lord God! thou hast created the heavens and the earth, and all things that are therein; thou upholdest them all by the power of thy word, and the host of heaven praiseth thee: What am I, that should presume to speak unto thee, or to lift up my eyes to that place of purity where thou dwellest?

O Lord! thou hatest iniquity with a perfect hatred, yet I am affured, that thou delightest in the ways of mercy; that thou art a tender lover of souls; and not only permittest, but invitest us, miserable creatures, to come unto thee.

With humble confidence, then, O Lord, I lift up my foul unto thee, befeeching thee, in much mercy to look upon me, and to ease me of the burthen of my corrupt and finful inclinations: O cast me not away from thy presence; but for the fake of my dear redeemer, receive me gracioully to thy mercy; and let the merit of his bitter death and passion, atone for all the follies and miscarriages of my life past. Forgive, I meekly befeech thee, whatever I have done amiss this day, and all my life past, either against thee, my neighbour, or myself; O cleanse me from all my fecret and unknown transgressions: And, O merciful father, grant that I may seriously consider and reflect upon the foulness and deformity of fin; and what dreadful threatnings thou hast denounced against it; that I may become a true and fincere mourner for my past fins, and, as far as it is possible, redeem my mispent fpent time, by employing the remainder of my days in thy fervice, and to thy glory. O make me wife unto falvation, and give me that hatred and abhorrence of fin and iniquity, that I may abstain from every kind and fort of evil.

Give me, O Lord, a new heart, new affections, and new defires; that I may love thee with more fincerity, and ferve thee with greater faithful-

ness than I have ever yet done.

Convince me of the vanity and uncertainty of all Things here below, and grant that I may make thee my only joy and my delight, my stay and my trust, my guide and my counsellor; and be so delighted with the ways of thy commandments, that one day in thy service may be dearer to me than a thousand spent in vanity and folly.

Teach me, O Lord, so to number my days, that I may apply my heart unto true wisdom; and grant that in the days of health and prosperity, I may consider my latter end, and remember and provide for that great account which I must one day give before the judgment-seat of Christ; that when the hour of my departure shall come, I may meet death without fear and amazement; and with a well grounded hope of thy mercy and goodness, may chearfully resign up my soul into thy hands; and may be willing and even desirous to leave this world, when thou, my God, in thy great wisdom shall see it sitting.

O Lord! let me never be separated from thee; but grant that I may be of the number of thy faithful and obedient servants, who are united to thee by grace and good works in this life, and will hereafter live with thee in endless bliss and

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happiness,

happiness, through the merits, and for the sake of thy beloved Son Jesus Christ, our Lord and

only Saviour.

O Lord, to thy merciful providence I commend the wants and necessities of all mankind; cause the light of thy glorious gospel to shine in all the dark corners of the earth. In a more especial manner, I pray for the good and welfare of this church and nation to which I belong, beseeching thee to pardon all our sins, to turn away thy displeasure from us, and to make us a peculiar people zealous of good works.

Protect and defend our fovereign Lord the King, and grant that under him we may lead quiet and peaceable lives, in all godliness and

honesty.

Bless the work of faith, and labour of love of all those who zealously endeavour to stop the torrent of vice, and to promote the interest of

virtue and true religion among us.

Hear the cry of the poor and needy, give ease to those that are under any affliction of mind or body, and lay not more upon them than thou wilt enable them to bear.

I pray thee, in a more especial manner, to be gracious to all my friends and relations, and more particularly to ------ O Lord! thou art thoroughly acquainted with all our wants, O vouchfafe to give us what thou seest best and most fitting both for our souls and bodies.

Accept, O merciful Father, of my unfeigned praises for all thy bleffings spiritual and tempo-

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My health and safety, and all the comforts of my life, proceed from thy bounty and goodness: to thee therefore, I ascribe all possible praise and thanksgiving, humbly beseeching thee to grant me the continuance of thy mercy and goodness.

Take me, and---and all that belong to me this night, under the care and protection of thy good providence. Preserve us from all perils and dangers, and all apprehension or dread of any. Give us such refreshing rest and sleep, as may sit us for the Duties of the day following; and if thou art pleased to add another day to our lives, grant that we make a right use and improvement of it, to thy glory, and the benefit of our immortal souls, through Jesus Christ our Lord, who in compassion to our infirmities, hath taught us thus to pray,

Our Father, &c.

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A Prayer for Saturday Morning.

Most blessed and most glorious Lord God, who art of infinite goodness and mercy! thy creature whom thou hast made, and to this moment hast preserved, do now present myself before thee, to offer up the morning sacrifice of my unseigned praises and thanksgivings; thy mercies are renewed to me every morning, and thy goodness follows me all the day long; thou ristest me in the night season, and every moment of my life is a new instance of thy mercy.

It is by thy goodness, O Lord, that I have his night slept secure, and am now raised up in ealth and safety. Praised therefore be thy ame, O God, for of thee only cometh my salva-

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tion; thou art the God of my health, my faviour, and mighty deliverer; as long as I live I will magnify thee, O Lord, for a joyful and pleafant thing it is to be thankful. O give me a heart always tuned to thy praises, which is my happi-

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ness as well as my duty.

Imprint on my mind fuch a deep fense of thy mercies, that I may never provoke thee to withdraw thy favours from me: let not the bleffings thou bestowest on me, make me in love with this world: let neither covetousness nor ambition; neither pride nor vanity; neither a contempt of others, nor a fond conceit of myself, be the effects of thy loving kindness towards me; but endue me with fuch an humble and contented mind, fuch a meek and refigned spirit, such a quiet and peaceable temper and behaviour, as becomes a creature and a finner; O let the confideration of my unworthiness suppress in me all proud and afpiring thoughts, and all covetous and ambitious desires; that being meek and lowly in my own eyes, I may find rest unto my foul, and be filled with that grace, which thou haft promised to the humble.

Fit and prepare me, O Lord, for every condition and change, but especially for my great and last change. Strengthen my faith in the time of sickness and trial, and forsake me not when my strength faileth me. Let thy merciful ears, O Lord, be open to my prayers; and spare me O Lord most holy, O God most mighty, O holy and merciful saviour, thou most worthy judge eternal; suffer me age at my last hour, through

any pains of body, or weakness of mind, to let go

my dependance upon thee.

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O let not the cruel enemy of fouls affrighten me with terrors; but give thy holy angels charge over me; and let the confolations of thy holy spirit fortify my mind, and dissipate my fears, and be a reviving cordial to my soul at that

last and momentous period of my life.

O Lord, leave me not to myself in that time of distress, when I shall stand in so much need of thee. Give me an unseigned repentance of all my sins, great love to thee, and charity to my neighbours, an entire submission to thy blessed will, and (if thou sees fitting) some fore-taste and assurance of my salvation. But if thou, in thy great wisdom, shall not see sitting to vouchsafe me so great a mercy; yet, O gracious Father, let me not fail in the great day of judgment to hear that blessed sentence pronounced unto me, "well done, thou good and faithful servant, enter thou into thy master's joy." Grant this, O most gracious God, for thy mercies sake in Jesus Christ our Lord.

Be with me, O Lord, this day, in my going out and coming in; preserve me from the dangers of evil company; from the deceitfulness of my own heart; and defend me more especially from those sins that are most apt to be-

tray and enfnare me.

Let thy bleffing accompany all my honest labours and endeavours, and vouchsafe me such a measure of health, and other temporal mercies, as thou seest best and most fitting for me. I defire, O Lord, to leave myfelf, and all my affairs in thy hands, humbly befeeching thee to take me, and all that belong to me, under the care and protection of thy good providence, and so to bless, direct, and guide us in this life, that we may at last obtain that greatest of all blessings, the eternal salvation of our immortal souls, through the merits, and for the sake of thy dear Son, and our only Saviour, Jesus Christ the righteous; in the full extent of whose words, I desire to be heard for myfelf and all mankind.

Our Father, &c.

A Prayer for Saturday Evening.

Office the God bleffed for evermore; I thine unworthy fervant adore thy glorious majesty, acknowledging my dependence upon thee, and that all I have proceeds from thine infinite bounty and goodness.

Thou hast shewn thyself a most kind and indulgent father; but alas! I have been an undutiful and disobedient child, and have made very ungrateful returns for these innumerable mercies and favours which thou hast bestowed

upon me.

O Lord, my conscience accuses me of having done many things contrary to thy blessed will; of having acted foolishly and wickedly, contrary to my best and greatest interest.

I am sensible, O Lord, that the greatest concernments of this world are as nothing, when compared with eternity; and yet, how apt am I to grow careless and remiss in the great and important work of my salvation, and to suffer my affections to be carried away after the things of this life.

O Lord, the wages, and defert, and punishment of sin, is death; but thou art infinite in mercy, and willest not the death of a finner; remember then, I befeech thee, thy tender mercies; and for the fake and merits of my dear Redeemer, have mercy upon me, and be not angry with me for ever. Accept of that full, perfect and fufficient facrifice, which thy beloved fon offered upon the crofs; and through the merit of his bitter death and passion, pardon all my fins; * * particularly those which I have this day committed. O Lord, give me an interest in the blood of that immaculate lamb Jesus Christ; and grant that I may never render those fufferings which he underwent for finners, ineffectual to the falvation of my foul.

Give me grace, seriously to consider that it is my indispensible duty to forsake every evil way. Possess my soul with just and lively apprehensions of the infinite disproportion there is between this world and the next; that I may make a right use and improvement of all those gracious opportunities which thou art pleased to give me, of working out my salvation, and securing an inheritance in that kingdom, which is to last for ever.

Let no temptations or allurements divert me from fecuring the interest of my precious foul; whatever else I leave undone, let that be my great care and concern, the first and last of all

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my thoughts, and the chief business and employ-

ment of my whole life.

O Lord! fuffer not the affairs and business which I am engaged in, to draw my affections from heaven and heavenly things; but grant, that I may so pass through things temporal, as not to lofe the things that are eternal, and that in all the concernments of this life, I may govern myself by the rules of temperance and fobriety, justice and honesty, prudence and moderation, and with an entire trust and dependance on thy fatherly care and good providence; that having always before my eyes that great account which I must one day give, I may never dare to do any thing that may dishonour thy name; nor be so wretchedly foolish, as to purchase any happiness in this world at the expence of thy favour: but that making thy laws the rule of all my actions, I may approve myself to thee, as becometh thy fervant; by being zealous and devout in thy fervice; kind and charitable towards my neighbour; by being meek and patient, quiet and peaceable, humble and inoffensive towards all men; and, as far as in me lies, ufeful and beneficial to the world; that fo glorifying thee here upon earth, I may at my departure hence, enter into the joy of my Lord, and be for ever glorified in thy heavenly kingdom, through Jesus Christ, my only saviour and redeemer.

Be gracious, O most merciful God, to the whole race of mankind, pity the deplorable state of those that know thee not, and have never heard of thy name. Reform the wicked and impeni-

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impenitent, and let all that name the name of Christ depart from iniquity.

Bless our sovereign Lord the King, and grant that under him we may lead quiet and peaceable

lives in all godliness and honesty.

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Be mindful, O Lord, of all that are in any affliction or distress. Relieve and comfort those that suffer for the testimony of a good conscience, or that labour under the torments of a wounded spirit. Let the sorrowful sighing of the afflicted come before thee, and deliver them in thy good time out of all their troubles.

Let every one of my friends and relations, O God, be of the number of those whom thou lovest and delightest in. Defend them from the evils and temptations of this world, and grant them whatever thou seest needful both for their fouls and bodies.

To these my prayers and intercessions, I desire to add my unseigned praises for all thy blessings, spiritual and temporal. I bless thee more particularly for the mercies of the day past; for preserving me in health and safety; and delivering me from the evils which I have most justly deferved.

Give me grace to make a right use and improvement of all thy mercies; and vouchsafe, O Lord, to continue to me thy gracious favour and protection. Be thou pleased of thy great goodness to take me, [and my dear wife and children] and all that belong to me, this night, under the care of thy good providence. Defend us from all perils and dangers; and after the comfortable refreshments of rest and sleep, raise us up

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in health and safety, with hearts full of love to thee and zeal to thy service, through Jesus Christour Lord, in the fullest sense of whose words I pray to be heard;

Our Father, &c.

PRAYERS for young Persons and Servants.

A Prayer for a Child, to be used Morning and Evening.

LORD, my most loving Saviour and merciful Redeemer, who commandest that little children should come unto thee, and didst take them up in thine arms, lay thy hands upon, and bless them; look graciously upon me, who am one of thy children devoted to thy fervice. Have compassion on the weakness of my tender years, and keep me from all evil and danger both in body and foul; make me always mindful of my creator in the days of my youth, and of that baptismal vow that was made in my name, that I should forsake the devil and all his works, the pomps and vanities of this wicked world, and all the finful lusts of the flesh. Make me dutiful to my parents, loving to my relations, obedient to my governors and instructors, and courteous and humble to all, that as I grow in years, I may grow in grace and wisdom, and be in favour with God and man. Guide and fanctify me by thy holy Spirit, that the longer I live, the better I may be, to the comfort of my parents, the honour and glory of thee my God, and

A Morning Prayer for a young Person. 101 and my own happiness both here and hereafter; and this I beg, for the sake of Jesus Christ. Amen. Our Father, &c.

A Morning Prayer for a young Person.

Deternal God and heavenly Father, thou art the kind author of our being; be thou the gracious guide of my life: my age is simple and unexperienced; O be thou pleased to inspire me with true wisdom from above, that it may guide and direct me in all my ways. I am come into a world full of snares and temptations, O do thou fill me with the knowledge and love of thy truth, that it may keep me from the ways that lead to destruction.

I render thee unfeigned thanks for all the bleffings I daily receive from thee, and for thy particular preservation and refreshment of me this night past.

O Lord, have thou mercy upon me, and forgive me all my fins; and give me grace to flee all youthful lufts, and to remember thee my

creator in the days of my youth.

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O possess my heart with the fear of thee, and a dependance upon thee. Let me always walk as in thy presence, considering I must one day die (I know not how soon) and render an account of all the actions of my life. Possess also my heart, O my God, with that natural tenderness for my parents, and those that have the care of me, and with that christian sense of my duty towards them, that my language may be respectful, my actions dutiful, and my whole behaviour such that I may not increase the burthen and

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102 An Evening Prayer for a young Person.

care of their life, but prove a comfort and bleff-

ing to them.

Bless me, O Lord, in my learning, and deliver me from sloth and idleness, and ill company, and from all dangers both of body and soul, and help me daily to increase in know-

ledge, and wifdom, and all virtue.

I commend to thy divine providence, [my father and mother, my brethren and fifters] all my friends and relations, and all this family, and all mankind: vouchfafe us, O gracious God, all those graces and blessings which thou knowest to be most needful for us.

Unto thee, O my God, do I dedicate my foul and body, befeeching thee to take them into thy care and protection, that they may be always employed in thy service, and to thy glory; that having served thee faithfully in this life, I may at last obtain life everlasting, through the merits and mediation of my blessed saviour and redeemer Jesus Christ our Lord; in whose holy name and words I sum up my own, and the wants of all mankind. Our Father, &c.

As Evening Prayer for a young Person.

Almighty God, and merciful Father, who willingly hearest the prayers of all those that call upon thee faithfully; I humbly beseech thee to pardon whatsoever thou hast seen amiss in me this day, in my thoughts, words, or actions. [Here mention particulars] Assist me, O God, in making it my constant endeavour to result and conquer every evil inclination within me, and every temptation from without. Help

An Evening Prayer for a young Person. 103

Help me daily to increase in the knowledge and love of thee my God, and of my saviour Jesus Christ.

Shew me the way in which I should walk, whilst I am young; and grant I may never part

from it.

Bless to me, I pray thee, whatsoever good instructions have at any time been given me; help me carefully to remember them, and seriously to practise them; that I may be ever growing in

knowledge, in wifdom, and in goodnefs.

Bless and defend our most gracious sovereign Lord the King, and all the royal family; and all orders of men, among us, from the highest to the lowest: Lord, give them all grace in their several stations, to be instrumental to thy glory,

and the publick good.

Accept, O Lord, of my humblest praise and thanksgiving for all the goodness thou hast this day, or at any time, shewed me; for all the helps of preventing or restraining grace thou hast vouchsafed me; for whatever I have done, which is in any measure acceptable to thee; for whatever progress I have made in learning; for thy preservation of me from all the miseries and dangers which frail mortality is every moment exposed to; particularly for---[Here mention any particular mercy.]

I humbly commit my foul and body to thy care this night, begging thy gracious protection

and bleffing.

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And all these mercies and blessings which I ask for myself, I heartily desire for all my relations and friends, and for all mankind. Let it please

please thee to guide us all in this present life, and to conduct us fafe to thy heavenly kingdom, through Jesus Christ our Lord and Saviour; in whose most holy name and words, I conclude these my imperfect prayers.

Our Father, &c.

A Prayer for Scholars before Study.

Incomprehensible creator, the true fountain of light, and only author of all knowledge; who out of the treasure of thy wisdom hast with wonderful harmony disposed and ordered all the parts of the world; vouchfafe, I befeech thee, to enlighten my understanding with the rays of thy brightness, and drive from me all darkness of fin and Ignorance. Thou, who makeft eloquent the tongues of those that want utterance, instruct my tongue, and pour on my lips the grace of thy bleffing. Give me a diligent and obedient spirit, quickness of apprehending, cal pacity of retaining, and the continual affiftance of thy holy grace, that I may apply all to thy honour, and the everlasting salvation of my own foul, through Christ our Lord. Amen.

The bleffing of God the Father, the grace of Jefus Christ our Lord, and the comfort of the Holy Ghost, be with us, and dwell in our hearts

Amen. for ever.

A Morning Prayer for a Servant.

LORD my God, the great creator and preserver of all mankind; I bless and praise thy holy name for all thy mercies to my foul and body: thou hast given me another day, O give me grace to spend it to thy honour and glory: enable me to work in it the work for which thou hast sent me into the world, before the night of death cometh, wherein I cannot work; that I may not increase the number of my transgressions, by running heedlessy or know-

ingly into the commission of any sin.

O God, the witness of all my actions, and judge of all my thoughts and affections; what would become of me, if thou should'st enter into strict judgment with me? How should I stand before thy tribunal, covered with guilt and shame of my sin? Lord, I repent, increase thou my repentance; I repent of——[Here mention those sins which most burden thy conscience.] O be thou reconciled unto me, and pardon me, for the sake of Jesus Christ; and not only pardon my sins, but deliver me from the power and dominion of them.

I am conscious to myself of great weakness and frailty; O do thou confirm and strengthen me; create in me a clean heart, O God, and renew a right spirit within me: Give me a true faith, and insluence my heart with a holy love; that I may delight in thy commandments; that I may walk before thee in uprightness and fear, in faithfulness and honesty; constantly and chearfully depending upon thee; and doing the duty of my place, not with eye service, but with singleness of heart, as knowing that I shall be accountable to thee at the last day, as well for these duties which I owe my master and mistress, as for those which are more immediately to be paid to thee.

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O Lord, I befeech thee, keep me from all opprobrious and reproachful language; from all lying and flandering; and from all unjust and deceitful actions. Make me always thankful, humble, and contented, neither withholding from thee the praise due to thy infinite bounty and mercy; nor from man the thanks due to him, for any act of kindness or charity towards me. Help me O my God, so to walk before thee, that my soul may enjoy a true liberty; that my life may be full of comfort, my death of peace; and that I may obtain eternal glory, through Jesus Christ our Lord.

Bless this whole family to which I belong; sow in all our hearts the seeds of unfeigned charity, that we may all enjoy the comforts of a mutual affection, and of a mutual assistance and

aid in our feveral places.

Posses us with a just sense of duty towards thee, and towards man; that we may be living members of thy blessed son; and grant, that being protected by thy good providence, directed by thy word, and assisted by the instuence of thy holy Spirit, we may meet in the samily of heaven, where we shall adore and praise thee, love and enjoy thee to all eternity, through Jesus Christ our Lord; in whose most holy name and words, I continue to pray. Our Father, &c.

An Evening Prayer for a Servant.

O MY God, my strength, and the rock of my salvation, how does my soul praise thee, for thy great goodness, and all the precious promises of thy gospel!

But,

But, O my God, I have forgotten thee, though thou hast given me my being; I have forgotten thee, though thou gavest thine own son to redeem me; not only to free me from the punishment due to my sins, but from slavery and dominion of them, and to procure for me life eternal.

I have feared the displeasure of man, whose breath is in his nostrils, more than I have feared

thine.

O thou just and holy judge of mankind! I have been more sollicitous for the bread that perishes, than for thy favour, which is better than life itself.

I have finned against my knowledge, thy word, and the motions of thy holy Spirit. I have been apt to repine and murmur at thy providence, and to be discontented with my condition. [Here mention thy particular sins.]

But I repent, O my God, of all my fins, and humbly beg the affiftance of thy grace, that I may do works meet for repentance, and ferve thee in truth, and with an upright heart, all the

days of my life.

Have mercy upon me, O Lord, have mercy upon me, and forgive me all my offences; and give me grace to keep upon my watch and guard against them. Enable me sincerely to endeavour to reform and amend my life, that I may every day grow and increase in goodness, and be so much the fitter for death the nearer I approach to it: and whenever it comes, let it find me, O Lord, in a disposition and frame of spirit fit to die: having an unshaken faith, an humble resignation and

and fubmission, an holy contempt of earth and a devout love of heaven.

Thou hast called me to be a servant, but thou hast called me to be an heir of eternal life; O give me grace to be contented, and faithfully to

discharge my duty.

Do thou, who never slumberest nor sleepest, watch over me, and this whole family; let thine angels pitch their tents about us this night; let our sleep be sweet and refreshing to us, for Jesus Christ his sake; in whose most holy name and words, I beg all things needful both for myself, and all mankind; particularly all that I am in any way bound to pray for. Our Father, &c.

Though these prayers are all that are particularly provided for the use of servants; yet it is hoped, they will not look upon themselves excused from using others; but that when they have leisure and opportunity, they will make use of some of the morning and evening prayers for private persons, as well as some of the other prayers, in the last part of this collection.

A Grace before Meat.

BLESS, O Lord, unto us, the use of these thy creatures; make us to receive them soberly and thankfully, and in the strength of them that serve thee faithfully, through Jesus Christ. Amen.

A Grace after Meat.

O God who hast created us by thy power, preserved us by thy providence, redeemed us by thy blood; and at this time fed us with thy good creatures, thy holy name be blessed and praised now and evermore.

Amen.

The END of PART I.

IONS INSTRUC



MENTAL

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EDITATION confifting of confiderations on the great truths of christianity, pious affections and manifold elevations of the foul to God, and ferious refolutions of devoting one's felf to him, is allowed to be one of the most important exercises of a christian life, and such as ought to be performed daily, by as many as would ferve God in good earnest. The time most proper for it is in the morning. The most proper place one's closet, or what other place one can be most recollected in. The chief fubjects to be meditated on, especially for beginners are, the end for which we came into this world: the benefit of God, and the many motives we have to love and ferve him: the vanity of the honours, riches, and pleasures of this life; and how very suddenly all these things vanish away: the enormity of fin, and the multitude of our own fins in particular: the certainty of death; and the necessity of preparing for it: the account that we must one day give of our whole lives to an all-feeing judge: the eternal joys of heaven, and the eternal torments of hell: the presence and majesty of God: the life and death of Jefus Christ: the examples of his faints: the state of our own interior, in order to the knowledge of ourselves, our passions and our vices, &c. G 2

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The method of meditation is as follows: first, place yourself in the presence of God, by a lively faith that he sees and beholds you, and is most intimately present in the very centre of your soul; prostrate yourself in spirit before him, to adore this sovereign Lord, whose majesty sills heaven and earth; make an offering of your whole behaviour to him; and humbly beg his pardon for all your past treasons and sins.

Secondly, Implore with fervour and humility his light and grace, that you may perform this important

exercise as you ought.

Thirdly, Consider attentively upon the subject which you have chosen for your meditation (which you ought to have prepared over night) and let the truths of heaven fink deep into your soul. Dwell most upon such points as you find yourself most affected with.

fections of the love of God, of gratitude for his benefits, repentance for your fins, and the like, which are the principal parts of mental prayer, and what you

ought most to insist upon.

Fifthly, From these affections pass on to good resolutions of a serious amendment of your life, particularly with regard to such failings as you are most subject to: and determine with yourself to begin that very day to put these good purposes in execution on such occasions as shall offer.

Sixthly, Conclude by thanksgiving to God for the affections and resolutions he has given you; offer them

to him, and beg his bleffing on them.

Seventhly, Lay up in your mind fuch points of your meditation as have touched you most, and oftentimes

in the day reflect upon them.

Eighthly, Such as find difficulty in meditation may help themselves by using some good book, reading leisurely, and pausing upon what they read, and drawing proper affections and resolutions from it.

MEDITATION I.

Of Sins.

God, most noble and most beautiful: but thou by living wickedly and carelesty, has most dishonourably defiled it, and made it vile, fordid, and abominable. For the deformity of sin is greater than any visible deformity.

And indeed, so great is the enormity of a sinful course of life, which deserves eternal damnation, that by right we ought to humble ourselves for it all our days to the very dust, even beneath

brute beasts.

angels

2. Thou wast made to this end, that thou shouldst exhibit observance and reverence to thy most high, most worthy, and most bountiful creator, and that thou shouldst love and praise him: but by sinning thou hast averted thyself from him, and converted thyself to the love of vain and perishable creatures, and so hast made thyself unworthy of his favour, and worthy of eternal punishments.

Wherefore deservedly thou should strive to bewail thyself, and lament the evils by which thou hast offended thy Lord God, with both in-

provent ber

ward and outward tears.

3. Wherefore call to mind, as well as thou canst, in the bitterness of thy soul, all thy more grievous sins, which thou hast committed from thy childhood, to this very moment, by works, words, and thoughts.

-told fine us is manifed in Locifer; and in the

Notwithstanding, thou must not stay long upon the sins of the slesh, which thou hast committed, least such an imagination breed in thee some harmful delight.

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Run over diligently year after year, or day after day, or time after time. Call to mind the places in which thou wast; the persons with whom thou livedst; and the state and office which thou hadst. Ponder how often thou hast repeated thy wicked ways.

Paint to thyself, as it were, a striking portrait of all thy sins, that, as often as thou shalt view it, thou mayest easily see the crimes and wickednesses of thy former life; and mayest therefore blush, be contrite, and humbled.

·4. Exaggerate and agravate thy fins, by which thou, a despicable and vile man, hast dishonoured the Creator of heaven and earth, and Lord of highest majesty, and hast done him an infinite affront; and after a certain manner hast crucified Christ again: who, notwithstanding, has always most bountifully done thee good, and preferved thee.

Pondering well this thy pride, perverfness, and ingratitude; humble, cast down, and put thyself beneath all the men in the world; yea beneath all creatures, esteeming thyself the vilest of all, and unworthy, whom the earth should sustain, but worthy whom hell should swallow up, unless the mercy of God interposed.

5. Ponder how much God detests and punishes fins, so that by his terrible and just judgment, he has damned eternally very many, for one fingle sin; as is manifest in Lucifer, and in the angels

angels that consented to him. It is manifest also, how much God was offended by one only transgression, which our first parents Adam and Eve committed.

Now, what ought to have been done with thee, who hast so often offended the most holy king of glory? deeply considering these things, accuse and judge thyself, least afterwards thou be

judged by our Lord.

Admire greatly, that all the elements, and all creatures have not risen up against thee, to revenge upon thee the injury of their maker. Be astonished, that the earth has not opened itself, to swallow thee up alive, and has not transmitted thee into hell.

6. Finally, grieving with thy very soul, or desiring to have grief, and eyeing attentively Jesus crucified, and his bloody wounds, cry out from thy heart, and say these, or such like words; Alas! O most pitiful Lord Jesus Christ, my creator, redeemer, and benefactor, I most unhappy, have so and so offended thee, and contemned thee; those and those iniquities I have so often repeated; I have been so disobedient and ungrateful unto thee. But pardon me, I beseech thee, for thy immense goodness and charity with which thou didst sustain for me thy most bitter passion.

When thou shalt with humility have said these or such like words, by no means despair, but resuming a full and amorous considence in God, purpose firmly by his grace, to mend thyself, and to avoid, as much as shall be in thy power,

all fin for the future.

MEDITATION II.

Of Death.

gently to prepare ones felf for it, is true wisdom. And thou shalt be happy, if always, and every where expecting the hour of death; thou shalt so watch, as thou permittest nothing to reside in thy conscience, which might cause thee anxiously to fear, although thou wast just

now to dye.

It shall be well with thee, if considering how vile thy slesh shall be, thou art not proud; nor dost not follow carnal delights. For, how miserable, I pray thee, is thy slesh in this life! how frail! how full of filth, which continually slows with an intollerable stench through all its passages, though outwardly it appear fair and neat! so that thy body at present may rightly be called dung-hill and all kind of filth; but shortly it shall be an abject, corrupted, and putrid carcass, and worms meat.

2. Think therefore that thou must shortly dye, yea, perhaps to day, and must go hence, into another unknown region, and must leave here riches, glory, honours, pleasures, friends, vanities, and all other transitory and perishable things, which thou inordinately lovest, or in which thou art now delighted.

And indeed every day, every hour, and every moment, thou approachest near thy death, and the last hour of thy life. Therefore compose thyself as if thou wast now to dye. Think thy

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countenance to wax pale, thy mouth to be contracted, thy fight to be darkened, thy breath to fail, and the sweat of death to be now present; which testifies nature to be overcome.

3. Think, I pray thee, how great a trembling and horror will then feize thee, and how much thou wilt grieve, if thou shalt be unprovided, because thou hast not vigorously mended thyself.

O how short will the time of thy life feem to thee? for it will appear like a dream, and a shadow: when thou shalt reflect that eternity is

at hand which shall never end.

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Perhaps thou wilt defire one little hour to correct thyself, but it is uncertain thou shalt obtain it.

What will thy pride profit thee? what will it profit thee, if thou shalt now have followed thy own will, and the vicious passions of thy mind.

O how fad wilt thou be, when thou shalt have loft thy precious time, or fpent it unprofitably! how wilt thou be vext that thou hast lived fo wickedly, negligently and remifsly! that thou wast so greedy to see, hear, and talk vain things! that thou hast not more manfully contemned the allurements of thy flesh and senses, that thou hast been so slack to the mortification of thyself; and to follow true humility and charity, and to gather together all spiritual good things!

Now therefore whilst thou hast yet time amend thyself and study to live better, and more holily.

4. Think, when thy foul, galled with the sharp prickings of death, shall cease to see the light of this world, and shall begin with its inward eyes to behold the state of the other life, and those things which before it would not be-

lieve:

lieve: horrible troops of devils will present themselves, endeavouring to ensure thy soul, and expecting to make a prey of it, if it shall have departed hence without true repentance. It is therefore good and healthful to salvation, now to provide for one's self, to cut off bad and unprositable desires; to leave vain and worldly things, and convert one's self wholly to love and seek after celestial and eternal goods.

5. Confider that how thy foul being gone out of thy body, it shall immediately be presented before the tribunal of a terrible judge, who cannot judge thee otherwise than thy works deserve, seeing that he is the supreme and immutable

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justice.

In this particular judgment thou must render a most exact account of thy whole life, of all thy time spent unprofitably, of all thy bad works, of all the good thou hast omitted, of all thy idle words, and of all thy thoughts and inordinate affections.

The devils will confront thee with all thy fins, and all thy negligences which have not been

blotted out by repentance.

Finally, a fentence shall be pronounced by the just judge, concerning thy soul, which shall never be recalled for all eternity: for where the tree shall fall, whether towards the south, or towards the north, there it shall for ever remain; and shall belong either to eternal salvation or damnation.

6. It is profitable for thee often to think on these things, that thou mayest with diligence correct thy life, and make thy peace with God, before before thou shalt be called hence. This thou wilt if thou be wife.

For our Lord God is very merciful, and receives most courteously all those who timely return unto him by true repentance: because he wills not the death of a sinner, but rather that the sinner should be converted and live.

MEDITATION III.

Of the Universal and last Judgment.

r. Nothing can be imagined more dreadful, than that strict and terrible judgment, by which God will judge all men in the last day.

Very terrible figns shall precede this universal judgment, as a stupendous violence of winds, tumultuous risings of the sea, unusual workings of its waves, vast earthquakes, falls of buildings, dashing together of mountains, rending of rocks, claps of thunder, obscuration of the sun, and moon, and stars; dismal roaring and bellowing of beasts, miserable withering of men for fear, &c.

The day of judgment, being now at hand the world shall be set on fire by the divine power, and so the fire shall destroy and consume all brute animals, and all men, whom it shall find alive.

But the supreme judge will come in his majesty, and with intolerable anger. That dreadful judge shall come in the clouds of heaven, with the elders of the people, and with thousands of angels, and the whole celestial host.

Deservedly therefore the prophet Zephaniah considering that great bitter day of our Lord, says, "That day is a day of wrath, a day of trouble

trouble and diftress, a day of wasteness and defolation, a day of darkness and gloominess, a day of clouds and thick darkness, a day of the trumpet and alarm."

And St. Jerom, says, "whether I eat or drink, or whatsoever else I do, the noise of that dreadful trumpet always sounds in the ears of my mind, arise ye dead come to judgment."

2. Then all men in a moment, having received their bodies shall rise again, and our Lord

shall come to judge them.

And the elect indeed agile, beautiful, strong, splendid, joyous, and secure, shall meet the judge; and being raised from earth, shall stand in the air on his right hand: But the reprobate shall stand upon the earth, heavier than lead, infirm, deformed, stinking, vile, obscure, and miserably trembling, and shall be on his left hand.

O! what horrid and unimaginable straits shall they labour under! with how unuterable a terror and fear shall they be struck, when they shall see above them, an angry and inflexible judge, beneath them Hell gaping for them; about them the world on fire, beside them a multitude of devils, accusing them, and within them a guilty and gnawing conscience.

All their fins, and all the fecrets of their hearts shall be manifest as well to men as angels. The wicked shall feek to turn away their face from the angry countenance of the judge, but

shall not be able.

They also beholding the glory of the just, shall be troubled with a horrid fear, and sighing for anguish of spirit, shall say, these are they whom

whom sometimes we had in derision; we fools deemed their life madness, and their end without honour. Lo! how they are reckoned amongst the Sons of God and their lot is amongst the saints.

3. Christ our Lord will shew to all his wounds shining with inessable splendor, which truly shall bring to the just a most sweet consolation,

but to the wicked dreadful confusion.

Christ himself shall then terribly upbraid all the reprobate and ungrateful, with the benefits of his incarnation and passion: and they with inconceivable grief shall acknowledge him, whom they chose rather to slight and despise, than to fear and worship.

4. No evil shall then remain undiscussed or unrevenged; but a strict examination shall be made of all thy works, words, thoughts, and

affections.

The justice of the judge is not less than his mercy; both are infinite. Wherefore thou must render an account of all the time granted to thee, of spiritual gifts neglected, of temporal goods ill expended, of meat, drink, and alms, unworthily consumed.

Thou shalt render an account, not only for thyself, but also for those, to whom thou hast at any time set a bad example, and hast given an

occasion of doing ill.

As also for all sinners and pagans, perhaps a grievous account shall be exacted of thee, for that thou hast not faithfully prayed for their conversion.

But chiefly thou shalt give an account for those who were specially committed to thy care.

Innumerable fins which thou doft nor take notice of, nor acknowledge, shall then break out against thee, as it were, out of ambush, and shall be objected unto thee.

The leaft thoughts, and very minute words, which thou flighted, and reputed as nothing, shall then be discussed. Hence the pfalmist prays, from my hidden faults cleanse me O Lord.

Attend now that most hard and irrevocable sentence of the just and angry judge. For when he shall have said to those who shall be on his right hand, come we bleffed of my Father, &c. He shall say to those who shall be on his left hand, go ye curfed into eternal fire. O sharp word! O word full of all horror and bitterness!

This fentence of eternal damnation being pronounced, immediately the earth with a terrible crack, shall swallow up the wicked; and that fire with which the world shall burn, involving them in darkness, and with all the filth and stench of the whole world, shall thrust them into

hell, there to be for ever tormented.

But whilft they are falling down into the depth of hell, the elect shall go up gloriously into heaven, the same reprobate beholding them, and, to their greater calamity and mifery never forgetting their glory. O despisers of the law of God! I befeech you, how sharp it will be, to be in this manner separated from the society of God, and all the citizens of heaven.

6. Thou therefore, that thou mayest be able to avoid this inexpressible misery, confusion, and

horror,

tations

horror, whilst the time of mercy lasts, study to

appease God and to please him.

Correct thy life with all thy strength and might. Depart from evil and do good. Spend thy time profitably: fly vain and foolish joys: mortify as much as thou canst, the vicious passions and affections of thy mind. Now wifely fear, that thou mayst be then happily secure.

MEDITATION

On the Pains of Hell.

S the happiness of the faints in heaven is unutterable, fo the calamity of the reprobate in hell, is ineffable and incomprehenfible.

Do thou now imagine a place under ground, and a horrible gulph: behold a vast furnace, all on fire with fulphur and pitch, terribly burning, dark, smoaking, stinking; full of men, and devils.

There, is everlafting horror, and never ending despair; there, is gnashing of teeth, and great howling, and perpetual blaspheming; there, the damned, for the sharpness of their pains bite their tongues, and curse the king of heaven.

2. Consider that there is such intense fire and heat, and fuch cold, as all fire and heat, and all cold of this world, in comparison of that heat and cold, are nothing, and there they are forced to país from intolerable heat, to intolerable cold. They feel most bitter torments in every sense and in every member: their fight continually beholds dreadful and horrid faces of devils. Their hearing continually perceives the lamen-H 2

tations and fad cries of those who continually cry out, "Wo, wo, wo! why were we created and made, cursed be God that made us." This is the sad song which is there continually sung. There every one is punished most in those members by which he has most sinned.

3. The devils infult over those they torment, and whom they have, and shall for ever have for their companions, saying; "Where are now your riches, where your honours, where your glory, where your pleasure, where your delights,

where your vanities?"

Who is so hard and mad, as not to conceive a profitable fear from the consideration of these things? And, not to amend his wicked and negligent life?

Affuredly whatever can torment, whatever can cause horror and abomination, shall for ever be

feen, heard, and felt in hell.

4. Consider, besides, the inward punishment of the damned; for they shall be for all eternity deprived of the sight of God. They shall never see that blessed city, the celestial Jerusalem.

God has cast them away, and they are delivered to everlasting oblivion; nor will he ever have mercy on them, (Rom. 1.) for they are vessels of wrath, in which the rigor and the severity of the

divine justice are manifested.

The worm of their conscience shall never dye, but shall without ceasing gnaw and accuse them, as that for so short a joy, and so momentary a pleasure, they have lost eternal happiness, and found everlasting punishments.

A Meditation on the Life and Passion of Christ. 17

O ponder! ponder diligently this eternity of pains. After a thousand thousands of years their end shall be no nearer, because they shall never end; but in hell there shall be a perpetual presence of all evils, and a perpetual absence of all comfort.

5. Lo such a calamity is the reward of those who fear not God, and continue in their sins without true repentance, until their departure out of this life! in such a state there is so much enormity, by reason of the contempt of the immense God; that if it be not blotted out by repentance, it will be punished with endless pain.

But thou who art yet in the time of grace, leaving thy vices and vanities, without delay return to the Lord thy God, and he will receive, cleanse and heal thee. Fear hin, serve him, love him with all thy heart. For so thou shalt escape those torments, which never are ended, never intermitted, never diminished.

6. Thou must with all thy might tend to perfection, thou must lead an humble, pure and holy life, and if thou art wise, thou wilt take all possible care for the salvation of thy soul.

MEDITATION V.

On the Life and Passion of Christ.

t. THE fin of the world could not have been taken away, unless the creator of the world affuming human flesh, had abolished it with his own blood. Ponder therefore, how our Lord Jesus the son of the living God, the most high God, for the excessive love, with H 2 which

which he loved us, would be conceived by the Holy Ghost, and made man in the womb of the Virgin Mary: that thou loaded with thine ini-

quities mightest not descend into hell.

Thy God was made thy brother. He was born a tender little infant, in a poor stable. He was wrapt in vile clouts. He was laid in a crib of beasts. He lay upon hay and straw. He was suckled by the breasts of a very poor mother.

He was circumcifed the eighth day from his

nativity, and shed his blood.

Then he fled into Egypt.

And fo in his facred infancy, and childhood he fustained very many necessities, and grievances, with Mary and Joseph.

2. The fweet Jesus when he was about thirty years old, humbly received baptism from his

fervant John.

He fasted, was tempted, watched, preached,

was wearied with journeys and labours.

He endured with a most meek heart, three and thirty years, hunger, thirst, cold, heat, and innumerable griveances, and persecutions; and at length went to Jerusalem there to die for thee.

3. The sweet Jesus, when upon his knees, he had humbly washed the feet of his disciples, had instituted for thy fanctification and comfort the participation of the heavenly manna. He went unto mount Olivet, and there, O what grievous, what unworthy, and what sharp things did he suffer for thee!

For he the Lord of highest majesty, would tremble and be sad even unto death. He would be bathed in a sweat of blood, by reason of the vehemency A Meditation on the Life and Passion of Christ. 19 vehemency of the anguish, with which he was

oppressed.

He refused not to be kissed by the traytor Judas, and as a thief by wicked men, to be ignominiously apprehended, bound, led away, dragged, pushed, smitten.

4. The sweet Jesus, the Lord of Lords, vouchsafed to receive a cruel buffet from a servant of

the high priest.

He vouchsafed to be unjustly condemned, to be defiled with spittle, to be beaten with blows, and buffets, to be reproachfully blindfolded,

mocked, and scoffed at.

The most meek lamb, did not in the mean while complain, nor turn away his face, from those who spate on him: but teaching us patience, and exhibiting himself a pattern of patience, he was dumb and opened not his mouth. He endured with silence revilings, contumelies, disgraces and many injuries.

5. Behold the fweet Jesus, the Holy of Holies, bespattered with spittle and bound, is led to Pilate, and before him falsely accused, but he

humbly holds his peace.

He is sent by Pilate to Herod, and is despised by Herod, and clothed in a white and ridiculous coat as a fool, and so is sent back to Pilate.

He is stripped in the porters hall, and inhumanly tied to a pillar, and most cruelly torn with whips. His virginal and delicate sless was all deformed with bruises and wounds, and out of it ran on all sides down upon the earth rivulets of his precious blood.

H 4

O what, and how fad a spectacle was this truly he was wounded for our iniquities, he was bruised for our wickedness, and by his bruises we were healed.

6. The fweet Jesus, King of Kings, is clothed in a purple cloak, and to his greater reproach is

crowned with thorns, and wounded.

A reed is put in his hand, and he is scoffingly faluted and adored; he is smitten with a reed, again he is spit upon, and buffeted.

He is exposed to be gazed upon by the people, with a crown of thorns upon his head, and a

purple robe about his shoulders.

7. The fweet Jesus, creator of heaven and earth, carries his own cross upon his bruised and hurt shoulders.

He tastes upon mount Calvary wine mixed with myrrhe and gall.

Again he is stripped, and his wounds are laid

open by the pulling off of his garments.

He is unmercifully stretched out on the cross, and his delicate hands, and undefiled feet are transfixed with hard nails, and the joints of his most holy limbs are most miserable loosed.

Most pure blood flows abundantly out of his

facred wounds, as out of fo many fountains.

Go to, ponder, and meditate profoundly those things. Take notice of the bloody and saving wounds of thy redeemer, salute and venerate them with a devout heart.

8. The sweet Jesus endured most bitter tor-

cross between two thieves. Doold anotogic aid to

A Meditation on the Life and Passion of Christ. 21

Lo he is mocked and blasphemed! but he prays for his blasphemers, he prays for his crucifiers, he deeply compassionates his forrowful and afflicted mother standing by, and courteously speaks to her.

Burning with a most grievous thirst, vinegar

is given him to drink.

And forthwith bowing his venerable head he gives up the ghost. The good pastor lays down his life for his sheep. He who gives life to all things dies for thee.

Afterwards his fide is opened with a spear, and

thence flow out blood and water.

Last of all, his immaculate body being taken down from the cross, is laid in a tomb, and buried.

9. Thou hast here a great subject to meditate

upon.

See thou lay it up diligently in the recesses of

thy foul.

But whilst thou ponderest these things behold with thy inward eyes thy beloved Jesus Christ, not as a pure man, but contemplate him as God and man in all things which he did and suffered.

Consider diligently his deep humility and patience, his inestimable bounty, and most ardent charity. Admire! be amazed, imitate, compassionate him, and return love for love as thou artiable.

Adore, praise and glorify him, and give him; thanks.

Consider, I beseech thee, whether it be fitting, that the son of the most high, the supreme king of glory, enduring for thee a vile caitiff, so great abjection and ignominy, and such great

H 5 labours

labours and torments, thou in the mean time, as if thou wast secure, shouldst give thyself to sports, and jests, to vanities and delights; little or nothing thinking of him, and living negligently, nay perhaps wickedly: O! how ill at the last shall it go with those ungrateful and unhappy hearts, who little esteem such great benefits, such testimonies of love, and care not to ruminate on the passion of Christ! far be it from thee.

MEDITATION VI.

On the Imitation of Christ.

O, the cruel, base and horrible prince of darkness, the devil says to thee, hear and follow me, be proud: and neglecting God do thy own will, love the world, and those things which are in the world, that thou mayest be tormented with me in the horrible punishments of hell.

On the contrary, the mild, gracious, and amiable king of glory Christ, says to thee; hear, and follow me; be humble, and despissing the world, deny thy own will. Love God, and those things which are above, that thou mayst rejoyce with me for ever in heaven.

Here now inquire and weigh diligently with thyself, which of the two, thou oughtest to hear and follow. Assuredly thy reason manifestly cries, and shews, that thou oughtest to follow the Lord, Jesus, thy most sweet redeemer, creator, lover, and benefactor.

Do:

Do thou therefore without delay join thyself to Christ, and say from thy heart: "O Lord Jesus, I despising the devil, from hencesorth purpose, thy grace assisting me, to follow, imi-

tate, and love thee, my king.

2. As Jesus Christ thy king, the most high God, humbled himself in assuming human slesh, and the form of a servant, by being born of a poor virgin, by washing his disciples feet, by most perfectly obeying his father and men: so thou must purpose hereafter to humble thyself under all things for his love.

Thou must willingly submit thyself to all men;

willingly ferve all.

Willingly take the lowest place, seeing thou art not worthy that the earth should bear thee, by reason of thy sins and ingratitude.

Thou must willingly perform vile and abject works, though thou shouldst therefore suffer.

fome shame before men.

Thou must willingly and readily obey men in lawful and convenient things, not only thy superiors, but also thy equals, and inferiors,

13. As thy king Christ was always meek and humble of heart, so thou oughtest hereafter to endeavour, that all rough and vicious emotions of anger be extinguished in thee.

Thou must not be obstinate in thy own sense, nor adhere to thy own private judgment: but must wisely prefer the judgment and will of

others before thy own judgment and will.

Thou must from thy heart, repute thyself the most unworthy of all men, and renounce all vain glory and self complacence, as much as thou

24. A Meditation on the Imitation of Christ.

canst: acknowledging thyself to be nothing, to be able to do nothing, and to have nothing but fins and defects.

Thou must therefore never usurp to thyself any thing of Gods gifts, but must attribute all good things to God, and purely refer them to him.

Thou must chuse and love rather not to be known and esteemed by men, than to be known

and praised.

4. As thy king Christ abstained from all vanity, pomp, curiofity, and superfluity in meat, drink, clothing, and other necessaries for his life; yea and chose most abject poverty in his nativity and death: so also thou must purpose hereafter to use all things moderately, and to be content with simple meat and drink, and simple clothing; removing from thee whatever is vain, proud, or altogether fuperfluous.

5. Again as thy king Christ did not follow fenfual pleasures and the delights of the flesh, but thirsting even drank gall and vinegar, and adhered inordinately to nothing, and had most courteous manners and behaviour: fo thou must purpose hereafter, to reject all impure and sen-

fual delights and impure pleafures.

Thou must restrain all thy senses, thy fight, hearing, tafte, and touch, and also thy tongue

from all excess, vanity, and curiofity.

Thou must keep thy heart with diligence clean and free. Thou must not adhere by inordinate affection to any person, or to any perishable thing.

Thou must shun immoderate laughter and all Thou

levity of manners.

Thou must prudently decline noxious and superfluous conversations of worldly men, and oc-

casions of sinning.

Thou must spend the remainder of thy life, in a manner conducive to the honour of God, and with God's assistance, thou must endeavour to live soberly, chastly, purely and

piously.

6. Besides, as thy king, Christ, endured unjust accusations of himself, revilings, persecutions, and pains inslicted on him, most humbly, most patiently, most gently, and with a mind absolutely resigned: so thou hereaster must purpose, to endure patiently and gently reproof of thyself, injuries, reproaches, contempt, pains, and all crosses for his love, taking all from his fatherly hand.

Thou must resign thyself wholly, as well as thou canst, to his most just judgment, and most acceptable good pleasure: thou must leave thyself absolutely to him, permitting him to send to thee, to take away from thee, whatever he will, and as he will. Thou must renounce all

thy own will:

Thou must believe thyself to be worthy of all tribulation, and that no creature can so much afflict thee, as thou deservest to be afflicted by

reason of thy infinite iniquities.

Thou must not lightly complain, that any injury is done thee; nor say that thou sufferest any thing unjustly: because thou wilt always suffer less than thou hast deserved.

7. Lastly, as Christ thy king, loving all men and desiring the salvation of all, prayed even

for his enemies, and makes his fun to rife upon the good and bad: fo thou must purpose hereafter sincerely to love all men, none excepted, desire the salvation of all, and out of charity exhibit thyself, faithful, gracious, and sweet to all especially to thy enemies.

Thou must grieve, that so many souls stamped

with the most noble image of God, perish.

Thou must compassionate the afflicted; thou must despite nobody, judge nobody; for rash judgments greatly hinder the grace of God.

8. Thou must diligently ponder these things with thyself. Thou must consider attentively how true it is, when in the foregoing points,

Christ is faid to have done this or that.

Thou must wish from thy heart to be conformable to him, that the disciple may be as his master: and the most vile servant must not be proud, the supreme emperor shewing humility in all things.

Thou must examine thyself diligently, and see whether thou hast an absolute will to sulfil by co-operating with the grace of God, that which thou readest. For thou oughtest to be

ready to this without any tergiversation.

If notwithstanding thy nature repugning, thou perceivest thyself yet less ready, thou must not therefore be too pusilanimous, but must do what is in thy power, and have a good will; renounce vices, and resign thyself as well as thou canst.

Thou must pray to God that he would strengthen thee, and give thee those things, which

which are necessary for thy falvation, and are

pleasing to him.

If thou defire and endeavour thus to imitate thy king, thou shalt without doubt come to his heavenly palace, and shall obtain everlasting life: and glory, with all his faints.

MEDITATION VII.

On the Glory of Heaven.

HOU must imagine that celestial country to be, as it were, a most splendid, glorious, and large city, built of most pure gold, and most precious jewels: or, if thou hadst rather imagine it to be a most spacious country, and adorned with all the beauties of grafs, flowers, and trees, and filled with all fragrant sweetness and delight: where there is ever a most pleasant spring and delightful summer. Where there is pleafantness, rest, quietness, and peace furpaffing all fenfe.

2. Thou was created for the highest and infinite good, which is God. This good thou shalt have for the merit of the incarnation and passion of Christ, and shall enjoy it for all eternity, if here thou shalt have worshipped God,

purely and holily in fear and love.

Confider, that this most pleasant good contains in itself, super-abundantly all nobleness, pulchritude, comeliness, elegancy, sweetness, delight, grace and perfection. This when thou haft obtained, thou shalt not be able to defire any thing more; for thou shalt find most fully in God, whatsoever may be defired.

It is manifest therefore that the vision of God is most highly pleasant, and incomparably excels all delight imaginable. For if naturally thou willingly beholdest that which is beautiful, what, and how great joy will it be to thee, clearly to contemplate the divine effence, which is the fountain whence all beauty flows, and which is infinitely fplendid, fair, comely, fweet and delicious?

O what does he fee, what does he hear, what does he fmell, what does he taste, what does he feel, who is united to God in heaven? Truly eye has not feen, nor ear heard, nor have the goods and joys entered into the heart of mortal man, which God has prepared for his elect.

3. In feeing God, thou shalt fee all things, and know all things which thou wouldest know. Thou shalt behold in God the order of the

whole universe and all truth.

Thou shalt enjoy the highest good and shalt always possess it, and thou shall have in it whatever is delightful.

Thou shalt be shined upon by the eternal wisdom, and shalt most abundantly taste the

fweetness of the divine peace.

Thou shalt be wholly absorpt with the love of thy creator, shall be transformed into him, shalt. always embrace him according to thy defire,

and shalt be perfectly united to him.

Thou shalt see the bright and ever quiet Trinity, and thou shalt know how the fon is begotten by the father, and how the Holy Ghost proceeds from the father and the fon; and how the father loves the fon, and the fon the father,

and

and both the Holy Ghoft. Also how the father and the son and the Holy Ghost are one God.

Then thou shalt most perfectly praise God, and without any irksomness or labour. Thou shalt praise him with all the blessed for ever and ever.

Now thou shalt never displease him more, but

shalt please him in all things.

4. Thou shalt see the excellency and beauty of the humanity of the son of God Jesus Christ. O! how wilt thou rejoice, beholding the amiable Jesus exalted, and glorious in his kingdom! who once in the world was for thy sake, poor, despised, and afflicted.

Thou shalt also behold all the orders of the angelic spirits, and how thousands of thou-fands minister to their creator, and that the

foldiers of God are numberless.

Thou shalt know most perfectly all the citizens of heaven; thou shalt know their inviolable peace, their most fervent charity, their most pleasant society, their unshaken security, their inenarrable beauty, splendor and glory. All the blessed are illustrious and glorious princes and kings.

Thou shalt have most familiar and perpetual fociety with Christ, and with all the blessed.

Affuredly all the joys of the world, compared with the least joy of heaven, are meer bitterness. The vast ocean does not so much exceed in quantity one single drop of water, as the least pleasure of the blessed does exceed all the delight and pleasure that ever was in the world. And the joys of heaven shall never be ended, never

never diminished; nor interrupted for one single

moment for all eternity.

5. Besides, when thy soul in the resurrection shall have received thy glorious body, what joy shall it thence receive? For thy very body shall be most splendid, and much more bright than the sun: it shall be most sound, most sirm, most beautiful, most pure, most odoriserous, incorruptible, impassible, most subtil, and very agile. Whence thy soul with its gloristed body, can be wherever it will, in a very short space of time: nothing can hinder it, nothing put a stop or impediment to it.

Thou shalt also (after the resurrection) conceive exceeding great joy from the happy renovation of this visible world: which shall be of

a far more elegant form than now it is.

The fun, and moon, and stars, shall be seven times more bright than they are now. Henceforth there shall be no clouds, nor hail, nor rain, nor winds, nor lightning, nor thunder; night shall cease to be, a perpetual day and clarity succeeding, as well on earth as in the heavens. The air shall have more light than it has now; the water shall be purer than it now is. The earth shall be fair as gold, and pellucid and plain as polished crystal.

6. Such things God has prepared for those who love him. O how unhappy are they, who for the most base pleasures, delights, and vanities of this world, deprive themselves of such

But thou who readest these things, aspire and make haste to that never fading glory. Detest

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and fly all fin, as much as thou canst: contemn all transitory things, love God, love all men, and spend the time profitably which is allotted thee.

Thirteen short PRECEPTS necessary for one who aspires to a perfett Life.

PRECEPT I.

FOR the love of Jesus Christ, who suffered very sharp things for thy sake, renounce the pleasures of thy senses. When thou dost desire to see, hear, smell, taste, touch or speak any thing, remember that thou must not obey thy sensuality inciting in thee, but reason and God speaking in thee. Yea even be ready to want spiritual delights, according to God's good pleasure and ordination. And when thou art recreated with inward comfort and sweetness, have a care thou do not rest in it, nor abuse it to thy own private pleasure.

PRECEPT II.

KEEP very diligently thy fight, hearing, and tongue, that they do not decline to unlawful, vain, and unprofitable things. It behoves thee to be vigilant and very wary in thy speech, that thou speak not more words, nor otherwise than is convenient. Let thy speech be succinct, plain and quiet. Carefully rule and contain in good order all the parts of thy body. Avoid immoderate laughter and all lightness of behaviour.

PRECEPT III.

DO not adhere to any creature by inordinate affection, but die to all perishable things, and keep thy heart free from them: for in such a death, and in fuch a liberty does lie hid the most true and most pleafant life.

PRECEPT IV.

BY an entire abnegation of thyself and resignation, diligently destroy in thee vicious passions, and affections, and thy own will and self seeking. But love dearly and only the divine will, and ever wish it, and submit thyself wholly to it; so that whatever God wills, do thou also will. Every where seek rather the praise and honour of God, than thy own profit.

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PRECEPT V.

IN all things which happen, wisely regard the pro-vidence of God, and securely commit thyself and all thy concerns to the Almighty; knowing that he has care of thee. Receive as from the hand of God, every adversity and tribulation (whether internal or external) believing for certain that he has fent it for thy profit and falvation. Then contentedly endure it to the very last; giving thanks to our Lord, and praising him, by whose permission and order it happened. Thou must not be troubled for injuries that are done thee, nor impatiently complain to men of them. By calling to mind thy own wickedness and ingratitude, think thyfelf worthy, and as one whom all men should reprehend, chide, contemn, vex, deride, and even trample under their feet. Wherefore art thou anxious, and dejected for the words of men, or for the temptations which thou fufferest? Let men think, and fay of thee what they please, let the world rage against thee, let the devil rage against thee, (as much as God permits.) Do thou in the mean time humbly and firmly repose thyself upon the Almighty, and in silence preserve peace of mind. If thou duly weighest, what unworthy and bitter things, Jesus Christ thy creator and redeemer, has fuffered, thou wilt with a ready mind endure all things though never fo grievous. PRE .

PRECEPT. VI.

DEpress and put thyself beneath every creature, confidering thy own vileness, and thy own nothing. If thou thinkest thyself to be any thing, when thou art nothing; if thou soolishly within thyself dost magnify thy own works or exercises, thou art indeed very proud, and art an abomination before God. Whatever good thou hast, it is God's not thine. Take heed therefore, lest thou usurp that to thyself which is God's. See that thou do not thence foolishly boast, and please thyself, and for that indeed displease God. Judge thyself also unworthy of the very least gift of God.

PRECEPT. VII.

Willingly do the will, and follow the judgment of another in those things which are lawful, denying thy own will, and forsaking thy own sentiment. Ever obey most readily; because whatever is done by obedience, is very grateful to God: on the contrary, he abhors whatever is done by disobedience.

PRECEPT VIII.

BE content with few and plain things, after the example of our Lord Jesus. Do not love vanity in thy apparel, nor luxuriousness in thy diet. How ungrateful wouldest thou be, if thou shouldest murmur for thy meat or drink, being less savory or delicate, when for thy sake Christ drank gall and vinegar! If even such things as seem necessary are wanting, praise God, conside in him, who cannot forsake his servants, though sometimes he may profitably permit them to be pinched with want.

PRECEPT IX.

Sincerely love all men, as thy brothers and fifters, having impressed upon them the noble image of God. Shew a loving and gracious countenance, and speak

fpeak kind words to all, and especially to thy enemies and persecutors, by the sweetness of holy charity healing and extinguishing in thee, all bitterness of heart. Be ready to help and comfort all. Compassionate those that are afflicted, and those that sin. Rejoice for the virtues of others, as for thy own, and repute the misery of others as thy own; deeming every one to be thyself.

PRECEPT X.

DEspise nobody. Banish out of thy heart with great diligence rash judgments, and base suspicions. Accustom thyself to think well of all, with a simple heart, interpret the sayings and doings of others to the best. Heartily preser all men before thyself. Believe thyself to be the most ungrateful and vilest of all mankind. Say to thyself, say to God, I am not worthy the earth should bear me. O if thou wast wise, willingly wouldest thou for God's sake do the most abject works! how cheerfully wouldest thou serve every body? For even Christ our Lord took the form of a servant, being made man, and washed the seet of his disciples.

PRECEPT XI.

STudy to please God above all things, and desire rather to be despised, than to be praised and honoured.

PRECEPT XII.

E Ntertain pious and holy thoughts, and every where take notice of the presence of God, holding sweet converse with him, whether thou seelest or seelest not devotion. To recollect thy spirit, and to consider reverently the presence of God, these words often repeated may much help thee; "O Lord, my God, thou art always present with me, thou dwellest in my soul: may I always have a sense of thy presence." Amen.

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PRECEPT XIII.

Whatever is not God, do not greatly care for it, nor deem it much to concern thee; for so thou wilt be able by a holy introspection, and with a free mind to attend to God himself. And indeed, it is the one thing necessary; which to obtain thou oughtest always to labour, strive, and do what is in thy power; yet so that thou wholly despair of thyself and thy own endeavours, and place all thy hope in God alone, in his mercy and goodness, and in the sole help of his grace. For without God, thou canst do nothing but sin.

Remember, however, that God never did despise, nor will despise a contrite heart: he never did reject, nor ever will reject those who sly to him by true repentance. If thou dost not cease to rise, he will not cease to receive thee. Wherefore though thou shalt fall a hundred times, yea a thousand times; as often as thou sallest, so often rise again with a holy hope of pardon; and rising again, give thanks to our Lord, that he did not permit thee to sall more grievously, or to lye longer in ruin.

Thou canst not more dishonour God or do him a greater injury, than if for the multitude, long continuance, or enormity of thy sins thou shoudest despair

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of his piety, mercy and goodness.

Ten MEDITATIONS which are very proper to bring the Soul to a Resolution of serving God.

MEDITATION I.

On our Creation.

Preparation 1. PLACE yourself in the presence of God.

2. Befeech him to inspire you.

Consideration 1. Consider that so many years ago you were not yet in the world, and that your being was a meer nothing. Where were we, O my soul, at that time? The world had lasted so many ages, and yet there was no news of us.

2. God has framed you out of this nothing, to make you what you are, meerly of his own

goodness; having no need at all of you.

3. Consider the being that God has given you; for it is the highest in this visible world, capable of eternal life, and of being perfectly

united with his divine majesty.

Affections and resolutions. 1. Humble yourself exceedingly in the presence of God, saying in your beart with the psalmist. O Lord, I am in thy sight a meer nothing, and how hadst thou remembrance of me to create me! Alas, my soul, thou wast ingulphed in that ancient nothing, and hadst yet been there had not God drawn thee thence. And what couldst thou have done remaining there?

2. Give

2. Give thanks to God. O my great and good creator, how am I obliged to thee, fince thou hast vouchsafed to take me out of this nothing, and by thy great mercy to make me what I am? What can I do to bless thy holy name as I ought, and to render due thanks to thy inestimable goodness?

3. Confound yourself. But alas! my creator, instead of uniting myself to thee by love and fervice, I have been a rebel to thee by my inordinate affections, wandering and straying away from thee, to unite myself to fin; valuing thy goodness no more than if thou hadst not been my creator.

4. Prostrate yourself before God. O my foul. know that the Lord is thy God: it is he that made thee, and not thou thyself. O God, I am

the work of thy hands.

5. I will then no more henceforth take pleafure in myself, since of myself I am nothing. Why dost thou magnify thyself, O dust and ashes! Yea rather, O very nothing, why dost thou exalt thyself? To humble therefore myfelf, I resolve to do such and such things; to fuffer fuch and fuch difgraces: I will change my life, and henceforth follow my creator, and efteem myself honoured with that condition and being which he has given me, employing it entirely in obedience to his will.

Conclusion. 1. Give thanks to God. Bless the God, O my foul, and let all that is within me praise his holy name; for his goodness has drawn me, and his mercy has created me out of no-

thing.

2. Offer. O my God, I offer to thee the being which thou hast given me: from my heart I dedicate and consecrate it to thee.

3. Pray. O God, strengthen me in these af-

fections and refolutions.

MEDITATION II.

On the End for which we were created.

Preparation 1. PLACE yourself in the presence of God.

2, Befeech him to inspire you,

Consideration 1. God has not placed you in this world for any need he has of you, who are altogether unprofitable to him, but only to exercise his goodness in you, by giving you his grace and glory. And to this end he hath enriched you with an understanding to know him, with a memory to be mindful of him, with a will to love him, an imagination to represent to yourself his benefits, eyes to behold his wondrous works, a tongue to praise him; and so of the other faculties.

2. Being created and put into the world for this intent, all actions contrary to it are to be avoided and rejected; and whatever conduceth not to this end ought to be contemned as vain

and fuperfluous.

3. Consider the wretchedness of worldlings, who never think of this, but live as though they believed themselves created for no other end, than to build houses, plant trees, heap up riches, and such like fooleries.

Affections

Affections and resolutions. 1. Confound yourself, reproaching your soul with her misery, which has hitherto been so great, as that she hath seldom or never considered this. Alas! shall you say, how did I employ my thoughts, O God when I placed them not upon thee? What did I remember when I forgot thee? What did I love when I loved not thee? Alas! I ought to have sed upon truth, and I have glutted myself with vanity; I have served the world, which was created but to serve me.

2. Detest your past life. I renounce you, O vain thoughts and unprofitable fancies: I abjure you, O frivolous and hateful remembrances: O unfaithful and disloyal friendships, lewd and wretched slaveries, ungrateful contentments, and

irksome pleasures, I abhor you.

3. Return to God. And thou, O my God, my faviour, thou shalt be from henceforth the sole object of my thoughts; I will no more apply my mind to objects that may be displeasing to thee. My memory shall entertain itself all the days of my life with the greatness of thy clemency so mercifully exercised on me: thou shalt be the delight of my heart, and the sweetness of my affections.

4. Ah! fuch and fuch trash and trisles to which I applied myself, such and such unprofitable employments, in which I have foolishly squandered away my days, such and such affections which have captivated my thoughts! To banish them, I will use such and such good remedies.

Conclusion 1. Thank God who made you for so excellent an end. Thou has created me, O

Lord for thyself, and for the everlasting enjoyment of thy incomprehensible glory: O when shall I be worthy of it? When shall I praise thee and bless thee as I ought?

2 Offer. I offer to thee, O my dear creator, all these affections and resolutions, with all my

heart and foul.

3. Pray. I befeech thee, O God, to accept my defires and purposes, and give thy holy benediction to my soul, to the end that it may accomplish them, through the merits of thy blessed son's blood shed for me upon the cross.

MEDITATION III.

On the Benefits of God,

Preparation 1. PLACE yourself in the presence of God.

2. Beseech him to inspire you.

Consideration 1. Consider the corporal graces which God has bestowed upon you; what a body, what conveniencies to maintain it, what health, and lawful recreations to entertain it, what friends and assistances? But consider all this with respect to many other persons much more worthy than yourself, who are destitute of all these blessings; some spoiled in their bodies, health, and limbs; others abandoned to the mercy of reproaches, contempts, and dishonours; others oppressed with poverty; and God has not suffered you to become so miserable.

2. Consider the gifts of mind, how many are in the world stupid, frantick, or mad; and why are you not of this number? God has favoured

you. How many are there who have been brought up rudely and in gross ignorance; and by God's providence you have been educated

liberally and honourably.

3. Consider the spiritual graces; you are a child of the catholick church; God has taught you to know him even from your most tender age. How often has he given you his graces? How many inspirations, internal illuminations, and reprehensions for your amendment? How frequently has he pardoned you your faults? How often has he delivered you from the occa-fions of casting yourself away to which you were exposed? And were not all these years past given you as a time and opportunity to advance the good of your soul? Consider in particular how good and gracious God has always been to you.

Affections and resolutions. 1. Admire the goodness of God. O how good is my God towards me! O how gracious is he! How rich is thy heart, O Lord, in mercy, and liberal in clemency! O my soul, let us recount for ever how

many favours he has done us!

2. Be aftonished at your ingratitude. But what am I, O Lord, that thou art so mindful of me? Ah! how great is my unworthiness! Alas! I have trodden thy blessings under foot. I have dishonoured thy graces, perverting them into abuse and contempt of thy sovereign goodness. I have opposed the depth of my ingratitude to the height of thy grace and favour.

3. Stir thyself up to acknowledgment. Well then my heart, be now no more unfaithful, ungrateful, and disloyal to this great benefaction. And

how shall not my soul henceforth be wholly subject to God, who has done so many wonders and favours to me and for me?

4. Ah! withdraw then your body, from fuch and fuch fenfualities; and confecrate it to the fervice of God, who has done so much for it.

Apply your foul to know and acknowledge him by such exercises as shall be requisite for that purpose. Employ diligently the means which you have to save your soul, and love Almighty God. Yes, O my God, I will be deligent in prayer; I will hear thy holy word, and put in practice thy inspirations and counsels.

Conclusion 1. Thank God for the knowledge he hath now given you of your duty, and for

the benefits hitherto received.

2. Offer him your heart with all your resolu-

3. Pray him that he will strengthen you to practice them faithfully through the merits of his son's death.

MEDITATION. IV.

On Sin.

Preparation 1. PLACE yourself in the prefence of God.

2. Befeech him to inspire you.

Consideration 1. Call to mind how long it is fince you began to sin, and examine how much, since that beginning, sins have been multiplied in your heart. How every day you have increased them against God, against yourself, and against

against your neighbour, by work, by word, or

by defire.

2. Consider your evil inclination, and how far you have followed them; and by these two points you shall find that your fins are greater in number than the hairs of your head, yea than the sands of the sea.

3. Consider in particular the sin of ingratitude against God, which is a general sin, and extends itself over all the rest, making them infinitely more enormous. Confider then how many benefits God has bestowed upon you, and have you abused them all in prejudice of the giver: and in particular how many inspirations have you despised; how many good motions have you made unprofitable? But above all, how many times have you received the facrament? And where are the fruits of it? What is become of all those precious jewels with which your dear spouse adorned you? All these have been buried under your iniquities. With what preparation have you received it? Think on this ingratitude, that God having run so far after you, you have run from him to lose yourself.

Affections and resolutions. 1. Be confounded at your misery. O my God! how dare I appear before thine eyes? Alas! I am but the corruption of the world, and a very sink of sin and ingratitude. Is it possible that I have been so disloyal, as not to have left any one of my senses, nor any one of the powers of my soul, which I have not corrupted, violated, and defiled; and that not so much as one day of my life has passed, in which I have not brought forth such

wicked effects? It is thus that I recompensed the benefits of my creator, and the precious blood

of my redeemer.

2. Crave pardon, and cast yourself at the feet of your Lord, like the prodigal child, like a penitent Magdalen, or like a woman that has defiled her marriage-bed with all kind of adultery. Mercy, O Lord, upon this poor sinner! Alas! O living sountain of compassion, have pity on this wretch.

3. Refolve to live better. No, O Lord, never more with the help of thy grace, never more will I abandon myself to sin. Alas! I have loved it too much; now I detest it, and embrace thee, O Father of mercy, I will live and die in thee.

4. To expiate my fins past, I will accuse myfelf of them courageously; and will not leave

one unbanished from my heart.

5. I will use all possible endeavours to extirpate all the roots of sin out of my heart; and in particular such and such vices, which I am most inclined to.

6. To accomplish this, I will constantly embrace, the means which I shall be advised to; and think I have never done enough to repair such grievous offences.

your amendment till this hour. And bless him

that he has given you these affections.

2. Offer him up your heart, that you may put

3. Desire him to strengthen you, &c.

MEDITATION V.

On Death.

Preparation 1. PLACE yourself in the presence of God.

2. Befeech him to inspire you with his grace.

3. Imagine yourself to be extreamly sick, lying on your bed, and without any hope of re-

covery.

Consideration 1. Consider the uncertainty of the day of your death, O my soul, thou must one day go out of this body; but when shall that day be? Shall it be in winter or in summer? In city or in country? By day or by night? Shall it be suddenly, or on notice given thee? By sickness or by accident? Shalt thou have leisure to make thy peace with God? Shalt thou have the consolation of receiving the blessed sacrament? Alas! of all this we know nothing at all; only certain it is, that we shall die, and that always sooner than we imagine.

2. Consider that then the world shall end in regard of you; for it will last no longer to you, it will turn upside down before your eyes: for then the pleasures and the vanities, the worldly joys and fond affection of our life will seem to us shadows and arry clouds. Ah, wretch! for what toys and trifles have I offended God? you shall then see that for a mere nothing you have forsaken him. On the contrary, devotion and good works, will then seem to you sweet and delightful. O why did I not follow this lovely and pleasant path? Then sins which before I 5

feemed very little, will appear as great as moun-

tains, and your devotion very small.

3. Consider the long and languishing farewells your soul will then give this world: she will then take her leave of riches, vanities, and all idle company; of pleasures, pastimes, friends and neighbours; of kindred, children, husband and wife; in short, of every creature; and finally, of her own body, which she will leave pale, hideous and loathsome.

4. Consider with what hurrying they will carry away this body, to cover it under the earth; which done, the world would think no more of you, than you have thought on others. O death,

how void art thou of regard or pity!

5. Consider how the soul, being departed from the body, takes her way to the right-hand, or to the left. Alas! whither shall your's go? What way shall it take? No other than which it began here in this world.

Affections and resolutions. 1. Pray to God, and east yourself into bis arms. Alas! O my Lord, receive me into thy protection at that dreadful day: make that hour happy and favourable to me; and rather let all the other days of my life be sad and sorrowful.

2. Despise the world. Since then I know not the hour in which I must leave thee, O wretched world I will no more set my heart upon thee. O my dear friends and relations, pardon me if I love you no more, but with a holy friendship, which may last eternally: for why should I unite myself to you, so as to be forced to break and dissolve that knot?

3. I will then prepare myfelf against that hour, and take all possible care to end this journey happily. I will secure the state of my conficience to the uttermost of my ability, and take present order for the amendment of such and such defects.

Conclusion. Give thanks to God for these resolutions which he has given you, offer them to his divine majesty. Be instant with him to give you a happy death, by the merits of that of his

dearly beloved fon.

MEDITATION VI.

On Judgment.

Preparation 1. PLACE yourself in the pre-

2. Befeech him to inspire you with his grace.

Consideration 1. After the time that God hathereferibed for the continuance of the world; after many signs and dreadful presages, which will cause men to pine way through fear and anguish; a fire raging like a torrent shall burneand reduce to ashes every thing that is upon the face of the earth; nothing which we see upon it shall be spared.

2. After these slames and thunderbolts, all men shall arise from their graves (except such as are already risen) and at the voice of the angel they shall all appear in the valley of Josaphat. But alas! with what difference? for the one fort shall arise in glorified and resplendent bodies; the others in bodies most hickous and horrid.

3. Con-

3. Consider the majesty with which the sovereign judge will appear, environed with all his angels and saints: before him shall be borne his cross, shining much brighter than the sun; an ensign of mercy to the good, and of justice to the wicked.

4. This fovereign judge, by his dreadful command, which shall be suddenly obeyed, will separate the good from the bad, placing the one at his right-hand, and the other at his left. O everlasting separation! after which these two

companies shall never meet.

5. The separation being made, and the books of conscience opened, all men shall see clearly the malice of the wicked, and their contempt against God; and on the other side the repentance of the good, and the effects of God's grace which they have received; and nothing shall lie hid. O God, what a consultion will this be to the one, and what a consolation to the other!

6. Confider the last sentence pronounced against the wicked: "Go, ye cursed into everlasting fire, prepared for the devil and his angels." Ponder well those weighty words. Go, saith he, a word of eternal banishment against those miserable wretches, excluding them eternally from his glorious presence. He calls them cursed. O, my soul, how dreadful a curse! A general curse, including all manner of woes; an irrevocable curse, comprehending all time and eternity. He adds, "into everlasting fire." Behold, O my heart, this vast eternity! O eternal eternity of pains, how dreadful art thou!

7. Consider the contrary sentence of the good. Come, saith the judge, O sweet word of salvation, by which God draws us to himself, and receives us into the bosom of his goodness! "Blessed of my father," O dear blessing, which comprehends all happiness! "Posses the kingdom which is prepared for you from the beginning of the world." O good God, what excess of bounty! For this kingdom shall never have an end.

Affections and resolutions. 1. Tremble, O my soul, at the remembrance of these things. O my God, who shall secure me in that day, when the pillars of heaven shall tremble for fear?

2. Detest your fins, which only can condemn

you in that dreadful day.

3. Ab! wretched heart of mine, refolve to amend. O Lord, I will judge myself now, that I may not be judged then. I will examine my conscience, and condemn myself, I will accuse and chastise myself, that the eternal judge may not condemn me in that dreadful day. I will therefore humbly confess my sins. Accept of all necessary advice, &c.

Conclusion. Thank God, who has given you means to provide for that day, and time for repentance. Offer him your heart to perform it. Pray him to give you grace duly to accom-

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plish it.

MEDITATION VII.

On Hell.

Preparation 1. PLACE yourfelf in the pre-

2. Humble yourself in the presence of God.

3. Represent to yourself a dark city, all burning, all stinking with pitch and brimstone, and

full of inhabitants, who cannot get out.

Consideration 1. The damned are in the depth of hell, as within this world city, where they suffer unspeakable torments, in all their senses and members; because, as they have employed all their senses and members in sinning, so shall they suffer in them all the punishments due to sin. The eyes, for lascivious looks shall be afflicted with the horrid vision of hell and devils. The ears, for delighting in vicious discourses, shall hear nothing but wailings, lamentations, desperate howlings; and so of the rest.

2. Besides all these torments, there is another greater, which is the loss and privation of God's glory, from the sight of which they are excluded for ever. Now if Absalom found it more grievous to him to be denied seeing the sace of his sather David, than to be banished; O God, what a grief will it be, to be for ever excluded from beholding thy most sweet and gracious.

countenance!

3. Consider above all, the eternity of these pains, which above all things makes hell intolerable. Alas! if a flea in your ear, or if the heat of a little fever make one short night so long and tedious, how terrible will the night of eternity

eternity be, accompanied with fo many torments! from this eternity proceeds eternal de-

fpair, infinite rage, and blasphemy, &c.

Affections and resolutions. 1. Terrify yourself with the words of the prophet Isaiah; O, my soul, art thou able to live for ever in everlasting stames, and amidst this devowring fire? Wilt thou forfeit the sight of thy God for ever?

2. Confess that you have deserved hell, yea oftentimes. From henceforth will I take a new course; for why should I go down into this bottomless pit? I will therefore use this or that endeavour to avoid sin, which only can bring me to this eternal death. Give thanks, offer, pray.

MEDITATION VIII.

On Heaven.

Preparation 1. PLACE yourfelf in the prefence of God.

2. Befeech him to inspire you with his grace. Consideration 1. Consider a fair and clear night, and think how pleasant it is to behold the sky all spangled with that multitude and variety of stars: join this now with the beauty of as clear a day, so as the brightness of the sun may no way hinder the lustre of the stars nor moon; and then say boldly, that all this put together is nothing in comparison with the excellent beauty of the heavenly paradise. Oh! how this lovely place is to be desired! Oh! how precious is that city!

2. Consider the glory, beauty and multitude of the inhabitants in this blessed country: those millions

millions of millions of angels, cherubims, and feraphims: those troops of apostles, prophets, martyrs, confessors, virgins, and holy matrons. The number is innumerable. O how blessed is this company! The meanest of them is more beautiful to behold than all this world: what a sight then will it be to see them all! but, O my God, how happy are they! they sing continually harmonious songs of eternal love; they always enjoy a constant mirth; they interchange one with another unspeakable contentments, and live in the comfort of a happy and indissoluble

fociety.

3. In fine, confider how bleffed they are to enjoy God, who rewards them for ever with his lovely aspect, and by the same infuses into their hearts a treasure of delights: how great a happiness is it to be united everlastingly to this sovereign They are there like happy birds flying good. and finging perpetually in the air of his divinity, which encompasses them in all sides with incredible pleasure. There every one does his best, and without envy fings the creator's praise. Bleffed be thou for ever, O fweet and fovereign creator and redeemer, who are so bountiful to us, and doft communicate to us fo liberally the everlasting treasures of thy glory: blessed be you for ever, fays he, my beloved creatures who have so faithfully served me, and who now shall praise me everlattingly, with fuch great love and courage.

Affections and resolutions. 1. Admire and praise this heavenly country; O, how beautiful art thou,

my dear Jerusalem! and how happy are thy inhabitants!

2. Reproach your beart with the little courage it bas had hitherto, in wandering so far from the way of this glorious habitation. O, why have I strayed so far from my sovereign good? Ah! wretch that I am, for these foolish and trivial pleasures have I a thousand thousand times forsaken eternal and infinite delights! was I not mad to despise such precious blessings for such vain and

contemptible affections!

3. Aspire now with fervour to this delightful habitation. O my gracious God, since it has pleased thee at length to direct my wandering steps into the right way, never hereafter will I turn back. Let us go, my dear soul, let us go to this eternal repose: let us walk towards this blessed land that is promised us. What have we to do in this Egypt? I will therefore disburthen myself of all such things as may divert or retard me in so happy a journey: I will perform such and such things as may conduct me to it.

Give thanks, offer, pray.

MEDITATION IX.

By way of Election and Choice of Heaven.

Preparation 1. PLACE yourself in the prefence of God.

2. Humble yourself before his majesty, and

befeech him to inspire you with his grace.

alone with your good angel, as young Tobias going to Rages, and that he shews you heaven open,

open, with all the pleasures represented in the foregoing meditation; then beneath that he shews you hell wide open, with all the torments described in the meditation of hell: you being thus fixed in your imagination, and kneeling by your good angel.

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Consideration 1. Consider that it is most true, you are between heaven and hell; and that the one and the other is open to receive you accord-

ing to the choice you shall make.

2. Consider that the choice which you shall make in this world shall last for all eternity in the other.

3. And though both the one and the other be open to receive you, according to your choice, yet God, who is ready to give you either the one by his justice, or the other by his mercy, desires notwithstanding, with an incomparable desire, that you would make choice of heaven; and your good angel importunes you with all his power, offering you on God's behalf a thousand assistances, and a thousand

graces to help you thither.

4. Consider that Jesus Christ beholds you from above in his elemency, and graciously invites you, saying, Come, my dear soul, to everlasting rest within the arms of my goodness, where I have prepared immortal delights for thee in the abundance of my love. Behold the saints also exhorting you, and millions of blessed fouls sweetly inviting you, and wishing nothing more than to see your heart united with theirs in praising and loving God for ever; assuring you, that the way to heaven is not so hard as the

the world makes it. Be of good courage, dear brother, fay they, he that shall diligently consider the ways of devotion, by which we ascended hither, shall see that we came to these immortal delights by pleasures incomparably more sweet than those of the world.

Election, 1. O hell, I detest thee now and for evermore: I deteft thy torments and pains; I detest thy miserable and accursed eternity: and above all, I detest those eternal blasphemies and maledictions, which thou vomitest out eternally against my God. And turning my heart and foul to thee, O beautiful paradife, everlafting glory and endless felicity, I chuse my habitation for ever, and irrevocably, within thy fair and bleffed manfions, within thy holy and most lovely tabernacles. I bless thy mercy, O my God, and accept the offer which it pleafeth thee to make me of it. O my sweet saviour Jesus, I accept thy everlasting love, and the purchase which thou hast made for me of a place in this heavenly Jerusalem, not so much for any other thing, as to love and bless thee for ever and ever.

2. Accept the favours offered you: and give your hand to your good angel, that he may guide you thither. Encourage your foul to make this choice.

MEDITATION

By Way of Election and Choice which the Sout makes of a devout Life.

Preparation. 1. DLACE yourfelf in the prefence of God.

2. Prostrate yourself before him, and im-

plore the affiftance of his grace.

Consideration. 1. Imagine yourself again to be in a plain field all alone with your good angel; and that you fee on your left-hand the devil, feated on a great high throne, with many infernal spirits about him, and environed by a great troop of worldings, who all acknowledge him for their Lord, and do him homage, some by one fin, and fome by another. Observe the countenance of all the wretched courtiers of this abominable king. Behold fome of them transported with hatred, envy and passion; others killing one another; others confumed with cares, pensive and anxious to heap up riches; others bent upon vanity, others wallowing in the mire, buried and putrified in their brutish affections. Behold, how they are all without rest, order and decency: behold how they despise one another, and love but in shew. In a word, you shall see a lamentable commonwealth, miserably tyrannized over by this cursed king, which will move you to compassion.

2. On the other fide, behold Jesus Christ crucified, who with a cordial love prays for these poor enthralled people, that they may be freed from this tyranny, and calls them to him-

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felf: behold round about him a troop of devout persons with their angels. Contemplate the beauty of this kingdom of devotion. O, what a fight it is to fee this troop of virgins, men, and women, whiter than the lillies; that affembly of widows full of holy mortification and humility! See the ranks of divers married people living peaceably together with mutual respect, which cannot be without great charity. Confider how these devout souls join the exterior care of the house with the care of the interior, the love of the husband with that of the celeftial bridegroom. Confider them all univerfally, and you shall see in them a sweet, holy and lovely order, observing our Saviour, whom every one would willingly plant in the midst of his heart. They are full of Joy, but that joy is comely, charitable and well ordered; they love one another, but their love is more pure and holy: fuch as fuffer afflictions among this devout company torment not themselves much, nor lose courage. Lastly, behold those eyes of our Saviour, who comforts them, and how they all together aspire to him.

3. You have already shaken off Satan with all his cursed execrable troop by the good affections and resolutions you have conceived; but you are not yet arrived at Jesus, nor united with this blessed and holy company of devout people, but have hitherto kept yourself between

the one and the other.

Election. O World! O abominable troop! No, never more shall you see me under your banner. I have for ever left off your fooleries

and vanities. O king of pride, O curfed king, infernal spirit, I renounce thee, with all thy vain pomps, I detest thee with all thy works.

Jesus, king of felicity and immortal glory, I embrace thee with all the powers of my soul, I adore thee with all my heart, I chuse thee now and ever for my king, and with inviolable sidelity I pay thee irrevocable homage, and submit myself to the obedience of thy holy laws and ordinances.

Pious Reflections for every Day in the Month.

FIRST DAY.

Of the Want of Faith in the World.

T the coming of the fon of man, do you believe he shall find faith upon earth?" Should he instantly come, would he find any in us? Where is our faith? Where are the marks thereof? Do we believe this life, to be but a short passage to a better? Do we think, that to reign with Jefus Christ in the next, we must suffer with him in this? Do we confider the world as a deceitful image, and death as the inlet to true happiness? Do we live by faith? Is faith the foul that enliveneth us? Do we relish those eternal truths the fets before us? Do we as carefully nourith our fouls therewith, as we do our bodies with convenient food? Do we accustom ourselves to judge of all things only by Faith? Do we by her rectify all our judgments? Alas! fo far are we from living by faith,

faith, that we even extinguish it in our soul and our heart. We judge, we act like Pagans. Would any one act as we do, who believed what we are bound to believe?

2. Let us apprehend, lest the kingdom of God be taken from us, and given to fuch as will better produce the fruits thereof. The kingdom of God is faith, when it reigneth and ruleth within us. Happy is he who has eyes to behold this kingdom. Flesh and blood have not. The wisdom of the animal man is blind in that respect, and it is his will to be so. The interiour operations of God, are a dream to him. We must be born a-new to fee the wonders of this kingdom, and must die, to be born a-new. This is what the world cannot consent to. Let the world then despise, let it condemn, let it mock at pleasure, as for us, O my God, we are commanded to believe, and tafte the celeftial gift. We are willing to be of the number of your elect, of which we know none can be, whose life is not conformable to what you have taught.

SECOND DAY.

On the only Way to Heaven.

"CTRIVE to enter in at the narrow gate." The kingdom of heaven, is entered only by violence, like unto a place belieged, it must be carried by storm. The gate is narrow. The body of fin must be put to the torture. We must humble ourselves, we must bend and creep and become little. The great gate by which the crowd passeth, and which standeth open for us, leadeth unto death; we ought to be terrified at all wide and fmooth ways. Wo unto us, whilft the world fmileth upon us, and the way we are in feemeth fweet. We never, are in a better way for the life to come. than when this present frowneth on us. Let us then be careful not to follow the multitude, who walk by a large and commodious way: we must feek out the tracks of the small number, the footsteps of the faints, the

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the steep path of penitential work. Let us then climb the rock, clamber unto places of safety, with the sweat of our brow, and make violent efforts to enter the

narrow gate of eternity.

2. We are predeffinated of God, only in as much as we conform to the image of his fon, like him fastened to the cross, like him renouncing all sensible pleasures, content like him to be in anguish. But such is our blindness, we would free ourselves from the cross, which unites us to our master. We cannot quit the crofs, without quitting Jesus Christ crucified. The cross and he are inseparable, let us live and die with him, who is come to shew us the true way to heaven. Let us fear nothing, but not finishing our facrifice on the fame altar where he compleated his. Alas! all the efforts we endeavour to make in this life, ferve only to fet us wider, and remove us farther from the only way to heaven. We know not what we are doing. We comprehend not, that the mystery of grace unites beatitude with tears; all ways leading to a throne are delightful though never fo thick fet with thorns. All ways are frightful which carry to a precipice, though all covered with roses. In the narrow way, we suffer but still we hope; we suffer, but we see the heavens open; we fuffer but it is with a willing heart; we love God and are beloved by him.

THIRD DAY.

On true Devotion.

R Eligion is vain in the heart of him who misseads himself. What abuses are there in devotion? Some make it consist in a multiplicity of prayers, others in a number of works, tending to the glory of God and relief of our neighbour. Others place it in a constant desire of salvation, some in great austerities. All these things are good, and even necessary in some degree; but we deceive ourselves, if therein we fix the foundation and essence of true piety. That piety by which

which we are fanctified, and by which we are entirely devoted to God, confifts in doing his will, and fulfilling precifely all he requireth of us, in whatever time, place and circumstances he putteth us. Move as you will, let your deeds carry what lustre, and be what you please, your reward shall only be in as much as you have done the will of your sovereign master. Should your servant perform wonders in your house, if he did not what you required, you would have no regard to his actions, and you would with reason

complain of being ill served.

2. The devoting ourselves entirely, from whence the term devotion hath been taken, doth not only require that we do the will of God, but that we do it with love. God loves what is, should be chearfully given, and in all he prescribeth, the heart is what he always requireth. Such a master well deserveth, his fervants should think themselves happy in belonging to him. This devoting must every where maintain itfelf equally in what displeaseth, in what checketh, in what contradicteth our views, our inclinations, our projects, and it must keep us in a readiness, to give all our fortunes, our welfare, our time, our liberty, our life and our reputation. To be thus disposed, and to act accordingly, this is to have true devotion. But as the will of God is often hid from us, there remaineth yet to make one step of felf denial and death, that is to accomplish it by obedience and a blind obedience, though discreet in its blindness. A condition imposed on all mankind, the most enlightened among them, the properest to draw souls to God, and the most eapable of conducting others, must itself be guided.

FOURTH DAY.

On cowardly and imperfect Conversions.

PEople who were distant from God, take themselves to be very near him, the instant they begin to make some steps to approach him. The most ingoing as and K

clear fighted, are in that respect equally ignorant and stupid with any country fellow, who for having had a fight of the king, should think himself to be in favour They forfake those vices which give horror. They contract themselves into a less criminal way of life, but still cowardly, worldly and dislipated. They judge then of themselves, not by the gospel, which they ought to take for their only rule, but by a comparison made of the past with the present life they lead. Nothing more is wanting to cannonize one's felf, and to fall into a profound fleep; in regard to all that may remain uneffected for falvation. Such a state is more to be suspected than a scandalous disorder. Such a disorder would disturb the conscience, awaken faith, and put them on making fome great effort; whereas this change ferveth only to stifle wholsome remorfes, establish a false repose in the heart, and render the evils incurable. I have, fay you, repented of the frailties of my past life, I read good books, I frequent church with modesty, and pray to God as seemeth unto me, with a tolerable good heart. I avoid at least great fins; but I must own I feel not myself sufficiently touched, to live as if I were no more of this world, and not to keep any farther measures with it. Religion would be too fevere, did it not allow of for honest a mean: all the fine spun notions proposed at present, on devotion are too far stretched, and serve rather to discourage than inspire a love of what is good. This is a discourse of a cowardly christian, who would gain heaven at a vile price, and confiders not what is due unto God, nor what the possessing him hath cost those who have obtained him. A man of this character is very remote from an intire conversion. Likely he knows not the extent of the law of God. It may be imagined that had God intrufted the composing of the gospel to him, he would not have made it such as And we certainly should have something milder in relation to felf love. But the gospel is unalterable, and by it we are to be judged. Let us then forthwith. take

take a fure guide, and apprehend nothing fo much as being flattered and deceived.

FIFTH DAY.

On a good Spirit.

OUR heavenly father will give his good spirit unto those who shall demand it of him." There is no good spirit but that of God: that spirit which removeth us from the true good, be it never so penetrating, so agreeable, so dextrous, and so ingenious to procure us corruptible riches, is but a spirit of illusion; and leadeth us aftray. Would any one be carried in a glittering magnificent chariot which should conduct to an abyls. The spirit is only made to conduct unto truth and fovereign good. There is then no good spirit but that of God, because no other spirit but his leadeth unto him. Let us renounce our own, if we defire to have his. Happy is the man who strips himfelf to be cloathed, who trampleth on his own wisdom to possess that of God.

2. The difference is great between a fine, a superior and a good genius. The fine pleafeth by its agreeableness. The superior excites admiration by its depth; but the good is that only spirit, which by its folidity and uprightness saveth and rendereth happy. Conform not your notions to those of the world. Defpise that wit, as much as the world esteemeth it. What is termed wit, is a certain facility of producing bright thoughts. Nothing is more vain. Our wit becomes our idol, as doth a woman's face when the fancieth herself to be beautiful. We admire ourselves in our thoughts. Not only that false splendor of wit, is to be cast off, but that human prudence also, which appeareth most serious and most useful, that we may like little children enter into the simplicity of faith, by candour and innocence of manners, by horror of fin, by humiliation and the holy folly of the cross.

SIXTH DAY.

On Patience in Affliction.

"YOU shall possess your souls by your patience." The soul when it becometh impatient; slippeth from itself, whereas when she submits without murmuring she possesses when she submits without murmuring she possesses, is to desire what one hath not, or not to bear willingly what one doth. An impatient soul is a soul delivered up to its passions, which is restrained neither by reason or faith. What weakness! what straying! evil borne willingly is no longer an evil. Why make we a real evil by not being resigned unto it? Interior peace resideth not in the senses, but the will; in the midst of the bitterest afflictions it remaineth intire, as long as the will standeth firm and resigned. The peace of this world consists in accepting contrary things, and not in being excused from bearing them.

2. To hear you grumble and murmur, one would take you to be the most innocent foul breathing, and that it was a crying piece of injustice not to suffer you to re-enter the terrestial paradise. Call to mind all you have acted against God, and acknowledge he has reason; say unto him with that humility of the prodigal child, "Father I have finned against heaven and you;" I know not what from me is owing to your justice, but I want a heart to make satisfaction. Would you leave it to my decision, I should flatter, spare and betray myself by my flattery; but your merciful hand executes of itself what I likely should never have courage to do; its goodness striketh me. Grant that I putiently bear its wholfome correction; the least a finner, truly provoked at himself, can do, is to receive that punishment, he should not have had the strength to make choice of.

SEVENTH DAY.

On Submission and Conformity to the Will of God.

THY will be done on earth, as it is in heaven." Nothing is done here below, any more than in heaven above, but by the will and permission of God. Yet men love not always this will, because it suits not always with their defires. Let us love it, and love nothing besides it, and we shall make a heaven of the earth. We shall give God thanks for all things, for evils as well as benefits, fince evils become good when bestowed by him. No longer shall we murmur at the conduct of his providence; we shall find out and adore the wisdo n of it. O God! what do I see in the course of the stare, in the order of the seasons, in the events of life, but the accomplishment of your will. May the same be also sulfilled in me: may I love it, may I be entirely sweetened by it; may I annihilate my own, to cause yours to reign: for in fine, O Lord, to you it belongeth to command, and to me to obey.

2. You have faid, O Lord Jesus, speaking of yourfelf, with relation to your celestial father, that you always did his pleasure; teach us how far this example is to lead us. You are our model; you acted nothing on earth, but according to the liking of your father, who is also willing to be named ours. Act in us as in yourself, pursuant to his holy will, that being infeparably united to you, we regard only his defires. Let the fole view of pleafing him be the motive of all our actions, not only when praying, instructing, suffering, edifying; but even eating, fleeping, or converfing. Then will all be fanctified in our conduct; then will all be in us a continual facrifice; prayers without intermission, love without interruption. When, O my God, shall we be in this situation! Vouchsafe by your grace to reduce and subject our rebellious will, which knows not what it would have; there is no other good but in being what you require us.

EIGHTH DAY.

On the Benefits of Prayer.

or DRAY without intermission." Such is our dependence in regard to God, that we not only ought to do all things for his fake, but to demand also of him the means of pleafing him. This happy neceffity of having recourse, to him in all our wants, far from caufing in us any uneafinefs, ought rather to be our comfort. What happiness to address ourselves with confidence to him, to unfold our heart to him, and to converse intimately with him by prayer. He invites us to pray unto him. Judge you, faith Cyprian, whether he will refuse us those benefits, he sollicits us to demand of him." Let us then pray with faith, and not lose the fruit of our prayers by a wavering incertitude, which, as, faith St. James, "occasions us to hefitate." Happy that foul which comforteth itself in prayer, by the prefence of its well beloved. Is any among you fad, faith St. James, let him feek relief in prayer. Alas! unhappy we! this celestial occupation. is but a toil to us. The tepidity of our prayers is the fountain head of our other infidelities.

Alk, and it shall be given unto you, feek and yeshall find, knock and it shall be opened unto you." Were riches to be obtained for barely afking for them, what earnestness, what affiduity, what perseverance would we not have? Were a treasure to be found for only feeking, what ground would we not break? could knocking at the door, fuffice to be let into the council of kings, and into the highest preferments, what repeated frokes would not one hear? But what is there left undone in fearch of false happiness? What rebakes, what disappointments do not people endure for the shadow of worldly honour, what pains for wretched pleafures, whereof nothing remaineth but remorfe. The treasure of grace is true felicity, and the only one, we disdain to ask for; the only one our patience. tience is tired in waiting for. We ought nevertheless to knock without ceasing, for the word of Jesus Christ is faith, our conduct has none; it is our own conduct that deceives us, not the word of Jesus Christ which cannot.

NINTH DAY.

On Attention to the Voice of God.

LORD unto whom shall we go, thou hast the words of eternal life." It is Jesus Christ we are to listen unto. Men are to be heard or believed, only in as much as they are filled with the truth and authority of Jesus Christ. Books are good only in as much as they teach the gospel. Let us then go to this facred fountain, Jesus Christ neither spoke nor acted but to the end we might listen unto him, and study with attention the actions of his whole life. Unhappy we! our own imaginations, which are but vanity, we run after, and neglect truth itself, the words whereof are capable to make us live for ever. Speak, O word divine! O word increated and incarnate for me! cause my soul to comprehend you; make your will intirely known, whatever is pleasing to you is so to me.

2. It is often faid, one would know, what is to be done to advance in virtue; but no fooner doth the spirit of God therein direct us, but our courage faileth us for the execution. We are sufficiently sensible of our not being what we ought. We behold our miferies, and fee them daily on the increase. Notwithstanding we think it a great deal, to say we defire to be faved. That will is of no account, which proceedeth not so far as to facrifice whatever stoppeth us in the way to God. Let us no longer detain truth captive, by our unjust cowardice; let us harken to what God inspireth in us, let us try the spirit that inciteth us to make a right judgment, whether it proceedeth from God. When we are affured of it, let us spare for nothing to content it: the Prophet asketh, not K 4 fimply

fimply of God, that he would teach him his will, but that he would instruct him to fulfill it.

TENTH DAY.

On the right Use of Crosses.

" THOSE who belong unto Jesus Christ have crucified their flesh with their vices and concupiscence.' The more we apprehend crosses, the more may we be affured of our standing in need of them. Let us not be dejected when the hand of God layeth heavy ones upon us. We ought to judge of the greatness of our diffempers, by the violence of the remedies applied unto them by the spiritual physician. We must be extremely wretched, and God extremely merciful, when notwithstanding the difficulty of our conversion, he vouchsafeth to take in hand our cure. Let us even from our crosses extract a source of love, of comfort, and of confidence, faying with the apostle, "Our sufferings are fo short and fo light, that they bear no proportion with that infinite weight of glory which is to be the reward of them." Happy are those who weep, and fow in shedding tears, fince they shall, with ineffable joy, reap the harvest of eternal life and felicity.

2. "I am fastened to the cross with Jesus Christ," faid, St. Paul. It is with our faviour we are nailed to the cros, and it is he who by his grace fixeth us thereunto. It is for the fake of Jesus we are unwilling to quit the cross, because he and the cross are inseparable. O adorable and fuffering body, with whom we make but one and the fame victim, in giving me your choice, give me also your spirit of love and self-denial! may the happiness of suffering with you, lessen in me the sense of my own fufferings! What do I endure which you have not? Or rather, what can my sufferings be in comparison with yours? O cowardly man be filent, look on thy divine mafter, and blush! Lord cause me to love, and I will fear the cross no more; nay, though I feel what is ftill more hard and painful, I shall endure at

ELEVENTH

ELEVENTH DAY.

On Meekness and Humility.

EARN from me, that I am meek and humble of heart." O Jesus! it is you who sets me this pattern of meekness and humility: whoever besides should offer to teach it me would make me fly off. I fhould every where find imperfections, and my pride would not fail taking advantage thereof; it must therefore be you yourself who is to instruct me: But what do I perceive? O my dear master, you by your example vouchfafe to instruct me! What an authority! I need only be filent and adore, be confounded and imitate. What! the fon of God descends from heaven, assumes a body of clay, expires on a cross to make me blush at my pride. He who is all, annihilates himself, and I who am nothing would be, at least feem to be, every thing I am not. O untruth! O folly! O imprudent vanity! O diabolical prefumption! Lord, you fay not unto me, be meek and humble, but that you are meek and humble. It is fufficient to know you are for to-conclude from fuch an example, that we ought to be the fame: who after fuch an example, shall dare to dispense with himself? shall the finner, who for his ingratitude, hath so often deserved to be thunder-struck by your justice?

My God you are both meek and humble, because humility is the fountain of true meekness. Pride is ever haughty, impatient, and ready to be put upon the fret: whoever despiseth himself, is willing to be despised: whoever believeth there is nothing due to him, never taketh himself to be ill used. There is no such thing, as meekness truly virtuous from temper; It is only easiness, indolence, or artifice; we must renounce eurselves to be meek to others. Thou addest, O Lord! "Meek and humble of heart." This consists not in an humble-ness, which is only in the mind by reslection. It is a telish and sentiment of the heart; it is an humbleness

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to which the will confents, and which she loves for the glory of God. It is a destruction of all confidence in our own understanding and natural strength, that our cure may be owing to God alone.

TWELFTH DAY.

On the Defects of Others ..

EAR the burthens of each other, thus shall ye fulfill the law of Jesus Christ." Had charity extended fo far, as to require us, never to fee the defects of others, our fight must be taken from us. It requireth that we avoid being willingly attentive to them without necessity, and that we shut not our eyes to what. is good, whilst we are so clear fighted to what is evil. We must ever remember what God can every moment make of the most vile and unworthy creature; call to mind the reasons we have to despise ourselves and confider, that charity even embraces what is most abject, because she by the fight of God seeth precisely, that our contempt for others hath fomething harsh and haughty, which extinguisheth the spirit of Jesus Christ. Grace becomes not blind in regard of what is contemptible but bears with it, that the may enter into the fecret defigns of God: The giveth not way, either to disdainful dislikes. or other natural impatiences. She is not aftonished at any corruption, nor makes a wonder of any weakness, because relying wholly on God, she feeth that besides him, all is nothing and fin.

2. Is weakness in others, a sufficient reason to have less regard for them? You who complain of what you are made to suffer, think you that none suffer by your means? You who are so nettled at your neighbours defects, do you take yourself to be perfect? What a surprise would it be to you, should all those upon whom you hear so hard, come on a sudden and lay their weight on you? But grant you find your justification on earth, cannot God who is all knowing, and hath so many things to repreach you withal, consound and silence you

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with one fingle word, and doth it never enter into you to apprehend his asking, why you extend not towards your brother a little of that mercy, which he your master extendeth so abundantly towards you?

THIRTEENTH DAY.

On the only Thing necessary.

things: there is only one thing necessary." We fancy we have a thousand things to do, and we have but one: if that be done, we shall find all the others done also; if we fail in that one, all others, how successful so ever they seem, shall fall to ruin. Why do we then so divide our hearts and cares? O only concern on earth! thou shall from henceforth possess my soul and whole attention by the ray of divine light; I will (according to the strength of my body) perform continually without uneasiness, whatever providence shall put me in the way of doing; I will, without concern, abandon the rest,

because they are not my butiness. -

2. " Celestial father, I have finished the work you had given me to do;" each of us ought to put himfelf in a condition to fay as much, at the day we must give an account. I ought to look on what occurs every day : by the order of God, as the work wherewith God chargeth me, and apply myself thereunto after a manner worthy of God; that is, with quietness and exactness. Twill neglect nothing; I will be passionately fixed on nothing; for it is dangerous to do the work of God negligently, or to appropriate the fame to one's felf, through felf-love, and a false zeal. Our actions are then performed by our private spirit, and they are ill done. We labour with might and main, and feem refolved to fucceed; when the glany of God is the only pretence, which conceals the illusion. Self-love disguised into zeal, is afflicted and dismayed if it cannot gain its point. O God grant me grace to be faithful in the action, and indifferent as to the success. My business is only to

will your will and to gather myfelf up as in you, even in the midst of what I do; it is yours, to grant to my weak efforts such fruits as you please; or, if such is your pleasure no fruit at all.

FOURTEENTH DAY.

On Preparation for Death.

THOU fool, this night will thy foul be redemanded of thee; for whom has thou gathered?" The blindness of mankind cannot sufficiently be lamented, in their unwillingness to think of death, and turning aside from what is inevitable, which might be rendered happy by our thinking of it. To those who are tied to this life, nothing is fo terrible as death. It is strange that so many past ages, form not in us a folid judgment of the present, and that to come, and make us not take greater precaution. We are infatuated with the world as if it never were to have an end. The memory of those (who at this day act the greatest parts upon this stage) shall perish with them. God permits all to be loft, in the profound abys of oblivion, and men more than the rest: the pyramids of Egypt are yet visible; yet the name of him who built them is unknown; what then are we doing on earth, and what will the pleasantest life avail, if by prudent and christian means, it conduct us not to a fweeter and happier death.

2. "Be ready, because at the hour you think not of Jesus Christ the son of man shall come." This saying is personally directed to us, of whatsoever age or rank we be. Notwithstanding which, all people without excepting the good, form projects which suppose a long life, even when it draws towards its end. If one yet hope for recovery, in the extremity of an incurable distemper; what hopes hath not one in sull bealth, or whence proceeds this so obstinate hope of life: but that we passionately love it? or from whence cometh our willingness to remove the thoughts of death,

death, but that we love not the kingdom of God, nor the greatness of the life to come? O mankind heavy of heart, who cannot rise above the earth, where, by their own confession they are miserable! The true means of being prepared for the last moment, is to employ well all others, and always to expect it,

FIFTEETH DAY.

On eternal Hopes.

"THE eye hath not beheld, nor the ear heard, nor the heart of man conceived, what God hath prepared for them that love him." What proportion, between what we do on earth, and what we hope for in heaven! The primitive christians incessantly rejoiced at the prospect of their hope; they continually thought of feeing the heavens open. Croffes, infamies, punishments, cruel deaths; nothing was capable of startling them. They knew the infinite liberality which is to reward fuch fufferings. In their own opinion they never fuffered enough: they were transported with joy, whenever they were deemed worthy of some profound humiliation; and we cowardly fouls we cannot bear fufferings because we know not how to hope! the least crosses overwhelm us, and often, even those which are caused by our pride, our imprudence, and our nicety.

2. "Those who sow in tears, shall gather in joy." We must sow, if we intend to reap, this life is ordained for sowing, in the other we shall enjoy the fruit of our labours. The worldly, cowardly, impatient man is for gathering before he hath sown. We would have God comfort us, and level the ways to conduct us to him. We would willingly serve him, provided it be at small cost. To hope for much, and endure next to nothing, is where self-love tendeth. Blind that we are, shall we never perceive, that the kingdom of God suffers' violence, and that none but souls resolute, and couragious in overcoming themselves

selves, are worthy of the conquest. Let us weep on earth, fince happy are those who weep, and unhappy those who rejoice. Wo unto those, whose comfort is in this world; the time will come, when thefe vain joys shall be confounded. The world shall weep in its turn, and God shall wipe the tears from off our eyes.

SIXTEENTH DAY.

On our daily Bread.

GIVE us this day our daily bread." What, O my God, is this bread? It is not only that fu-Renance which your providence giveth us for the neceffity of life; it is also that nourishment of truth, which you each day give unto the foul: it is a bread which nourisheth for eternal life, which improve h and fortifieth the foul in trials of faith, and you renew it daily. You give precifely, both inwardly and outwardly, what is requifite for the foul's increase in faith, and self-denial. I need therefore only eat this bread, and receive in spirit of sacrifice, whatever bitters you shall give me in exterior affairs, as well as at heart. For whatever happens to me in the course of the day, is my daily bread, provided I refuse not accepting it from your hand, and nourishing myself there withal.

2. Hunger giveth a relish to food, and rendereth it beneficial. Why do we not hunger and thirst after justice? Why have not our fouls a languishing hunger and thirst like our bodies? A man who hath lost his appetite, and can take no food, is fick. Thus doth our foul languish when it feeketh not to be either filled or supported with what cometh from God. Truth and justice are the food of the foul, and that celestial bread we must feed on, confists in knowing good, and being therewith replenished and fortified. Let us therefore eat thereof; let us be greedy for it; let us appear before God like poor beggars, and wait for a little bread. Let us be sensible of our weakness and defects. Unhappy we, if the sense thereof be lost in us! Let

Bet us read and pray with that hungry defire of nourishing our souls with that ardent thirst of refreshing it with the water that springs up even into heaven. A great and constant defire of instruction, is the only means by which we can become worthy of discovering the wonders of the law of God; each one receiveth this sacred bread according to the proportion of his defire, and thereby disposeth himself to receive often and devoutly the substantial bread of the Eucharist with that spirit which preferveth and increaseth life.

SEVENTEENTH DAY.

On the Peace of the Soul.

Leave my peace with you, I give you my peace not as the world giveth it." All mankind fearch for peace where it is not to be found. That peace which the world giveth hopes of, is as different and remote from that which cometh from God, as God himfelf is different and remote from the world, or rather the world promifeth and never giveth peace. It makes a tender of some fleeting pleasures, which cost more than they are worth. It is Jesus Christ alone who can put man in peace: he maketh him confistent with himself; he makes his passions submit to him, sets bounds to his defires, refreshes him by hope of eternal happiness, gives him the comfort of the Holy Ghoft, and makes him relish interior joy even in pains. And, as the fountain from whence this peace is produced cannot dry up, as also, the bottom of the soul where it resideth, is inaccessible to the malignity of mankind, it becometh for the just a treasure which none can rob them of.

and the possessing God upon earth, is only found in submission to faith, and obedience to the law. The one and the other maintain in the bottom of the heart, a love pure and without mixture. Remove all prohibited objects, retrench all unlawful desires, banish all hurry and disquiet; let God be your only desire, seek only

him,

him, and you shall taste peace; you shall relish it in spite of the world. Doth poverty, contempt, ill-success, interior and exterior crosses disturb you? look on all these in the hand of God, as true favours which he distributes to his friends, and whereof he vouchsafeth to make you a partaker. Then the world will appear unto you with a different sace, and nothing shall rob you of the peace you enjoy.

EIGHTEENTH DAY.

On deceitful Joys.

I Have looked on laughter as a dream, and I have faid unto mirth, why dost thou deccive me." The rejoicings of the world can only be compared to the ravings of fick folks, or agreeable dreams of those who fleep. There is no likelihood of finding folidity, when one is wedded to a vain painting, to a hollow image, to a flying shaddow, to a passing figure. We rejoice, because we are deceived, because we fancy we possess a great deal, even when we possess nothing. the awake of death, we shall find our hands empty, and be ashamed of our joy. Wo unto those who in this world have a false comfort, which exclude them from the true one. Let us fay constantly to the vain and infipid joy which the age inspireth, Why dost thou so grofly deceive me? Nothing is worthy of inspiring joy, but our bleffed hopes. All is a meer dream, which is not founded thereon.

2. "Whosoever drinketh of this water, shall yet thirst." The more one drinketh of the corrupted waters of the age, the more one hath thirst. Disquieting defires still encrease in the heart in proportion as one plungeth into evil. The possession of riches only provoketh thirst. Avarice and ambition, are more discontented for what they yet do not enjoy, than contented with what they possess. The enjoyment of pleasures only softens the soul, corrupts her and renders her installable. The more one indulges, the more willing one is to do so. It is easier to retain one's heart in a state-

of fervour and repentance, than to bring it back, or stop it, when it is once on the bent of pleasure and relaxation. Let us be watchful therefore over ourselves. Let us beware of drinking a water which encreaseth thirst. Let us preserve our heart with precaution, lest the world and its vain comforts seduce it, and leave us nothing at last but despair, for having deceived ourselves.

NINETEENTH DAY.

On Holy Tears.

"HAPPY are those who weep, because they shall be comforted." What new fort of tears are those, saith St. Augustine, which render those happy who shed them? This happiness consists in being afflicted in bewailing the corruption of the world, which environs us, and the fnares with which we are furrounded: the inexhaustible fund of corruption, which lieth in the centre of our hearts: the fear of lofing the love of God; the fear of straying from the narrow way. were the subject of the Saints-tears: 'tis difficult to rejoice, when one is in danger of losing the most precious thing one is possessed of, and of losing one's felf. It is impossible not to be afflicted, when all one sees is but vanity, straying, scandal, forgetfulness and contempt of the God we should love. Let us then weep at the prospect of so many subjects for tears. God will rejoice at our affliction. The inspiration is from himself: the love of him causes our tears to flow: he himself will come to wipe them off.

who laugh," yet we will laugh. We hear him fay, "Wo unto you rich whose comfort is in this world," Yet we continually and eagerly seek after riches. He saith, "Blessed are those who weep," yet we apprehend nothing so much as weeping. We must bewail here on earth, not only the danger of our condition, but all that is vain and irregular. All we perceive within and without, is only affliction of spirit, temptation and sin; all is

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of our love, is real unhappiness. How many reasons for lamenting! It is the best we can do. Happy tears which proceed from grace, which give us a dislike of passing things, and which produce in us the desire of eternal happiness!

TWENTIETH DAY.

On worldly Prudence.

"HE prudence of the flesh, is death to the soul." The prudence of the children of the world must be great, since Jesus Christ assureth us of it in the gospel, and is often even greater than that of the children of God: but in it is found a dreadful defect, notwithstanding all its spacious appearances; for it killeth all those who take it for their rule of life. That crooked prudence made up of craft and artifice, is opposite to that of God, which ever moveth in uprightness and simplicity: but of what use are all their talents to the prudent ones of the age, fince at last they find themselves taken in their own snares. James the apostle nameth this prudence, "Earthly, animal, and diabolical." Earthly, because the extent of its cares, are the acquifition and possession of the goods of the earth. Animal, because its only intent is to furnish mankind with all that indulgeth their pasfions and to plunge them in fenfual pleasures. Diabolical, because being endued with all the spirit and penetration of the devil; it has likewife all his malice. With it one imagineth to deceive all others, and none is deceived but one's felf.

2. The only wisdom worthy of the name is that of Jesus Christ. Therefore all are blind who sancy themselves wise, without it. They pursue phantoms in the dark. They are like to those, who take themselves to be awake in a dream, and fancy all the objects to be real. Such are all the great of the earth, all the sages of the age, all that are enchanted with sale pleasures; only the

the children of God move towards the rays of pure truth. What can men fu'l of vain and ambitious thoughts expect? Often difgrace, always death, the judgment of God and eternity. Behold the mighty objects, which appear and present themselves to those prophane men! Notwithstanding they perceive them not; their policy foresees all excepting the downsal, and unavoidable destruction of all they seek for. O madmen when will you open your eyes to the light of Jesus Christ, which will discover unto you, that all the grandeurs on earth are a meer nothing.

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TWENTY-FIRST DAY.

On Confidence in God.

IT is better to place one's trust in God than in man." You every day confide in weak friends, in unknown men, in unfaithful servants, yet you are astaid to confide in God. A writing executed by a man in publick authority sets you at rest as to your temporal concerns: yet you rely not on the eternal gospel; you believe the promises of the world: God swears unto you and it is with difficulty you believe him. What dishonour to God! what unhappiness to you! Let us reduce things into order; let us with moderation do all that in us lieth: let us (without prescribing limits) expect what depends on God. Let us suppress all hurry of passion, all uneasiness disguised under the title of reason and zeal: who acteth thus establisheth himself in God, and becometh immoveable as mount Sion.

2. Our confidence of falvation, ought to be yet more elevated and affured. "By the affiftance of him who ftrengtheneth me I can do all." When I believed myself able to do every thing I could do nothing: And at present, when I take myself to be capable of doing nothing, I begin to be able to do all. Happy in ability which maketh me, O my God! find in you all that was wanting in myself. I glory in my infirmities.

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and the misfortunes of my life, fince they undeceive me of the whole world and myself. I ought to esteem myself happy in being crushed by so merciful a hand, fince in this annihilation I shall be endued with your strength, skreened under your wings, and environed with that special protection, which you extend over your humble children, who place their entire considence in you.

TWENTY-SECOND DAY.

On the Depth of the Mercy of God.

HOW vast is the mercy of the Lord." It is an affured refuge for all who turn towards it. Why do we delay casting ourselves into the depth of this abysis? The more we lose ourselves therein, with confidence full of love, the more we shall be in a state of falvation. Let us give curselves to God without referve, and fear nothing: he will love us, and we shall love him: his love each day increasing, will stand in lieu of all the rest. He alone will replenish our Hearts, which the world had befotted, and disturbed, without being ever able to confent it. We shall only part with what maketh us unhappy. We shall only be made to despise the world, which we do perhaps already: we shall only be made to do most things we now do; but, which are ill done, whereas in being referred to him, they will prove all well done, even the least action of simple and common life, will turn to comfort and reward. We shall see in peace the approach of death; it will to us become a beginning of immortal life. Far from stripping us; it will, as St. Paul faith, " cloathe us, and we shall then discover the depth of the mercies, which God exerciseth over our fouls."

2. Reflect in the presence of God on the effects of this infinite mercy, on those you already have knowledge of, on the lights bestowed on you by Jesus Christ, on the good sentiments he hath inspired you with

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with, on the fins he hath forgiven you, on the snares of the world from which he hath protected you, on the extraordinary affistance he hath dispensed to you: endeavour to be moved by the remembrance of all those precious marks of his bounty; add thereunto the thoughts of crosses wherewith he hath laden you for your fanctification; for they also are riches which he hath drawn from the depth of his treasures, and you ought to confider them as fignal testimonies of his love. Let the acknowledgment for what is passed, inspire you with a confidence of what's to come. Fearful foul be perfuaded that he hath too much love for you, not to continue it. Let your diffidence be of yourfelf, not of him: remember (as faith the apostle) " That he is the father of mercies, and God of all comfort." fometimes separates these two. Comfort withdraws, but mercy endureth for ever. He hath deprived you of what was mild, and fenfible in his grace, because you. required being humbled and punished, for having elfewhere fought vain comforts. This chastisement is also a new depth of his divine mercy.

TWENTY-THIRD DAY.

On the Sweetness of the Yoke of Jesus Christ.

"My yoke is sweet and my burden is light." Let not the name of yoke terrify us. We bear the weight of it, but God beareth it with us, and more than we do, because it is a yoke to be borne by two, and that it is his and not ours. Jesus Christ inspireth love for this yoke: he maketh it easy by the interior charm of justice and truth. He sprinkleth his chaste delights on Virtues, and rendereth false pleasures loathsome. He upholdeth man against himself, draweth him forcibly from his original corruption, and rendereth him strong, notwithstanding his weakness. O man of little faith, what fear you! leave all to God, abandon yourself to him: you suffer, but it is with love, and peace: you fight, but you gain the vic-

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tory, and God himself, after having sought in your favour, will crown you with his own hand. You weep, but your tears will be sweet, and God himself will come with pleasure to wipe them off. No longer will you be permitted to abandon yourself to any tyrannical passions, but by a voluntary sacrifice of your liberty, you find (in lieu thereof) another unknown to the world, and more precious than all the power of kings.

2. What blindness to apprehend being too deeply engaged with God. Let us plunge into his bosom; the more one loves him, the more also will one love all he enjoineth. This love it is, that comforts us in our loffes, that sweeteneth our crosses, that taketh us, off from all that is dangerous to love, that preserveth us from a thousand poisons, that discovereth a well doing mercy through all the evils we endure, that in death itself, reveals unto us an eternal glory and felicity. How can we apprehend being too much replenished with it? Is being discharged of the heavy yoke of the world, and carrying the light burden of Jesus Christ an unhappines? Do we fear being too happy, too much freed from the whims of our pride, from the violence of our passions, and from the tyranny of a deceitful age?

TWENTY-FOURTH DAY.

On mistaken Liberty.

Wherefoever is the spirit of the Lord, there also is liberty." The love of liberty is one of the most dangerous passions of the heart of man; and the effect of this passion (as of all others) is, that it deceiveth all those whom it governs, and instead of liberty, they by it endure the severest and most shameful slavery. What call you the several occurrences of life! What are you not obliged to bear to gain the esteem of those men you so much despise! What does it not cost you, when your passions run too great a length, to gratify those, you are willing to yield to, to conceal your

your afflictions, to get over perplexing and troublefome appearances! where is then the fo much beloved liberty, and which you with so much difficlty facrifice unto God? Where is it? Do but shew
it me? I every where perceive nothing but constraint,
mean, and base slavery, a deplorable necessity of disguise. We refuse ourselves unto God, who is willing
to receive us purely for our salvation, and deliver ourselves up to the world, that is willing, only to tyran-

nize over and deftroy us.

2. People fancy they do just as they please in the world, because they relish the taste of their passions, by which they are borne away; but let us attend to the terrible diffafte, the mortal uneafiness, the disappointments inseparable from pleasures, and the humiliations one must go through, even in the highest stations. All is mingled both exteriorly, and interiorly with vexation and anxiety. We think ourselves to be free, when our dependence is only on ourselves. Foolish mistake! Is there a state, where we depend not on as many mafters as there are persons with whom we have concern? Is there one, wherein we depend not even more on the fancies of others than our own. fociety of life, is only constrained by being captives to good breeding, and under a necessity of pleasing others. Our passions also are worse than the cruelest enemy: if we give ourselves unto them but by halves, we must every hour be at jars, and not have one breathing minute. They betray themselves, gnaw the heart, trample on laws of hondur and reason, and never are fatisfied: Where will this torrent lead, if one abandons himself intirely. It is with horror, I reflect on it. Preserve me O my God! from this dismal slavery; which human infolence is not ashamed of calling liberty. It is in you alone we are free: it is your truth that shall deliver us and make known unto us by experience, that to ferve you is to reign.

TWENTY-FIFTH DAY.

On a fixed Resolution of Serving God.

ORD what will you have me to do." Thus faid St. Paul, when miraculously cast down, by the grace of that faviour whom he profecuted. Alas! to what degree have we perfecuted him by our infidelities, our humours, our passions, which in our heart have disturbed the work of his mercy? he hath indeed cast us down by tribulation, crushed our pride, confounded our worldly prudence, and put our felf-love into consternation. Let us then fay unto him with intire refignation, "Lord, what will you have me do;" until now my conversion unto you has been but imperperfect; I made use of a thousand delays, and endeavoured to fave and carry off all that was possible for me, from the wreck of my conversion; but I am at present ready to give up all, and you shall become the absolute master of my heart and conduct.

2. An universal offer is nevertheless insufficient: It will come to nothing, if it remain wavering and uncertain, and descend not to particulars and to practice. Too long (saith St. Augustine) have I indulged an unsettled and seeble will for God. To be desirous of perfection costs us nothing, if we do nothing for it; we must therefore desire it more than all the dearest temporal things, and those we most eagerly pursue, and must not be unwilling to do less for God than we have done for the world. Let us search into the bottom of our heart. Am I determined to sacrifice to God my strongest friendships: my habits which have taken the deepest root, my predominant inclinations,

and deliver as and once encown into us by ex-

my most agreeable amusements.

TWENTY.

TWENTY-

TWENTY-SIXTH DAY.

On the Capitulation one would make with God.

HOW long will you halt on two fides? None can ferve two masters." We know very well that to be faved, we must serve God and love him: but we would willingly take off from his fervice and his love all that is burdenfome, and leave therein only what is agreeable. We would ferve him, provided we gave him but bare words and ceremonies, and even thort ones, which foon become tirefome, and tedious to us. We would love him, provided we might love at the same time (and that perhaps more than him) all that he loveth not and condemneth in the vanities of the world. We would love him, provided we diminished none of that blind self-love, which reacheth even to idolatry, and which is the cause that instead of referring ourselves unto God, as unto him for whom we are made; we on the contrary would refer God to ourselves, and only seek him as a refuge for our comfort, when creatures fail us. We would ferve and love him, provided it should be permitted us to be out of countenance at his love, to conceal it as a frailty, to be ashamed of him as of a friend unworthy of love, to pay him only fome exterior of religion for avoiding scandal, but live at the discretion of the world, that we may offer nothing to God, but with leave of the world itself. What service and what love!

2. God admits of no other compact with us, but what hath reference to our first alliance in baptism, where we have promised to renounce all, in order to be intirely his; and to the first commandment of his law, where he requireth without any reserve, all our heart, all our spirit, and all our strength. Can we in essect sincerely love God, and have so much deference for his enemy the world, on which he hath pronounced so many terrible maledictions? Can we love God, and apprehend knowing him too well, for fear of making too large a facrifice? Can we love God, and rest contented in not affronting him without any con-

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cern of pleasing him, of glorifying him, and of testifying courageously the ardor and sincerity of our love, in all occasions which daily occur? God giveth himself unto us without either limitation or reserve, and we would insist on a thousand from him. Are there on earth creatures vile enough to be satisfied with our loving them in this manner? Yet we are not assamed of it, and seem willing that God should be satisfied with our loving him in this limited manner.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY.

On the well employing of our Time.

ET us do good whilst we have time: a night will come, wherein no one will be able to work." Time is precious but we are ignorant of its value: this we shall know, when there will no longer be room to make our profit of it. Our friends demand it of us as a trifle, and we befrow it accordingly. It often is a burden to us, and costs us some pains to know how to dispose of it. A day will come when a quarter of an hour will appear of more efteem, and more defireable than all the riches of the universe. God, who in all other things, is liberal and magnificent, teacheth us by the wife ceconomy of his providence, how circumspect we ought to be in the good use of time, fince he never granteth us two instants at once; and he granteth the fecond by withdrawing the first, and retaining the third in his hand; the enjoyment of which is intirely uncertain. Time is given us to provide for eternity, and an eternity will not be too long, for lamenting the loss of time, if we happen to mispend it.

whole heart: the one and the other are not too much for him; he hath given them us for no other end, but to love and ferve him: let us rob him of nothing in either. Great things are not every moment in our power; but we can always do what is proper in our

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station. Our being filent, our fuffering, our praying, when we cannot act exteriorly, is offering a great deal to God. A disappointment, a contradiction, a murmur, an importunity, an injustice received, and patiently taken, are in the fight of God well worth half an hour's prayer, and time is not loft, when in the lofing we practise meekness and patience. But then this must be a loss of necessity, and not occasioned by our own Thus regulate your days and redeem time, as St. Paul fays, "In flying the world and abandoning unto it those goods which are not worth the time they take from us." Quit the amusements, the idle correspondence, the inclinations of the heart, which indulge felf-love, and conversations which dissipate the mind, and tend to nothing. You will find time for God, and nothing is well employed, but what is employed for him.

TWENTY-EIGHTH DAY.

On the Presence of God.

WALK in my presence and be perfect." Thus Lord did you say unto the faithful Abraham; and indeed, who ever walketh in your presence, is in the way to perfection. They stray from this holy way, only when they lose sight of you, and cease to seek you in all they do. Alas! where do I go, when I see you no more, you who are my light, and the only end where unto my paces are designed? The means never to stray, is to consider you in all the steps we make. O resplendent faith in the midst of darkness, which environs us! O prospect sull of considence and of love, which leadeth man to perfection! O God, I see but you! it is you only I seek, and consider in all my eyes seem to behold.

The order of your providence is what attracts my attention. My heart only awakes for you in the multitude of affairs, obligations, and thoughts wherewith I am taken up, because they only employ me to obey

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your orders: thus do I endeavour to re-unite all my attention in you, O fovereign and only object of my heart! when even I am necessitated to divide my care, pursuant to the laws of your divine will. What could I see in these vile creatures, had you ceased applying

me to them, and I ceased seeing you in them?

2. I am then resolved to hold my eyes raised to-wards the holy mountains from whence I expect all my strength, and all my assistance. In vain should I depend on my feet, for my deliverance from the innumerable snares wherewith I am surrounded. Danger cometh from below, but deliverance can only come from above. It is there my eyes are raised to see you. All upon earth is ensnaring to me, within and without; all without you, Lord, is a snare; towards you alone my eyes and heart bear. I will see only you; in you only do I hope. My enemies besiege me without intermission. I am terrified by my own weakness; but you have made conquest of the world for you and for me, and your omnipotent strength will uphold my infirmity.

TWENTY-NINTH DAY.

On the Love God hath for us.

Have loved you with an eternal love." God waited not our being fome thing to love us. Before all ages, and even before we had our present being, he thought of us, and thought only to do us

good.

What he meditated from eternity, he executed in its time. His bountiful hand hath diffused all forts of blessings on us. Even neither our insidelities nor our ingratitudes, as numberless almost as his favours, have not yet been able to dry up the fountain of his gifts, nor stop the course of his graces. O love without any beginning, which hath loved me during infinite ages, and even when I neither could be sensible of it, nor acknowledge it! O love without measure, which

which hath made me what I am, which hath given me what I have; and which also promise me infinitely more! O love without interruption, and without inconstancy, which all the bitter waters of my iniquities could not quench! Have I a heart O my God! If I be not pierced with gratitude and tenderness for you?

2. But what do I see? A God who even after having given all, giveth himself. A God who cometh to seek me even from nothing, because my sin hath sunk me so low. A God who taketh the form of a slave, to deliver me from the slavery of my enemies. A God who maketh himself poor to enrich me. A God who calleth me, and pursueth me when I sly. A God who expireth in torments, to force me from the arms of death, and to give me in lieu thereof a happy life: yet I often both resuse him and the life he offers. What would one think a man to be, who should love another, as God loveth us; and of what curses do not those become unworthy, who after all shall not love the Lord Jesus Christ?

THIRTIETH DAY.

On the Love we ought to have for God.

"WHAT have I to defire in heaven, and what can I love on earth," if it be not you, O my God! When we say to God that we love him with all our heart, it is often a speech, a discourse, without reality. We have been so taught to say in our infancy, and we continue it, when we are grown up without often knowing what we say. To love God is to have no other will but his; to observe faithfully his holy law; to have horror for sin. To love God, is to love what Jesus Christ loved, poverty, humiliations, sufferings; to hate what Jesus Christ hath hated, the world, vanity, passions. Can it be believed that we love an object, we would not resemble? To love God is to converse willingly with him: to defire L. 3

going to him: to figh and languish for him. O falfe

love that careth not to fee what one loveth!

2. The faviour is come to bring a divine fire opon the earth, and his defire is, that this fire burn and confame all. Men live nevertheless in a mortal coldness. They love a little metal, a house, a name, an airy title, a chimera, which they call reputation. They love a conversation, an amusement which vanisheth There is but God, for whom they have from them. no love left: all is exhausted for the most despiseable creatures. Shall we never be willing to tafte the happiness of divine love? Until when shall we prefer the unhappiness of loving the most envenomed creatures? O God! Reign over us, notwithstanding our infidelitics. Let the fire of your love extinguish all other: what can we see worthy of love out of you, which we find not again perfectly in you, who are the fountain. of all good? Grant us grace to love you; we no. longer will love any but you, and our love shall be eternal.

THIRTY-FIRST DAY.

On the Sentiments of Divine Love.

O God of my heart, O God, my eternal inheritance! Can we know you, O my God! and not. love you? you who furpais in beauty, in virtue, in grandeur, in power, in goodness, in liberality, in magnificence, in all forts of perfections, and (what concerneth me nearer) in love for me, and in all that created spirits can comprehend. The respect and inequality between you and me, ought feemingly to prevent me, but you give me leave; that is faying too little, you command me to love you. After that, Lord! I no longer know myself, I possess myself no more. O facred love which hath wounded my love, and which with your own darts, has wounded yourfelf for me! Come my cure, or come rather to make the wound, you have given me, deeper and more fenfible!

fenfible! Separate me from all creatures, they annoy me, they are troublesome; you alone suffice me, and

I will have no other than you.

2. What! shall it be said, that the nonsensical lovers of the earth, carry their foolish passions to an excess of delicacy and ardor, and you be loved but slightly and after a manner? No, no, my God it must not be, that prophane love shall emulate or exceed the divine love. Make known your power on the heart that The access to it is free for you: the is all yours. fprings of it are known to you; you know what your grace is capable of stirring up in me. You want only my consent, and the submission of my liberty. A thoufand and a thousand times do I give you the one and the other: take all: act as God: take me in your arms: consume me. Weak and impotent creature that I am, I have nothing to give you but my love. Increase Lord and make it more worthy of you. O that I were capable of doing great things for you! That I had a great deal to facrifice to you! But all I can is nething: to figh, to languish, to love, and to die, is from hence forward all I defire.

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SOME NECESSARY.

CONSIDERATIONS

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Of the following:

CHRISTIAN DUTIES...

MONG the many worthy attempts that have: been made to retrieve the piety and devotion of the primitive times, the promoting frequent communion has had no inconfiderable influence; and as this ancient practice recovers its true perfection, we may reasonably expect, that the wonderful effects of it will. appear in the lives and conversation of christians.

The duty itself feems at prefent much better understood than it was formerly, when many very unwary discourses upon the subject, rather discouraged than excited men to the performance of it. The preparation was looked upon as fo difficult and burdenfome, and fogreat a perfection of piety required in the receivers, that all fincere beginners in religion were inclined to think, that the facred inftitution no ways related to them; and men of business, though otherwise very ferious, were of opinion, that more retirement was necesfary than they could spare, and that not being able to prepare themselves properly, they altogether laid aside the duty, and referved the holy communion for their waticum-in their last hours; which, though an admirable means to fettle and fecure the pardon and peace of fuch penitent fouls as have frequented the altar in the time of their health and vigour; yet it is to be feared, will will but little avail those who have wilfully neglected it

all along in life.

Now, if christians did but seriously consider, that the best preparation for celebrating the holy mysteries confifted in a constant care to govern their lives by the precepts of the gospel; and that it was sufficient if they approached the Lord's table with honest and devout minds, heartily and fincerely refolving to amend their lives, and truly willing and defirous to use all means to become better; it is impossible, if mens. minds were pollefled with this right notion of the matter, and that they really defigned to be true to their christian professions, but that they should embrace all opportunities of receiving the holy facrament, and lament every reasonable cause of their absence, as a great misfortune; because it is the best means to enable them to discharge their duty. And indeed, the religion we live by, is the religion we must receive by; though the method many men take upon these occasions, tempt one to believe that they think there is a great difference between them.

For our part, we could never discover any duty, supposing one instructed in the nature of this holy action, that a man was obliged to, before receiving the holy communion, that was not his duty some time or other, though he forbore communicating. For the holy accament does not so much oblige us to new duties, as enable us to make good those obligations which the profession of christianity has already laid up-

en us.

They that are acquainted with ecclesiastical history, know very well, that the eucharist in the purest ages of the church, made a part of their daily publick service; and when the devotion of ahristians began to decline, they yet always upon the Lord's-day, celebrated the christian service. Our second service at the altar seems desective without a conformable practice to antiquity in this point, and the holy exercises of the Lord's-day appear to want their due persection without these eucharistical

tical devotions. To this purpose our church has encouraged a constant weekly communion, by permitting it to be celebrated where three or sour persons are ready and willing to communicate; as being assured by our saviour, that where two or three are gathered together in his

name, there he is himself in the midst of them. And if the parochial minister should begin with such a small number, it is likely they would quickly increase, at least it will demonstrate his own zeal to shew forth the Lord's death, and may bring a blessing upon his parish, as well as upon the other labours of his holy function.

This christian institution was ordained, not only to put us in mind of those great blessings which our saviour purchased for us by his death; for what man that researches upon his christianity, can easily forget them? But it was also established as a sacred rite to supplicate. God the Father by the merits of our saviour's passion, representing to him the symbols of his body and blood, that thereby he may become savourable and propitious to us. This sense of it is agreeable to the holy scriptures, as they were understood by those who lived night to the times of the apostles.

We are very sensible this subject has exercised the pens of many learned and devout persons, and thought we abound with discourses upon the argument of preparation, wherein the substance of practical divinity is introduced, as if it was only necessary at such times, yet it may be said with good reason that we cannot exceed in multiplying books upon the devotional part; the tempers and apprehensions of men being so different, that what does not affect one, may touch another; and so that substantial piety and devotion admit of improvement, too many instruments cannot be employed in advancing them.

The most proper preparation for communion, in the opinion of the most eminent divines, should be grounded on a strict examination of the state of our conscience, and an humble a knowledgment of our fins, accompani-

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6. Instructions and Prayers for Confirmation.

ed with a fincere and hearty contrition. It is therefore this method has been adopted in its due extent: and as confirmation is also deemed a prerequisite to communion, it was thought necessary to begin with some instructions for that purpose.

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Instructions and Prayers for Confirmation.

Confirmation is in pursuance of the great vow we made at our baptism. The practice of it is as ancient as the days of the apostles: St. Paul laid his hands on the baptized at Ephesus, and confirmed them. Acts wix. 6.

Though the Samaritans had been converted and baptized by Philip the deacon, they did not receive the Holy Ghoft, till St. Peter, and St. John had confirmed them. Acts viii. 14. Tertullian, who lived in the fecond century, fays, that they laid on hands after baptifm, to invite the Holy Ghost. St. Cyprian has these words, "Upon those who have been baptized in the church, the Holy Ghost is invocated and poured out, prayer being made over them, and hands laid upon them." It is an apostolical rite, and therefore with good reasonpractifed in the church of England, which has a just veneration for all ancient and good customs. Calvin also commendeth the use of it; and has spoken much in its favour; and yet, alas! it is too much neglected to the grief of all good men. It is certainly a great fin to despife it, or wilfully to neglect it, because it conduceth to the increase of christian piety, as procuring the holy fpirit to affift us in our duty. It confutes the Anabaptiffs in their clamouring against us for baptizing children before they come to years of understanding. For we have baptism to secure us in case of death; and confirmation is the same security they pretend to, who defer it till' riper years. If you are a godfather, be careful to difcharge the obligation you have entered into; and let' young persons read over often the office of baptism and confirmation.

When therefore children, having been folemnly dedicated to God in baptism, and their names written in the book of life, come to years of discretion, and a fit capacity of professing their faith; their godfathers and godmothers ought to bring them to the bishop to be confirmed by him: to the intent; that in the prefence of God and the congregation, they may renew the folemn promise and vow, that was made in their name, at their baptism. Confirmation puts us in mind how shameful it is to dishonour the christian name, when we have openly in the church declared our refolution to live and die in the faith of Chrift. If all who have been baptised, and could give an account and reason of their faith, were then presented to the bishop for confirmation, and would confent to the promife their fureties, made, and vows through God's help to perform the same, this would draw down the affift; ance of God's holy spirit, dispose them to remember their creator in the days of their youth, and enable them to grow in grace, and persevere in a godly and christian course unto their lives end.

A Prayer, before Confirmation, to be used by those that are preparing for it.

MOST merciful God, by whose gracious providence I was born of christian parents, and early dedicated to thee in holy baptism; make me thoroughly sensible, I beseech thee, of thy infinite goodness in bestowing upon me the blessed privileges of being made a member of thy church, a child of God, and an inheriter of the kingdom of heaven.

Grant, O Lord, that by the affistance of thy grace, I-may carefully and zealously perform all those conditions, upon which thou wast pleased

I may constantly refift the devil and all those temptations by which he seeks to destroy me: that I may renounce all covetous desires of honour, riches, and pleasure, and all those evil customs and maxims of the world, which alienate mens minds from the love of God; that I may mortify the inordinate appetites of my own corrupt nature, of my own carnal mind; that I may believe all thy holy revelations, and keep thy blessed will and commandments all the days of

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my life.

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And now, O Lord, that I am about to renew the folemn yow of my haptism, and publickly in thy presence to ratify all those things I then promised by my securities; I humbly befeech thee to enlighten my mind with the knowledge and understanding of that solemn engagement I then made, and am now about to confirm; influence my will, and all the faculties of my foul, heartily and fincerely to perform it. Let not the many and grievous fins I have committed, deprive me of those affiftances of thy holy Spirit, which I now expect to receive; but, on my true repentance, let the precious blood of my faviour, wash away all may past fins, and grant that I may be enabled to mortify and fubdue them for the time to come. And foramuch as without thee, I am not able to please thee, pour thy holy Spirit into my, heart, that by his holy infoiration I may think those things which are good, and by his merciful guidance may perform the same, through Jesus Christ our Lord, 10 conditions, upon which thou walt pleafed

in whose blessed name and words I continue to pray, saying,

Our Father, &c.

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A Prayer after Confirmation, which may be faid while others are confirming, and may be added to the Evening Prayer of the Party confirmed.

BLeffed and praised be thy holy name, O Lord, for those fresh supplies of grace which thou hast been pleased to communicate to me.

Bleffed be thy name for those comfortable affurances thou hast given me of thy favour and goodness towards me. Bleffed be thy name for that privilege thou hast now bestowed upon meof approaching thy holy table, and of strengthening and refreshing my soul by partaking there

of the body and blood of Christ.

Encrease in me, O Lord, more and more the gifts of thy holy Spirit, that I may be wise for eternity, and make it the chief business of my life to please thee in all my actions; that I may love and fear thee above all things; that I may be just and righteous in all my dealings, and ready to communicate to the necessities of others; that I may keep a constant watch over myself, so as not to exceed the bounds of temperance and sobriety.

Grant, O Lord, that my corrupt nature may be daily renewed and purified by thy holy Spirit, that no danger or persecution may affright me from my duty; that no pleasure may make me careless and negligent in the performance of it;

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and that under afflictions, most grievous to sless and blood, I may be entirely resigned, and submit to thy holy will and pleasure. Let thy holy Spirit, O Lord, so guide and govern me through the whole course of my short life in this world, that I may not fail to obtain eternal life in the world to come, through Jesus Christ, our Lord. Amen.

Instructions for Self-Examination.

After you have performed your ordinary Devotion for the Day, you may use this Prayer before Examination.

O Thou great searcher of hearts, who seest and knowest all my sins; help me so to search every secret of my heart, that I may leave no sin, if possible unrepented of. Give me grace so impartially to judge and condemn myself, so humbly to repent and beg pardon, that I may not be condemned, when I shall appear at thy tribunal, in the great and terrible day of the Lord Jesus.

But alas! after the most strict examination, who can number his iniquities? Who can tell how oft he offended? Cleanse me therefore, O Lord, I beseech thee, not only from my presumptions and known sins, but from all secret and unknown transgressions, for his sake, who died for sinners, Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

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MOTIVES to EXAMINATION.

Having devoutly prayed for God's affistance, doubt not but he will vouchsafe it to you. And the better to dispose your heart to the duty of self-examination.

Consider seriously with yourself: that it is appointed for all men once to die; and after death to be called to judgment. That God hath appointed a day in which he will judge the world in righteousness by Jesus Christ; at whose coming all men shall rise again with their bodies, and shall give an account of their own works: and they that have done good, shall go into life everlasting; and they that have done evil, into everlasting fire: for the books shall be opened, and the dead shall be judged out of the things written in these books according to their works. And then consider how much, how nearly it concerns you to judge yourself before that time, that you be not judged, that is, condemned of the Lord.

Since then you must give an account of yourself, of all your thoughts, words, and actions; and be acquitted or condemned at the last day, according as they have been conformable to the law of God, or not; with what seriousness, with what sincerity, and religious awe, ought you to set about this great work? So that by comparing your life with the law of God, you may perceive wherein you have done amiss, and heartily repent of your sins; and by the grace of God, resolve to lead a new life; in all things conforming yourself to his holy will and pleasure, and then you shall not be condemned of the Lord

Again, confider with yourfelf, that now is the time of falvation, that by the use of these means of grace

of falvation, that by the use of these means of grace you may get an opportunity of reconciling yourself to your offended God; of doing the work you are set to do; and of making yourself capable of salvation; which

You know not how foon may be taken from you.

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And that this confideration may have the better effect upon you; imagine yourself a while in the other world, among separate and departed spirits, whose seafon and opportunity of action is over; upon whom the sun of grace, as well as natural life, is gone down, and that night come, in which no man can work: in short, who are either happy or miserable for ever.

Confider with yourself seriously the condition of these spirits, what thoughts and sentiments they have of things; what they think of a finful, and what fenfe they have of a holy and religious life; what inward rejoicings and raptures those have, who were so wife and happy, as to apply themselves to virtue and piety; and how they now justify and approve their conduct, bleffing and admiring the grace and goodness of God. And what anguish, rage, felf-condemnation and regret, those return upon themselves, who lived in fin and wickedness! How do they unwish all their past thoughts and actions, their defigns and undertakings, their bufineffes and employments, their pleasures and their friendships, their vain conversations, and their merry meetings, their jests on religion, and upon good men; yea, and their very beings too; I fay, how do they unwish all these things! How passionately do they wish again for those opportunities which they once had, but can never again recover; and which you now have, but are too apt to mispend and trifle away: not confidering this life is the only opportunity for transacting the great affair of eternity; and that though it is now in your power to be happy, yet it will not be always fo; for your day will end, and your night will come: And therefore it highly concerns you, to employ the present time well, and to work whilst it is called day, before the night cometh, when no man can work. Confider feriously of these things, and, by the grace of God, they will work upon your heart, and make it more humble, more considerate, more disposed for repentance and devotion, and more sufceptible of divine impressions, 2. After 2. After you have so long considered of these things, as to be affected with them, set yourself in the presence of almighty God, who knoweth all things, and carefully examine into the state and condition of your soul. For which purpose, you may use the heads of examination that follow, or such other as you find better suited to your condition: and where you find you have offended God, you ought forrowfully to consess and bewail your having so done, and resolve by his

grace to amend for the future.

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For you are to confider, examination is in order to attain a true and distinct knowledge of yourself, and the actions of your past life; and especially to bring your fins to remembrance, with all their aggravating circumstances: fo that considering the folly of them, and the evil consequences thereof, you may be brought to a hatred and abhorrence of them; to a hearty forrow for them, and thorough purpose of forsaking them. Examination is also in order to recollect what temptations have usually prevailed on you, and to consider before-hand, whatever the fame, or fome other, are, or may be most liable to prevail, so that you may arm yourfelf against them by holy resolutions, and watchfulness, and circumspection: and also to try the temper and disposition of your mind and heart, whether you are fo refigned, contented, and humble, and have fuch love and charity, and fuch other holy dispositions as the gospel requires; that if you have not, you may endeavour, by the affiftance of God's grace, to attain them: and also may take up such hely resolutions, that every thought (fo far as human infirmity will admit) may be brought into subjection to the will of God. And when you have in some measure attained to newness of life, you must endeavour to grow in grace, and in the knowledge of our Lord Jesus Christ.

Self-examination is therefore in order to bring you to a true and fincere repentance; by which is not meant a forrow for fin only, but also an entire change of mind, and an effectual reformation of life; so as

hereafter

hereafter to deny all ungodliness and worldly lusts, and to live soberly, righteously, and godly in this present evil world; not allowing yourself in the continuance of any known sin; but sincerely practising whatsoever you shall understand to be your duty; and to bring forth fruits meet for repentance, by ceasing to do evil, and learning to do good: that is, in short, to live a holy life, which consists in a constant and persevering obedience to all the commands of God, in a gospel-sense; (allowing for human weaknesses and impersections) which seem to be the proper notions the holy scripture give of repentance, and upon which only there is any

promise of falvation.

When therefore you have carefully examined your felf; and (as it may be proper) have fet down in wil ting what fins you find you have committed, and what duties you have neglected; consider them in all their aggravating circumflances; whether they have been done against the motions of God's holy spirit, and perhaps some of them frequently, and against your refe lutions to the contrary. But there may be yet greated aggravations of fin; namely, when the finner has committed it so often, and lived in it so long, that it is become habitual or customary to him; and instead of being ashamed and confounded for it, makes a mod at it; and not only takes pleasure and delight, but boafts and glories therein. The necessity of considering the feveral aggravations of our fins, appears from hence, because the circumstances we were in, when we committed fuch or fuch a fin, may not a little enhance and increase our guilt; and a fin attended with many aggravating circumstances in the commission thereof, requires a proportionable degree of forrow and humiliation, in order to our forfaking it, and ob taining pardon for it. This being done, endeavour to possess your mind, with a true sense of the great evil of fin; how contrary it is to God's holiness, to hi will, to his commands, his goodness, his justice, and especially to the great mystery of godliness; how contraff trary also it is to man, to his reason and conscience, to his inward peace and satisfaction, and to his interest temporal and spiritual, present and suture; that this is the only evil, which was thought worthy of the son of God to deliver us from, who died to redeem us from

the bondage of fin and fatan.

In the height of all that love, which the compaffionate faviour of the world had for perifhing mankind,
he did not think fit to rescue them from pain, sickness,
poverty, disgrace, or any of the common afflictions of
human life; no, nor even from death itself. All these
seemed to be below his notice; only sin and damnation appeared to him to be evils so great, that he would
not endure the thought of our being subject to them.
For "God so loved the world, that he gave his only
begotton son, to the end that all that believe in him,"
(that is, believe in him, in order to obey him)
"should not perish but have everlasting life:" "to
obey" has been added, because in this text, as in divers other, the word belief is taken for the whole of
religion, obedience as well as faith.

Endeavour to keep a constant remembrance of these things in your mind; for they will be of great use to you, not only to lead you to a true repentance for what is past, but to prevent your falling into sin for the

future.

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It will be impossible to give such directions for the performance of this duty, as will be proper for all perfons; those who have led wicked lives, and have for a long time put off repentance, have undoubtedly a great account to make up; and therefore must spend the more time and pains in reconciling themselves, by considering their past lives, and forming good resolutions. Those that began this duty betimes, and who by the grace of God, have been kept in their youth from contracting vicious habits, or committing any great sins, have less to do, when they set about this duty: nevertheless, self-examination, being a duty so often, and so plainly taught by God in holy scripture, who best

best knew the necessity and advantage of it; no one that is a christian, ought to neglect, or perform it

flightly.

When you examine yourself, let it be chiefly about your wilful sins, and sins of commission; and be not over scrupulous, either to accuse yourself of sin you never committed, or to reckon up all your infirmities; for that would render your examination endless and impracticable: and though there may be some sins that you may doubt whether you have committed; others you may fear you have forgot; yet be not discouraged, for when you have acted honestly and sincerely, rest satisfied; it being all that religion requireth: but what sins you cannot recollect and find out, so as particularly to consess and bewail, you ought to conclude under a general repentance for whatsoever you have done amiss; and to pray that God would cleanse you from your secret saults.

When you have once thoroughly examined your life, you must not think your work at an end; but must frequently exercise yourself therein; and the ost-ner you do so, the more easy and delightful you will find it. At such times it may not be necessary that you should examine your whole life with that strictness you did at first; but chiefly examine yourself, how you have kept your good resolutions, what progress you have made in a religious course of life, and what fins of commission or omission you have been guilty of, since your last examination, and how you came to fall into them; what the temptations, what the circumstances and occasions; that you may arm yourself against them, and so avoid them for the time to come.

General Heads of Examination.

13/4

O My foul, enter into the consideration of thine own state, search thine heart to the bottom; ask thy-felf, what thou hast done, how thou hast carried thy-felf since the time thou wast by baptism first admitted into covenant with God, or since thou didst last re-

new that covenant with him? How hast thou behaved thyfelf with respect to the duties thou owest to God, thy neighbour and thyfelf?

I. Of our Duty towards God.

HAVE I loved God, before and above all other things?

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Have I received the scriptures, not as the word of men; but as they are in truth, the word of God?

Have the promises and threatnings therein prevailed with me, to govern myfelf according to the holy and admirable precepts therein delivered?

Have I not prophaned the holy and dreadful name of God, by perjury or unlawful oaths, or by customary swearing or cursing in common conversation?

Have I not irreverently mentioned the name

of God in my common conversation?

Have I honoured him by a reverent usage of whatfoever things or perfons belong to him, and are dedicated to his homage and fervice?

Have I religiously observed the day set apart for his more immediate worship, in keeping it holy, to those ends for which it was appointed, by attending the publick service of the church; in reading and hearing his holy word; in prayer and meditation and good discourse?

Have I so little regarded this holy day? as to spend it in travelling, and taking unnecessary

journics

journies thereupon, fuch as I might as well have

gone on any other day?

Have I spent and squandered it away in useless and unnecessary visits, in recreations, or in wicked and unprofitable conversations, or in following the works of my calling?

Have I trusted in God, and acknowledged

my dependence upon him only?

Have I every day duly prayed to him, and

praised him for his mercies?

And when I have done it at church, or at home in my family, or in fecret by myfelf, hath it been only out of custom; or with such a fense of God, and such seriousness, fervency, and affection, as he requires?

Have I used such considerations beforehand, as might enable me rightly to perform the

fame?

Have I laboured to form fuch apprehensions of God as are worthy of his adorable majesty, and to furnish my mind with useful and neceffary knowledge?

Have I (notwithstanding the means of grace, and the light of the gospel) suffered myself to live in ignorance of him, and my duty?

Hath the confideration of his infinite power

made me fearful to offend him?

Have I feared man more than God, by committing fin, to avoid difgrace or any temporal evil?

Have I prefumptuously hoped for falvation, wnilft I continued to live in the wilful commuistion of one or more sins?

Have I not been so foolish as to put off my repentance, thereby rendering myself less able to set about it?

Have I refigned myfelf, and all my concerns, to the all-wife and good providence of God?

Have I endeavoured to bear his afflicting hand with patience and humility; confidering that the greatest sufferings I can undergo in this world, are much less than the desert of my sins? Or have I not murmured, or been impatient under any trouble that has befallen me?

Have I grown better by my afflictions?

Have I frequented the holy facrament? Or have I not stayed away through causeless prejudice, or seigned excuses, being unwilling to

part with my fins?

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If I have come to the bleffed facrament, have I not received it without repentance, and a stedfast purpose to lead a new life; without a firm and lively faith, a hearty and thankful remembrance of the love of Christ, in giving himself to be a facrifice for my sins; and without a sincere and universal love and good-will to all mankind?

Have I made it my care to live fuitably to my facramental profession, and solemn engagements?

Have I endeavoured to affect my heart with a lively fense of the multiplied mercies of God to me, both temporal and spiritual?

Have I feriously considered that amazing inflance of the love of Christ in redeeming me

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20 Of our Duty towards our Neighbour.

from the bondage and dominion of fin, and

the tyranny of the Devil?

Do I depend upon the merits and satisfaction of Christ, and hope for acceptance with God, only through him, and not for any merit of my own?

Have I, as a weak creature, depended upon the light, grace, and affiftance of the holy spirit, to further my endeavours, to guide and strengthen me in all my performances, and to direct and comfort me in all my temptations, difficulties, and troubles.

II. Of our Duty towards our Neighbour.

My foul, feriously consider thy past actions, how hast thou discharged thy duty to thy neighbour? Hast thou considered that in the sense of the gospel, not only the person who dwells near thee, but every man is thy neighbour?

Have I, according to the ability and opportunities which God hath given me, done good

to all that stand in need of my help?

Have I carried it to my neighbour, as one

that loves him fincerely and heartily?

Have I done unto others as I would they should do unto me; that is, have I done to others what I could reasonably expect or desire they should do to me, if in the like circumstances? And on the other hand, have I been careful not to do any thing to others that I could reasonably desire they should do unto me?

Have I, in conformity to this rule, endeavoured in my place and station to prevent evil and damage to the fouls, and bodies, and estates of others?

Have I wronged no Man in his foul, by leading him into fuch errors as are destructive of true religion; by enticing and teaching him to fin against God, and to wound his conscience; by fetting him an ill example; by counfelling or commanding him to do that which was difpleasing to God, or by consenting to his sins?

Have I discouraged or deterred any one from

the ferious practice of religion and piety?

Have I fought and endeavoured to bring those to repentance, whom I have any ways led to fin? bas boo

Have I delighted causelessly to grieve any one?

Have I hurt any person in his body, by offering any force or violence to him; by drawing him into intemperance, or any vices; or by exciting jealousies, quarrels, or fightings among men?

Have I injured my neighbour in his goods or estate; by damaging him; by defrauding or over-reaching him in bargains, or contracts; or in his good name, by flandering, backbiting or infult?

Have I, in the management of my estate or calling, run into debts without hopes or defign of payments it or solling as moddelen

Have I not published my neighbours faults, when neither the glory of God, nor the good of others, made fuch publication necessary? Have

Have I rashly or wrongfully censured or judg-

ed any person?

Have I flattered any into evil, foothing them up in it, or commending them for it, or for

that good I knew they had not?

If I have by any means, or upon any account whatfoever, done any wrong to any person; have I endeavoured to the extent of my power to make what reparation or fatisfaction I can, thereby testifying my fincere repentance for what I have done amis?

When others have offended or injured me, have I been easy to be reconciled; and ready to forgive and to do good offices even to my enemies; confidering my own many and great offences both against God and against man, of which I hope and need forgiveness?

Have I rested only in not doing wrong, in not injuring my neighbour, either in foul, body,

or estate?

Have I had that univerfal love and charity to all men, as to defire all good to them, and not to much as to wish evil or harm to any one?

Have I not envied the good or prosperity of

my neighbour ?d and gaigemen

Have I endeavoured to affift my neighbour in any good, to comfort him in his troubles; and when afperfed wrongfully, to vindicate his reputation? lo menaganant

Have I relieved the wants and necessities of my neighbour according to my power, as one that is affected with them, and as being myself also liable to the same wants, diffresses, and troubles with others?

Have I had a more special love to all true and sincere christians, borne with their infirmities, and heartily desired and sought their welfare?

Have I observed truth in my words, dealings,

and contracts with all men?

Have I not offended by lying, falshood, or misrepresentation?

Have I performed my words and contracts

without shuffling, treachery and deceit?

Have I carried it with an humble, quiet, and peaceable spirit to all men, avoiding (as much as in me lay) all occasions of offence, quarrels or differences?

On the contrary, have I not widened and en-

larged them?

Have I been careful of those of my family, my friends, and relations, or any others that are committed to my care, to counsel, to comfort, to reprove, as occasion was given, and need required?

Relative Duties.

How have I performed the duties incumbent upon me towards my feveral relations?

As a Husband.

HAVE I been faithful to the folemn contract and engagement I then made in the presence of God?

Have I, in all lawful and reasonable instances, condescended and complied with my Wife?

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Have I loved, cherished, comforted, and honoured her?

Have I borne with her weaknesses and infirmities?

Has my behaviour to her been prudent, flexible, and obliging?

Have I not been peremptory, rigorous, and

magisterial in my commands?

Have I neglected to defend and protect her,

to maintain and provide for her?

Have I not omitted to pray for her, and to share with her in all her reasonable joys and sorrows?

As a Wife.

HAVE I refused to comply with those commands, in which God requires me to obey and serve, to love and honour my husband?

Have I not provoked him, or published his

faults?

Have I borne with his infirmities?

Have I given him cause of jealousy or been

unfaithful to his bed?

Have I been frugal in the management of my expences, with respect to the circumstances and condition of my husband?

Have I not been expensive and prodigal in

my way of living?

Have I not squandered away my husband's

fubstance?

Have I restrained myself within those bounds, that both reason, religion, and the condition of my husband require?

Have I been indifferent and careless in my carriage towards him, not forecasting to do what I thought would oblige and please him?

Have I been disobedient to his just com-

mands, and so cast off his yoke from me?

Have I been unconcerned in his joys and for-

Have I neglected to recommend him to the grace and protection of God in my prayers?

As a Parent.

HAVE I preferred the eternal interest of my children before their temporal?

Have I not been more careful and folicitous to provide for their bodies than their fouls?

Have I taught them, as they were capable of learning, to know, fear, love, and worship God, with a perfect heart, and a willing mind?

Have I early instructed them in the ways that lead to life everlasting, and endeavoured to form in their minds the principles of virtue and re-

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Have I earnestly and frequently prayed to God for the gifts and graces of his holy Spirit, to renew, and change, and purify their corrupt nature, and for his blessing and favour upon them?

Have I been no ways accessary to the sins of my children, by an ill example I have set them?

Have I not given them fuch an education, as would naturally lead them into pride and vanity?

Have I endeavoured to make them of a meek

and humble disposition?

Have I taught them how to govern their pasfions, and to moderate their affections to world! things; things; and encourage them, by my own example, to follow that which is good?

Have I done my part to provide what was necessary and convenient for their living, and comfortable subsistence and being in the world?

Have I not been too fond and indulgent to them; fuffering them to go on in their follies and fins, without fuch correction and reproof, as in duty I was bound to give them?

As a Child.

HAVE I reverenced and honoured my parents, obeyed their lawful commands, and attended to their wife counfels and instructions?

Have I advised with them in affairs of con-

fequence and concern to me?

Have I not been disobedient to them? Dishonoured them in my mind, or carried myself rudely and irreverently in my behaviour towards them?

Have I not been ashamed of them?

Have I not mocked, or spoken evil of them?

If reduced to want and poverty, have I made a
comfortable and honourable provision for them,
according to my ability?

Have I not been stubborn and obstinate towards them, and endeavoured to cast off my

fubjection to them?

Have I not disposed of myself in marriage, without their advice or consent?

A Brother or Sifter.

HAVE I had a tender affection, and a compassionate concern for my brethren and sisters, fifters, endeavouring to promote their good, both spiritual and temporal?

Have I commended them to Godin my Prayers?

Have I not been unconcerned for their welfare, and destitute of a natural affection towards them?

A Master.

HAVE I treated my fervants as a christian, and like one who believes he has a master in heaven, to whom he must render an account?

Have I performed the conditions I obliged myself to, when I took them into my service?

Have I used them with mildness and gentleness?

Have I been cruel and fevere towards them, laying a greater burthen upon them than they were able to bear?

Have I had a tender care and concern for their fouls, endeavouring to instruct them in the duties and principles of the christian religion?

Have I afforded them time and opportunities for the service of God in publick and private?

Have I taken care of their bodies, by pro-

viding what was fitting for them?

Have I not put them upon cheating and lying, and so been a partaker with them in their fin?

Have I been remiss in suffering them to neglect their duty to God?

Have I been constant in my daily devotions

with my family?

Have I not omitted this necessary duty upon such slight and trivial pretences and excuses, as

would have had no weight with me in matters that relate to this temporal life?

A Servant.

HAVE I been faithful and industrious in ferving my master and mistress?

Have I been honest and just to them?

Have I purloined, or stole, or any way defrauded them of their goods, or been careless and wasteful of them?

Have I disobeyed their lawful commands.

Have I any ways injured them in their re-

Have I ferved them with fingleness of heart,

as to the Lord, and not to men?

Have I been diligent in my duty, only when I was observed and taken notice of?

Have I, as much as in me lay, lived quietly

and peaceably with my fellow-fervants?

Have I not been spiteful and malicious against them?

Have I accused them wrongfully?
Have I set them a good example?

Have I exercised that tenderness to the children in my family, that was justly and reasonably expected from me?

Have I prayed for my master and mistress, and the rest of the family, in my private prayers?

As a Magistrate, &c.

HAVE I made it my endeavour to be a terror to evil doers and a praise to them that do well?

Have I expressed a zeal for the honour of God, by bringing publick offenders to justice; by putting the laws in execution against all

vice,

vice, profaneness, and debauchery; and by giv-

ing a good example myself?

Have I not discouraged those, who, from a concern for the interests of religion, and a love to the souls of men, have been zealous and active in this good work?

Have I not been more intent upon my own private interest, than in advancing the common

good?

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Have I been faithful and diligent in the difcharge of those duties that are incumbent upon me, as living in the town, place, or parish, whereto I belong?

Have I endeavoured to inform myself of my duty, in order to the doing of it, when I have been called to the office of constable, church-

warden, or any other parish-office?

Have I considered how to avoid and shun whatever might occasion strife, dissension, and endeavoured, as far as in me lay, to become useful and serviceable in my place and station?

III. Of our Duties towards ourselves.

AVE I wisely considered the end for which I was created by God, that I might be the better able to direct my thoughts, words, and actions to that end.

Do I make it the great concern and business of my life, to serve and glorify God, that I may thereby be prepared, and meet for happiness in his presence and kingdom for ever?

Have I frequently and feriously considered, that I am here as in a state of trial and proba-

tion, not of happiness and enjoyment?

Ha

Have I not lived without thought and confideration, though interest and duty, and the express command of God, call and oblige me to be much and frequent in the exercise thereof?

How have I fpent my precious time?

Have I not wasted it in idleness, or in any un-

profitable vanity?

Have I laid to heart the shortness and uncertainty of this present life, and daily improved it to the best advantages?

Have I exercised a daily care and watchfulness over my deceitful heart, resisting its impor-

tunities and lufts?

Have I feriously consiered the great damage and mischief that sin has done to human nature?

Have I applied myself with my whole strength and might, to recover that resemblance, which man, when he first came out of his maker's hands, bore to him?

Have I contented myself with the form and outside of religion and godliness, neglecting the

life and power thereof?

Have I laboured after the true mortification of the spirit, after that real and inward purity of foul, which Christ requires in all his disciples and followers?

Have I diligently and earnestly implored the aids and affistances of the holy Spirit of God, to

renew and fanctify me?

Have I laboured to improve my foul in knowledge and wisdom, in grace and holiness, taking heed to secure my salvation more than any temporal interest?

Have I been contented with my present portion of good here, according to the will of God?

Have I not suffered myself to be immoderatedly discomposed at events, which are not in my power; and been dissatisfied and uneasy at such circumstances, as the good providence of God has thought fit to place me in?

Have I not been too covetous of the world;

its riches, honours, and pleasures?

Have I not fought to gain or keep them by finful means?

Have I not been immoderately concerned,

and anxious about present things?

Have I not grieved overmuch for worldly crosses, losses, and disappointments? And on the other side, have I not placed my happiness in its good things, and rejoiced in them overmuch?

Have I laboured to disentangle my affections from this world, and to raise up my mind to the things which are above; the enjoyments of that superior world, for which I was principally defigned?

Have I been diligent and faithful in that place and state of life, unto which it hath pleased God

to call me?

Have I been diligent in doing my own business, and to provide those things that are needful and expedient for myself and family, and such as depend upon me?

Have I endeavoured to make myself useful in the world, and charitable to my fellow-creatures?

Have I been temperate and chafte, as one that is fensible, that the perfection and happi-

ness of a reasonable creature does not consist in sensual enjoyments, but in those that are spiritual?

Have I therefore watched against the lusts of the flesh?

Have I not had an impure heart, or unclean affections, or offended by any unchaste behavi-

our, words or actions?

Have I abhained from all unnatural and unlawful pleasures of sense: and been moderate in the use of such as are lawful and allowable by the christian religion?

Have I restrained my appetite? Have I not committed excess in eating and drinking, in

fleep, or recreations?

Have I frequently exercised myself in self-denial and mortification, that my sless might be subdued, and my spirit refined, and so prepared and qualified for the company, the employment, and the pleasure of heaven?

Have I been humble and little in my own eyes, as a depending creature, and poor finner

should be?

Have I not betrayed pride and haughtiness in

word or carriage?

Have I not, from an over-valuation of myfelf, being ambitious of, or too much affected with the applauses of men above my desert; or made it too much my end in any of my actions?

Have I not to that end unduly fet out myfelf

to procure my own praise?

Have I not been too nice and tender of my own reputation, to the neglect of my duty?

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Have I not feared too much the censures, reviling, and reproaches of men, in the discharge thereof?

Have I been contented to be vile for God's fake?

Have I been meek and gentle in my spirit, words, and behaviour? Have I borne with the weaknesses, indiscretions, and infirmities of others, as becometh one who is subject to infirmities?

Have I not been angry without cause, or

above just cause?

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Have I not been pettish and froward in little things, and upon meer mistakes, and involuntary errors of others, for want of reviewing things in their just nature, weight, and measure?

Have I not suffered the sun to go down upon my wrath? Have I not continued in it to the vexation of my own spirit, and thereby rendered myself unfit for the discharge of my duty

both to God and man?

It is not easy to enumerate all the instances of duty reducible to these three heads; nor to set down the several breaches and violations of them: but the careful reading of the holy scriptures, more especially the New testament, together with a serious examination of our lives and conversations by those useful and necessary heads of self-examination lately set forth in the twelfth edition of the New Whole Duty of Man, (published by the king's authority,) which being the very method recommended by St. Paul himself, * in his division of our duty as it respects God, our neighbour

and ourselves, if carefully attended to, will assist any one in getting a competent knowledge of his own state and condition.

However, we shall just mention some of the methods set down by some others who have

treated on this subject.

Some have collected a short summary of the fins forbidden, and duties commanded in the holy scriptures, and examined themselves thereby: as, Dr. Horneck "in his crucified Jesus," and, Mr. Kettleweil "in his measures of christian obedience."

Others have reduced the sum and substance of our duty to the ten commandments; and by the help thereof have advantageously performed this necessary work, as is set down in the art of catechizing, and by Dr. Comber on the common-prayer, and his discourse on the communion-office. Some have examined themselves by our Lord's sermon on the mount, contained in in the fifth, sixth, and seventh chapter of St. Matthew, as set down by Dr. Hammond, in his practical cathechism.

We will mention but one method more, which is, by recollecting the several parts and branches of the baptismal vow, making a pause at each particular; and inquiring how we have kept it; and in what instances we have broken the solemn engagements we then entered into. The perusal of Dr. Bray's discourse upon the baptismal covenant, or any other judicious exposition on the church-catechism, may be of use to us, when we examine ourselves in this method.

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Those that have made some progress in christianity, and are in good earnest, striving to enter in at the strait gate, and walk in the narrow way that leadeth to life, find the examination of themselves much more easy than those who indulge themselves in sin, and live careless and negligent lives; for the former are ftill labouring after a nearer conformity to the example of Christ Jesus, and keep a watch and guard over themselves. Every portion of scripture they read and hear; every grace and virtue that is recommended in publick; every in, against which the judgments of God are denounced, fuggests matter to them to examine themselves by; and they can presently without any reluctance, put the question to themselves, do I practise this or that virtue? am I guilty of this or that fin?

It is not material which of these methods we follow, provided the thing be carefully done; every one is at liberty to choose which he thinks will best let him into the knowledge of himself; though we cannot forbear again recommending the method prescribed in the New Whole Duty of Man, as the most effectual to enable one to judge, whether, according to the terms of the covenant made with man in Christ Jesus, a happy or miserable eternity is likely to be his portion. If any one wants more particular directions, he may have recourse to some spiritual guide.

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Though self-examination be a duty, which ought no day to be wholly omitted; yet there are some seasons wherein we ought to take a

36 A Prayer, consisting of Confession of Sin, &c.

more exact survey of our own state: such are times of trouble and affliction; days of fasting and humiliation; and when (by the affistance of the divine grace) we have a lively sense of the great evil and damning nature of sin; and more especially before we renew our covenant with God in the holy facrament.

A Prayer, confisting of Confession of Sin, and imploring Pardon and Grace, which may be used in our Preparation to the Sacrament, or at an other Time of extraordinary Devotion.

T

A Lmighty Lord God, just and holy, I defire to humble myself before thee in a deep sense of my own vileness and unworthiness, by reason of the many and great sins have at any time committed against thee, my sovereign lord and judge.

I have offended thee by my evil thoughts of many kinds; by vain, rash, false or wicked words; and by many and unjust and ungody deeds, which I have committed against the dictates of reason, the checks of my own conscience, and the known precepts of my duty.

II

I have too often neglected the duties of religion, which are the great and important concern of my life. And when I have performed them it hath been often carelessy and out of custom, without due affection and attention of mind.

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A Prayer, confisting of Confession of Sin, &c. 37

I have not ferved thee with that purity of intention, with that fincerity of heart, with that fervency of spirit, with that zeal for thy glory, with that watchfulness, care, diligence, and constancy, that I ought.

III.

The pleasures and business of this life, or the desires of growing rich, or being great, have caused me too often to forget that I am but a stranger upon earth, and that my days are as a shadow, that will soon pass away.

Nor have I so far disengaged my heart, as by grace I might, from all things here below, as to have my hopes and affections principally set on things above and on that happiness which will

aft for evermore.

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But I have been too anxious and solicitous for the things of this life, not considering thy gratious promise, that if I first seek the kingdom of God and his righteousness, all things necessary shall be added unto me.

Nor have I been so contented with my condition in this world, nor so resigned to the pro-

vidence, as I ought.

they work and violation

How little have I mortified my members which are upon the earth, ever prone to inordinate affection, evil concupiscence, and covetousness! and yet I know, that if any one love the world, the love of the father is not in him; and that the poor in spirit are blessed.

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IV.

I have not been sufficiently thankful for the continued essects of thy bounty towards me. Neither have I received the afflicting dispensations of thy providence with such patience and submission as are due to thy wisdom, nor made such improvements and advantages of them, as thy goodness did thereby intend me.

V.

I know that religion has nothing in it that is worthy of blame or reproach, but is of all things the most comely, and worthy of a man; and yet, out of a foolish regard to the opinions and censures of men, I have too often been ashamed to practise divers important duties, and to discountenance the evil practices or vices of others, or to own the cause of virtue and piety; not considering that whosoever is ashamed of Christ and his words, in this adulterous and sinful generation, of him shall the son of man be ashamed, when he cometh in the glory of his father with the holy angels.

VI.

I believe that all scripture is given by inspiration of God, and is profitable for doctrine, for reproof, for correction, for instruction in righteousness, that such as desire, and sincerely endeavour to serve thee truly, may be perfect, and thoroughly surnished unto all good works. And yet, O God, how seldom, how little, have I read and pondered thy holy word! how much have A Prayer, confisting of Confession of Sin, &c. 39 I omitted fearching the scriptures! and how foolish have I been in reading other books more than them! Not considering they best set before us the way of life, and way of death, and teach us what we must do to be saved from the wrath to come, and to inherit eternal life.

And when I have read thy holy word, it hath not been with fuch good dispositions, with such an attentive and teachable mind, with such an humble heart, and sincere intentions to do whatsoever I should perceive to be thy will, as I

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VII.

I have not had that just, that low and mean opinion of myself, that I ought; but have been

too much defirous of the praises of men.

I have not been so meek and gentle, so patient and considerate under reproaches, or ill treatment, as I ought; but have been too often carried out into such degrees of anger or resentment, as have discomposed myself, or injured my neighbour; nor have I been so ready to put the fairest and most charitable constructions upon his words or actions, as I ought.

VIII.

In my transactions with men, I have not had that regard to such sincere and candid dealing, or equity, as I ought; but have been too deceitful in my words or actions; and often too severe and rigorous in demanding my dues, or too backward in paying others, when, or in such reasonable measure, as I could and ought.

I have

40 A Prayer, confisting of Confession of Sin, &c.

I have been too infensible of the wants and miseries of my neighbour; nor have I had that tenderness and compassion towards him, as to embrace all such opportunities of relieving him,

as I had opportunity and ability to do.

On all accounts I have too little confidered the bleffing thou hast promised to the merciful, and the many and great mercies I daily receive of thee, and that I shall stand in need of much more and greater mercy from thee at the great

day of our Lord.

I know the pure in heart are bleffed, for thou hast promised they shall see thee, O God. And yet so insensible, and unmoved have I been, that I have taken little care to cleanse myself from all filthiness of slesh and spirit, so as to sanctify thee, my Lord God, in my heart, whereby I might have a good hope of seeing thee, O God, in whose presence is fulness of joy for evermore.

I know, to this blifs, holiness is the way: and yet how feeble and inconstant have my endeav-

ours been after it!

IX.

I have not been so careful in employing my time, as I ought; but have spent of it in eating, and drinking, and sleeping, beyond what the support and refreshment of nature required, and too much in what I have called recreation and diversion. I have spent too much time in dressing and adorning my body; and in paying or receiving formal or impertinent visits; and have several other ways spent much of my precious time idly or unprofitably to myself or others.

A Prayer, confisting of Confession of Sin, &c. 41

How little time have I spent in reading, medi-

tation, and felf-examination!

How little in mortification, abstinence, fasting and retirement! And yet the day of my life is far spent, and the night of death is at hand when no man can work.

X.

How backward have I been to examine the state of my foul, and to call my fins to remembrance, so as to mourn and be affected with a godly forrow for them!

XI.

O! how strong a propension have I to do evil! and how strange an unwillingness to do

good!

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rs. ow I confess, and lament, and bewail my wretched state, I am corrupt, I have strayed out of the way of life and happiness; my conscience accuseth me. Yet, lo, thou, O God, art greater than my heart, can conceive, and knowest all things---[Here more particulars may be mentioned]----and, especially, I lament and bewail before thee, from whom nothing is hid, that I have grievously offended thee by----[Here name the particular sins.]

XII.

These my sins, with many more that I cannot remember, are all in thy sight, and have lest their wretched and miserable effects upon my mind and heart; whereby thy image, in which I was created, is become defaced; and I am O estranged

estranged from thee, my God, my true, and only good and happiness. So that when I look back upon the errors and miscarriages of my life, and restect how little I possess of the spirit and temper of the gospel, my heart trembleth for fear of thee, and I am afraid of thy judgments. Oh! how shall I appear before the judgment-seat of Christ, when he shall come in his power with the holy angels, to judge every man according to his works, and take vengeance on them that obey not the gospel, since my life has been so unconformable thereto!

But I repent, O my God, I repent; I accuse and condemn myself, I am grieved, I am troubled, and am heartily forry for these my misdoings, and I turn unto thee with full purpose and resolution of sincere obedience for the time to come.

And I befeech thee, O Lord, who art gracious and merciful, long-fuffering, and of great goodness, and the father of our Lord Jesus Christ, who died for the ungodly, for his sake, and for thy goodness sake, pardon and forgive all my sins; my sins of ignorance, and those I have committed thro' want of care and circumspection, but especially all my wilful sins, and those transgressions whereby I have any ways scandalized the christian profession, or occasioned others to fall, and which I lament before thee.

O Lord, holy father, who alone canst order the wills and affections of sinful men, who gavest thy son to die, that he might redeem us from all iniquity; pardon and rectify the impurity of my heart and life, all irregular appetites and passions, and every wicked practice, of what

nature

A Prayer, consisting of Confession of Sin, &c. 43 nature or kind soever; that all my members being mortified from all worldly and carnal lusts, I may no longer live in the sless to the lusts of men, but according to thy will, O God: and for ever hereafter live godly, righteously and so-

berly in this present evil world.

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And seeing I am not able to do these things of myself, strengthen me, I beseech thee, O Lord, with the Holy Ghost, and daily increase in me thy manifold gifts of grace, the spirit of wisdom and understanding, the spirit of counsel and ghostly strength, the spirit of knowledge and true godliness; and sill me, O Lord, with the spirit of thy holy fear; that I may have victory, and triumph against the devil, the world and the sless, and at the last obtain the gift of eternal life, which thou hast promised all those that sincerely love and obey thee, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen. Our Father, &c.

Another Form of Confession, which may be used in-

Most great and glorious Lord God, just and terrible in thy judgments to all obstinate and rebellious sinners, but of infinite mercy to such as truly repent, and turn unto thee; look down, I beseech thee, with the eyes of mercy upon me, who now present myself before thee, acknowledging that I am not worthy to lift up my eyes to the throne of thy glorious majesty. O Lord, my sins are so many and so great, that it is owing to thy infinite goodness and mercy, that I have now an opportunity of humbling myself before thee, and begg-

44 A Prayer, consisting of Confession of Sin, &c.

ing mercy for my foul, which I confess, has

greatly finned against thee.

I acknowledge, O my God, that thou haft, by innumerable instances, manifested thyself to be a most kind and indulgent father; but alas! I have abused thy goodness, and made very ungrateful returns for thy exceeding kindness and mercy. Instead of loving and delighting in thee, and paying thee a filial and chearful obedience, I find in myself many times a great proneness to offend thee, and a great backwardness and indisposition to do those things which thou requirest of me.

O Lord! I lament and bewail the corruption of my nature, most forrowfully confessing before thee, that I have too great a desire after the things of this world; too great a fondness for the profits and pleasures of it: and though I am fully persuaded, that it is my happiness and privilege, as well as my duty, to love and serve thee, yet I am very apt to forget thee, and to grow careless and remiss in that great and important work, which thou hast given me

to do.

O my God! I confess with sorrow that this world hath taken such hold of my affections, that I neither love thee, serve thee, nor obey thee as I ought to do; my devotion to thee is many times cold and languid; my prayers are full of wandrings, deadness and distractions, and the very best of my religious duties are accompanied with so many failings and impersections, that I have great cause to humble myself before thee.

How

A Prayer, confisting of Confession of Sin, &c. 45

How greatly, O God, have I of-This is to fended thee, by lust and intemperbe varied or ance, by peevishness, passion, and omitted, as eanger, by covetousness and ambition, veryonetbinks by pride and envy, by prejudice and ill-will towards my neighbours, by murmuring and repining at the dispensations of thy providence, and by an unwillingness to resign myself to thy disposal in all things! How frequently have I violated my baptismal engagements, by preferring the vanities of this wicked world, before thy favour, and by fuffering my heart, which has been dedicated to thy fervice, to be brought under the bondage and dominion of

fin and folly!

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And what shall I now say unto thee, O thou preserver of men! O Lord, I have no hope but in thy mercy, and the infinite merits of my dear redeemer: and if thou rejectest me, I am loft and undone for ever. But, O thou compaffionate lover of fouls! who knowest whereof we are made, and rememberest that we are but dust, turn not thy face from me, nor cast thy fervant away in displeasure; let the intercessions of thy beloved fon prevail in my behalf, and for the fake of his meritorious death and paffion, for all that he has done, and all that he has fuffered for me, have mercy upon me; pardon and forgive, I most earnestly and unfeignedly befeech thee, all the fins and follies of my life past, which are more than I can number, and greater than I am able to bear; and more especially, O my God, lay not to my charge [Here again may be named particulars.] O cleanse me

46 A Prayer, confisting of Confession of Sin, &c.

me from all my fecret and unknown transgreffions, and vouchsafe, O merciful father, to be reconciled unto me, who am forry for my fins, and grieved that I have offended thee, my most gracious Lord and master, to whom I owe all the returns of love and duty, that can possibly

be paid by a creature to his creator.

O Lord, referve not my fins to be punished in the day of thy fierce anger; (for who can dwell with everlasting burnings! who is able to abide the fury of thy wrath!) but spare me, O most mightly God, and merciful saviour; and grant that I may never fall into those evils which my fins have justly deserved. Thy property is always to have mercy; to thee only it appertaineth to forgive sins; O turn away thy anger from me, who do meekly acknowledge my vileness, and truly repent me of my faults, and do now unseignedly turn unto thee, with full purpose and resolution of heart to serve thee faithfully, and to make it the great care and endeavour of my life to please and obey thee.

O Lord there is nothing that I defire so much, as to be of the number of thy faithful and obedient servants: thy favour is better than life itself; thy service is the most perfect freedom. O enable me by the assistance of thy blessed spirit, to for sake all my sins, and to reform whatever has been amiss in the temper and disposition of my mind, or in any of the actions of my life. Open thou mine eyes, that I may see the vileness and deformity, as well as danger of sin; that I may say from all appearance of evil, and with an unwearied diligence follow of-

A Prayer, confisting of Confession of Sin, &c. 47 ter and pursue the things that make for my everlasting peace. Grant, that for the time to come I may live only unto thee, in an aweful fear of thy great name, and a constant regard to thy blessed will, keeping always a conscience void of offence, both towards thee and all men.

Give me grace to spend my time religiously, soberly, and usefully, in the subduing of my passions, mortifying my corrupt inclinations, and in the practice of all those duties thou requirest of me; that when thou shalt think sit to take me out of this state of trial and temptation here, I may be received into that blessed kingdom, where all tears shall be wiped from my eyes, and sin and death shall be no more. Grant this, O merciful father, through the merits, and for the sake of thy son and my only saviour Jesus Christ. Amen.

A Prayer to be used at the same Time, or shortly after either of the foregoing Confessions.

O Most gracious and merciful Father, who, in pity and compassion to my soul, hast given me this opportunity of humbling myself before thee, accept, I earnestly intreat thee, of my unfeigned forrow for all my sins which I have committed against thy divine majesty; I confess it bears no proportion to the heinousness of my offences; O do thou in much mercy look upon me, and let the infinite merits of my dear redeemer supply all my defects, and refuse not, I beseech thee, for his dear sake, to be reconciled unto me, and to admit me into thy favour, with-

Spirit

48 A Prayer, confishing of Confession of Sin, &c. out which I am of all creatures the most miserable.

O Lord, there is nothing that I defire so much, as to be delivered from the power and dominion of my sins, and to be at perfect peace with thee; for I have no rest, so long as I think I am under thy displeasure. I humbly therefore beg leave at this time to renew the vows and resolutions I have often made, of loving and obeying thee; and for that end, I offer unto thy divine majesty my soul and body, and all that is mine, humbly beseeching thee to take them into thy custody, that being in safety under thy protection, they may be for ever devoted to thee and thy service.

It is not, O Lord, with any confidence in my own strength, that I presume to give up myself to thy obedience, (for alas! I am fenfible that my heart is very false, and too easily drawn away by the deceitful tempter) but all my hope, and all my dependance is in thy almighty power and goodness; and to that I humbly fly for help against the cruel enemy of my foul, who is daily lying in wait to destroy me, and therefore in thee do I put my trust. Thou art my hope and my confidence, my faviour and mighty deliverer; O never leave me then to myself, nor to the weakness of my own corrupt nature; but let thy holy Spirit be always present with me, to defend me in all my conflicts, to support me under my many weaknesses and infirmities, to instruct me in all difficult cases, and, to carry me in safety through the trials and temptations of this dangerous and deceitful world; and grant, O merciful Father, that I may never grieve that bleffed Spirit,

A Prayer, confishing of Confession of Sin, &c. 49 Spirit, nor fall into those sins and impurities, which will cause him to leave and forfake me, and to abandon me to my own foolish and preverse will; but give me grace in all things to follow his guidance and direction, and to devote myself entirely to a life of virtue and religion; that denying all ungodliness, and worldly lusts, I may live righteoully, foberly, and godly, in this present world; and after I have served thee faithfully in this life, I may be received into those bleffed regions of everlafting rest and peace, which thou hast reserved for them that truely and fincerely love and ferve thee; through the merits of thy beloved fon Jesus Christ the righteous. Amen.

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A Confession of Sins, to be used by a grievous Sinner, who having led a very wicked Life, is now come to a Sense of his Sins, and desires to humble himself before God for the same.

Most mighty God! thou art a consuming fire to all rebellious and impenitent sinners; a dreadful avenger of such as are obstinately wicked, but a most compassionate Father to all those that truly repent, and turn unto thee; O how shall I dare to speak unto thee, who am all over fin and polution; a creature vile and loathsome in my own eyes by reason of my sins, but much more so in thine, who art a God of infinite purity and holiness, and hatest iniquity with a perfect hatred! O Lord, when I look back upon my past life, I am astonished at thy patience and long suffering towards me; and must acknowledge, that hadst thou dealt with

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50 A Prayer, confisting of Confession of Sin, &c.

me as I have deserved, I had long before this been condemned to endless misery and torments. For ever adored be that goodness of thine, which has dealt so graciously with me; for ever praised be that mercy, which has snatched me out of the jaws of the devouring lion, and saved me from the pit of destruction, which I was running headlong into; for ever magnified be that grace, which has at last touched my heart with a sense of my sins, and given me this opportu-

nity of humbling myself before thee.

O Lord, Indo now most forrowfully bewail and lament before thee, the fins and iniquities of my past life, which are so exceeding many and great, that as I am confounded at the guilt of them, fo I know not where to begin when I would confess them before thee. Even from my youth up have I been a rebellious and disobedient finner, a contemner of thy laws, and one of those wretched fools, that have made a mock at fin, and would not hearken to wife tounfel and reproof; Thave grieved and despised my parents, derided my superiors and followed the dictates of my own foolist and perverse will; my mind has been over-spread with blindness and ignorance, folly and false reasonings, and almost every power and faculty of my foul is corrupted and defaced; that time, which thould have been employed to holy and excellent purposes, I have either confumed upon my lufts, or trifled away in vain and unprofitable pursuits:1

Wretched fool that I was! How have I preferred a life of folly and madness, of riot and extravagance, of noise and disorder; a life A Prayer, confishing of Confession of Sin, &c. 51

that has yielded no other fruits, but those bitter ones of shame and remorse, of somow and affliction, before the peace, and pleasure, and serenity of a virtuous, sober, and religious conversation! How have I thought the ways of religion dull and unpleasant; and nothing any further eligible, than as it conduced to the pleasures

and profits of this world!

O my God, I have finned against thee with a high hand, and have led a life directly opposite to thy blessed will; I have most grievously neglected the duties of religion both in publick and private, having spent little of my time in thy service, and that little, (O Lord, thou knowest) in a profane or unworthy manner; while others have been offering up their prayers and praises to thy divine majesty, or listening to thy holy word, my eyes have been frequently wandering after vanity, and my mind full of idle and impertinent, and many times (alas! with shame I confess it) of wanton and lascivious thoughts.

O Lord! I dare not fay, that I have spent any one day of my life to thy honour and glory; but how many days; nay years, have I spent in the service of sin; in lust and intemperance; brutishness and sensuality; in profaning thy sabbaths, abusing thy sacred name, ridiculing thy holy word, despising thy ministers; and making

a jest of all that is serious?

I have been proud and envious, lustful and intemperate, passionate and angry, full of malice, hatred, and revenge; I have been guilty of slandering and abusing, injuring and defrauding of my neighbours; of lewd actions, and obscene discourses; courses; of profane and filthy jests; and of frequent cursing, swearing, and lying. And more particularly, O Lord, I do most forrowfully confess, and lament before thee, to whom all things are naked and open, that I have most grievously

offended thee ... [Here name particulars.]

And besides the guilt of these my sins, I have greatly increased it by the sins of others. How many have been tempted and persuaded to sin against thee, either by my advice, encouragement, or ill-example? Alas! I have not only been wicked, very wicked myself, but, with shame and sorrow I confess it, I have been instrumental in making others too; (particularly—Here again may be named any particular sin of this nature) Lord, what scandal have I brought upon religion, what dishonour to thy name; what reproach to the christian profession, by these my wicked and sinful practices!

And, what shall I now say unto thee, O God, whose goodness I have thus abused; whose mercies I have slighted; whose promises and threatnings declared in the gospel, I have rejected? And whose judgments I despised? What hope can I entertain of the merits of a saviour, whose blood I have, as it were, trampled under foot? Or what comfort can I expect from the kind influences of the ever-blessed spirit; whose motions I have so often rejected; whose calls and invitations I have so long been deaf to, and whom I have so often grieved by my wicked

and finful practices?

Oh! whither shall I then fly for succour? Who shall deliver me from the wrath of that

A Prayer, consisting of Consession of Sin, &c. 53 God, whom I have thus offended? Shall I call upon the mountains to cover me, or the deep to swallow me up? Alas! there is nothing can hide me from his all-searching eye! O blessed saviour of the world! Thou alone art my refuge; in thee is all my hope, all my support; and if thou rejectest me, I am lost and undone for ever: Oh! turn not away thy face from me, nor cast thy servant away in displeasure: be thou my advocate with the Father, and let thy blood be the

propitiation for my fins.

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And, O most merciful Father, thou infinite and compassionate lover of souls! Who delightest not in the death of the wicked, nor despisest the tears of a returning finner, for the fake of thy dear fon, I most earnestly beseech thee to hear the groans of me a miferable finner, who am ready to fink under the heavy weight and burden of fin. Look with pity upon me, I humbly intreat thee, who am not worthy, I confess, to lift up my polluted eyes to heaven; my fins have made me the just object of thy wrath, and shouldest thou now be deaf to all my supplications, it would be but a just return for my having fo long refused to hearken to thy gracious calls and invitations to repentance. O miserable wretch that I am! That ever I should thus offend so good, so merciful a Father; that ever I should make him my enemy, who is the kindest, and the best of friends; Lord, I condemn my felf, and abhor the follies of my past life; my flesh trembleth for fear of thee, and I am horribly afraid of thy judgments; for who can stand in thy sight when thou art angry? Or

Or who is able to abide the fury of thy wrath? O my God! I have no hope but in that mercy of thine, which thou hast manifested in the redemption of the world, by thy fon Christ Jesus; that alone is the support of my foul under all its forrow and anguish; in him I know and am affured, that thou art a merciful God, full of compassion, long-suffering, and of great pity; thou sparest when we deserve punishment, and in thy wrath thinkest upon mercy: spare me therefore, O good Lord, spare me, and be not angry with me for ever: wash away all my sins in the blood of thy dear fon, who came into the world to fave finners; and for the fake of his meritorious death and passion, and for all the sufferings which he underwent for the sins of the whole world, pardon and forgive, I most earnestly, and most unfeignedly beseech thee, all the sins and transgressions of my past life; more particularly----cleanse thou me, O my God, from all my fecret and unknown fins; and O be thou reconciled unto me, and receive me to thy favour, which, though I have hitherto fo foolishly flighted, yet I now value and prefer above all the pleasures of this world. Alas! my lusts and passions have for a long time had the dominion over me; they have blinded and feduced me; and my whole life has been one continued error and mistake; but, Lord, thou hast been pleafed to open my eyes, when I was just at the very brink of destruction, and shewn me the precipice I was falling into; and now I see, and condemn the folly of my past life, and am fensible, that unless thy pity had interposed, I must have

A Prayer, confishing of Confession of Sin, &cc. 55 have perished for ever. O let that infinite love which moved thee to so astonishing a mercy, be still continued to me, a poor, wretched, helples creature; shew thou me the path that leads to everlasting life, and give me such a sense of thy amazing goodness to me, that I may never again wander into those ways that lead to death and destruction. Take from me, O God, this hardened and corrupt heart, and give me a new heart, new affections, and new desires, that I may become entirely a new creature, dedicated to thy service, and devoted to thy fear and love.

Give me, O Lord, fuch an unfeigned repentance of all my past sins, such hatred and abhorence of my former evil ways, that I may from this moment take a final leave of all my beloved lusts and finful pleasures. Give me that humble and contrite spirit, whose groans thou dost never refuse; that faith which overcometh the world, and which will enable me to conquer my own inveterate habits; and that love, which will make me afraid to offend thee, and which will inspire me with resolutions active and vigorous, honest and sincere; such, as by the affiftance of thy grace and holy Spirit, may carry me through all difficulties, and be a proof against all the temptations of the world, the flesh and the devil.

O Lord, hear me, O Lord, help me, and have mercy upon me: O Lord, pity and fave my foul for thy truth and mercy's fake in Jesus Christ.

Amen. Bleffed Lord. Amen.

Our Father, &cc.

Prayers, containing Asts of Contrition and Resolutions of new Obedience.

I.

I Call my ways to remembrance, O Lord, with a troubled heart; my evil-doings are before my eyes, and are vile and loathsome in my own fight, because they have made me so in thine; they are a burthen upon my spirit, a sore burthen, too heavy for me to bear.

But now, O my God, with a heart forrowful and penitent, I turn from my evil ways, resolving by thy grace to become a new creature; from this day forward I am fully purposed to betake myself to a religious course of life; O! let not iniquity be my ruin.

II.

And from my fins, O holy Father, which are the shame and burden of my life, I turn unto thee, who art the glory and comfort, and shalt for ever be the guide and governor thereof. I turn unto thee with a broken and contrite heart, O receive and comfort me, and despise me not, I beseech thee, the work of thy own hands. I turn to thee with my whole heart, and make no reserves, nor will retain any allowance of my former sins; no, not of those which have been most delightful to me, and are hardest to be parted with; for if I regard iniquity in my heart, I know thou wilt not hear me; and therefore I will make haste, and not delay to keep thy commandments.

O

O Lord, I beg no greater mercy than to be found stedfast in thy ways; nor shall account any thing fo great a happiness, as that which ferves to keep me faithful unto thee. I am content that my ways should be hedged up with thorns, with troubles and afflictions, or any thing that is grievous to flesh and blood, rather than I should ever forsake the paths of righteousness, to wander again after my former vanities; for it is the unfeigned desire of my heart, and shall be the great endeavour of my life, above all things to serve and please thee, and to hold me fast by thee, who art the faithful guide and keeper of my foul; and my earnest prayer to thee is, that thou wouldst preserve me from falling away from thy fear, and forfeiting that mercy which thou hast promised to the returning finner.

III.

And having now, by thy grace, O merciful Father, these holy thoughts and desires in my heart, I earnestly beg of thee, who art the blessed author and giver of all grace, that I may never lose or forget them. I give my heart entirely to thee, and humbly pray, that it may be always in thy hands, since it is so unconstant in what is good, and so prone to what is evil, when it is in my own keeping. O Father, keep it stedsast and unmoveable in thy ways; let it not be inclined to any evil thing, nor lean towards my former vanities; keep my eyes from beholding wickedness, and my ears from listening to the deceitful tempter; let not my lips utter any thing

58 Prayers, containing Acts of Contrition, &c.

thing that is evil, nor my feet move a step in the paths of death, but let every member of my body, every faculty of my soul, be employed in thy service, till thou bringest me to the enjoyment of thy blessed self, in that place of bliss and happiness, where thou dwellest for evermore. Grant this, O most merciful God, for the sake, and through the intercession of my dearest saviour Jesus Christ. Amen.

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O Lord, I am not worthy to lift up my eyes unto thee; but whither should a wretch in guilt and misery look, but unto thee, the fountain of all mercy? Whither but to a God, whose mercy is greater than our wickedness? to a God, whose property it is to be kind to his enemies; and whose patience to bear our sins, is as great as his power to punish them; and who had much rather be reconciled to us, than take vengeance on us? Whither indeed, but to thee, O God of all grace and comfort, who shewest mercy to the unworthy, and invitest us with all the tenderness and bowels of a compassionate father, to turn from our evil ways, that our souls may live, and be for ever happy in thy eternal kingdom.

to prome to what is evil, when

Encouraged therefore by thy goodness, O Lord, I address myself unto thee, who am ready to fink under the heavy load of guilt and misery: but I make no plea, but for thy mercy; nor have I any pretence to claim it (for, alas! I must with shame acknowledge, I have much abused

Prayers, containing Acts of Contrition, &c. 59 abused it) but through thy inexpressible love, knowing I have a most merciful faviour, who died to purchase salvation for us; and who now powerfully intercedes with thee for the pardon of true penitents! O! for his dear fake, receive me graciously to thy mercy, and be not angry with me for ever. Forgive me, O merciful Father, for I am heartily forry for all the evils which I have done: forgive all my fins, for I am fully refolved, by thy grace, to love and serve thee: forgive me, O most gracious God, for I forgive all that have offended me, and do intreat thee to forgive them likewife. O do not exact punishment of me for my fins; but extend thy mercy and pardon to my foul, for my

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Amen.

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dear redeemer's fake, Jesus Christ our Lord.

And having thus utterly renounced my fins, O holy Father, I defire above all things to partake of thy righteousness; having defaced and corrupted myself, I would fain be made new by thee; having hitherto miscarried, whilst I would be in my own hands, I desire now to be altogether in thine, and never more to wander from thee; and therefore, whatever else I lose, my earnest and longing prayer is, that I may recover thy likeness, and be made conformable to thy will in all things, through Jesus Christ my blessed saviour and redeemer. Amen.

I know, O gracious Lord, that I cannot receive this, but from thyself; O therefore be thou

60 Prayers, containing Acts of contrition, &c. thou both the bleffed giver, and the gift: I confess that I am utterly unworthy to have thy divine image stamped upon my foul, but alas! I extremely need it, and extremely value it; and I dearly love thee, O my God, or else I

Hear me therefore, O gracious Father, and breathe into my heart that spirit which renews us after thine own image, in righteousness and true holiness.

should not be thus desirous to be like thee.

Bleffed Jesus, who seekest out sinners to make them good, do not reject me now, when I feek after thee to make me better. I am poor and naked, Oh! clothe me with thy righteousness; my good thoughts are changeable and unconstant; but Oh! do thou stablish and fix them by thy grace: fet up thy kingdom, O Jefu, in my heart; for to become thy faithful servant is more to me than to have the empire of this world. Keep me stedfast in serving thee, till thou takest me finally to enjoy thee.

VIII.

O Saviour of the world! fave me, who by thy cross and passion hast redeemed me: help me, and fave me, I befeech thee, O my God.

IX.

Grant, O Lord, that at all times I may account my fins to be my shame, and make thy laws to be my rule, and thy bleffed will in every thing my choice and fatisfaction. O let thy promises be my hope, thy providence my guard,

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Prayers, containing Acts of Contrition, &c. 61 thy grace my strength, and thy blessed self my portion both now and evermore. Amen.

X.

The Lord bless me and keep me; the Lord lift up the light of his countenance upon me; the Lord give me peace, even that peace of his, which passeth all understanding, through the merits and meditation of my dear redeemer Jesus Christ our Lord; to whom, with the Father, and the eternal Spirit, be all honour, glory, love, service, and obedience, throughout all ages. Amen. Our Father, &c.

T may be convenient before you proceed any farther, to read and meditate on fuch portions of scripture as you find yourfelf most affected with; or to consider the nature and attributes of God; or the fall and miserable state of man and his redemption by Jesus Christ; or to meditate on fuch particular duties as you find yourself to have been defective in; or on the rewards promifed to good men, and on the punishments denounced against the wicked, as these things are laid down in the holy scriptures, which are our only infallible guide; on which occasion, the book intitled, "The Christian Institutes, or the fincere Word of God," will be very useful, as it contains the whole faith and duty of a christian, digested under proper heads, and delivered in the words of scripture, so that the reader may find there together those scriptures which may concern any article of faith, or particular duty, together with the fcripture-motives for the practice thereof. After the devout christian has spent some little time in reading and meditation, as aforesaid, he may use the following prayers, if his insention is to approach the Lord's table.

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FOR THE

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HOLY COMMUNION.

A PREPARATION for communicating worthily, confisting of very devout Prayers.

Of the Reverence due to this Holy Sacrament.

The Invitation.

are heavy laden, and I will refresh you.

The bread that I will give is my slesh; which I will give for the life of the world. Take, eat, this is my body which is given for you; his do in remembrance of me. He that eateth my slesh, and drinketh my blood, dwelleth in me, and I in him. The words which I speak unto you, they are spirit, and they are life.

The Prayer.

THESE, bleffed Jesus, are thy words, on which my soul securely rests itself, because my saviour, who is eternal truth, hath spoken hem: these the gracious and condescending initations, which I find scattered in holy scripture, a occasions offered for making them. These there-

therefore I will receive with holy gratitude, with humble but entire confidence; and grave them up upon my foul in deep and indelable characters. For though they be thine, as the author; yet do I claim a property in them, and justly call them mine too, as a person, for whose benefit and falvation thou wert pleafed to utter them. Most gladly therefore will I receive them at thy mouth, that the authority of the divine fpeaker may make the more effectual impression. And stupid I must be beyond imagination, if encouragement fo good, fo kind, do not awaken, and very fenfibly affect me. But, alas! at the time that thy call inclines me to come, my own grievous transgressions sly in my face, and the terrors of a guilty conscience keep me Thy goodness, I own, imps my wings, and bids me boldly attempt the raifing my foul to heaven and happiness; but I feel the bitter remembrance of my fins, checking those flights, laying me proftrate upon earth, reproaching my better hopes, and nobler intentions, with prefumption; and even weighing down my mind, with the intolerable burden of heinous numberless offences, which render me unworthy of the least of all thy mercies.

In this perplexity of thought thou hast most feasonably interposed with thy reviving comforts; hast made that faith and trust a virtue and a duty, which I should have shunned as a crime, and, conscious of my own vileness, durst not have entertained: thou bidst me raise my dejected looks, and direct my steps to heaven; and I seriously desire, (as who indeed can but defire?)

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fire?) life and glory. Thou exhortest me to begin to live immediately, by taking the sweet foretaftes of immortality, in that bread, which is the food of fouls. Thy kind invitation therefore I greedily attend to, "Come unto me, all ye that labour and are heavy laden, and I will refresh you." O charming found in the ears of a finner! How joyful is the news to a poor, lost, impotent wretch! One, who, in a due fense of his own vileness, thinks even the meanest of thy gifts, which conduce to his bodily fustenance, too good To be invited to eat of thy most for him. bleffed body, and admitted to partake of the lively figures of thy divine blood, the commemorations of thy death, and fure pledges of falvation! Lord! what am I, that I should thus be fuffered to approach thee? Nay, rather, that thou shouldst come to me, and dwell under my roof? O unspeakable condescension! O unexampled kindness! Behold the heaven, the heaven of heavens, cannot contain thee, and yet thou vouchfafest to take up thy abode with man, that is a worm! The angels are not pure in thy fight, and yet thou fayest to wretched sinners, "Come unto me, ye that travel, and are heavy laden."

I find myself at a loss, whence such astonishing kindness should proceed, or what may be the meaning of so friendly an invitation. My misdeeds testify against me, and I am but too sensible, that no merit of mine could induce my Lord to make it. So far from that, that even now it is made, I know not with what face I can either approach my God and Saviour, or bring him to me, or hope to keep him there;

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him, whom I have so often grievously provoked, fo justly made my enemy for ever. But were there no demerits of my own to discourage this attempt, yet who am I, that the majesty of heaven and earth should stoop so low, as to enter under my roof? Behold angels and archangels, principalities and powers, fall down and worship thee; behold the brightest faints, and spirits of just men made perfect, tremble at thy presence, and yet thou fayest, " Come unto me, all ye that labour and are heavy laden." Had this been fpoke by any mouth but thine, men could not have believed it. Had not thy own command inspired this confidence, sinners durst not have attempted to move towards thee, but would have rather used their utmost industry, to slee from the presence of their master and judge. But, be it so, we are commanded to come to thee, and thou vouchfafest to come to us. what folemnity, what preparation, can be fuffcient for thy reception?

O mighty maker of the world! whom, though we plainly see in all thy works of wonder, yet thou thyself remainest invisible; how astonishing are thy dispensations to the sons of men? How sweet, how comfortable, how full of efficacy, yet still how unaccountable to sense and reason, are the methods, by which thou art pleased to communicate thyself to the faithful in this blessed facrament? Blessed Jesus! we will acknowledge thy unspeakable bounty; we will most thankfully confess thee to be the good shepherd, who has provided such rich sustenance for thy sheep, and leadest them out into fat pastures. Blessed be

VILE

thy eternal mercy, who vouchfasest to give thy body, not only for, but to, thy poor fervants in this disconsolate state: who, not content to facrifice it once upon the crofs, offerest it daily in the facrament; and hast silenced all the fears and melancholy mifgivings of our own guilt and unworthiness, by that most tender and compasfionate, that most extensive and universal invitation; "Come unto me all ye that labour and are heavily laden," with the burden of your fins, "and I will refresh you."

The Love of God to the Soul manifested in this Sacrament.

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BEhold, Lord, thus encouraged, thus invited, I come; but I do not presume to do to, trusting in my own righteousness, but in thy manifold and great mercies. I feel, alas! my weakness and wants; and betake myself to thee for relief; fick and diseased, I fly to the physician of fouls; hungry and thirsty, to this fountain of living water, and bread of life; poor and needy, to the bountiful king of heaven; a fervant to his mafter; a creature to his compaffionate creator, who hates nothing that he hath made; and a forlorn disconsolate wretch, to thee, the holy, the eternal, the only comforter. But whence is this to me, that my God should vouchlafe to come unto me? Or how canst thou, who art of purer eyes than to behold iniquity, endure to make fuch condescending approaches, to a foul polluted with fin and with uncleanets? Thou feest my very inward parts, and knowest I have nothing in me that is good, nothing to in-P 2

vite fuch mercy, nothing fit for reception of fo pure, fo glorious a majesty. I will therefore most humbly confess my own vileness, and thy unspeakable goodness; I will most thankfully praise, admire, and adore, thy marvellous love, and exceeding abundant grace. For this is purely thy own act. Nothing on my part could deserve, nothing could move thee to it. The more unworthy I am, the more conspicuous is thy goodness, the more amazing thy mercy and condescension. Since therefore thou art pleafed to floop fo low, be it unto me according to thy word. Since thou hast thought fit to commend my approach, I will most gladly testify my ready obedience, and only beg, that my own finfulness may not render me odious in thy fight, nor frustrate these inestimable mercies to me.

O bleffed, kindest saviour, what humble reverence, what devout thankfulness can be great enough? What praise can be sufficiently expresfive of that love, which admits fo poor, fo miferable a wretch, to the participation of those divine mysteries, the dignity whereof no tongue of men and angels can worthily fet forth? But when I thus address my Lord, and am allowed fuch intimate familiarities with him, what fort of reflections ought to fill my breaft? To approach thee with all the profound respect due upon fuch occasions, is impossible: I will therefore fupply my want of ability by the earnestness of my zeal; and most humbly beseech thee, to accept those hearty desires of the inestimable benefit, by which my foul, and all its faculties thirst

thirst and pant most impatiently after thee and thy righteousness. When thou art the subject of my meditations, the matter is too vast for regular thought; the idea too dazling bright for a finite understanding; and I quickly feel myfelf loft in wonder and aftonishment. I will therefore turn my eyes inward, and entertain myself with the less pleasing indeed, but no less profitable prospect of my own unworthiness; laying my foul low before thee; and from the fense, how little, how mere nothing, how much worfe than nothing I am, will take the measure of thy greatness, and form ideas of thy infinite goodness. I praise thee, O my God, from the bottom of my heart; and extol thy name for evermore. I despise and detest myself; and with the deepest humility put my foul into thy hands, that thy favour and grace may exalt me, and make this despicable wretch something, who, without thy mercy is less than nothing.

O the wide extremes! O the unmeasurable distance! between God, the essence and perfection of holiness, and man, the very abstract of silth and sin! yet doth this God extend compassion, and look down with pity, on those who are not worthy so much as to lift up their eyes to him. Yet does he come to us, delight to be with us, promise to dwell with us; call and intreat and importune us, to sit and eat deliciously with him. He invites the naked and hungry, the beggars and vagabonds, to his own table; seeds them with "angels food," feasts them with the bread of heaven, even that "living bread which

which came down from heaven," on purpose

"to give life unto the world."

Oh! whence could all his mighty love proceed? What account can be given of fuch wonderful condescension, such tender regards, to loft unworthy creatures? What thanks, what praife, what humble adoration do those so highly obliged, so particularly favoured creatures owe in return for them? How wife, how faving, was thy defign in the first institution of this holy fupper? How rich, how delightful a banquet hast thou prepared for thy guests, by ordering thy own body and blood for the mystical entertainment of the faithful? How aftonishing are the operations of thy grace and power? How incomprehenfible the methods of fulfilling thy most true promise? Thou speakest the word in the beginning, and all things were created; and by the fame almighty word, thou commandest bread and wine, and they nourish fouls to life eternal.

Come then, O Lord, and enter, and live, and reign in me for ever; cleanse and adorn with thy grace the place of thy peculiar residence; preserve my heart and body free from all impurity, and remove far away whatever may be offensive to holy eyes; let this vessel of mine be constantly possessed in sanctification and honour; that with a peaceful and spotless conscience, I may frequently approach, and eagerby receive these adorable mysteries, which thou hast appointed for the comfort and salvation of those, whom the king of heaven delights to honour; and for devout and lively commemora-

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tion of thy own most bitter, but most meritori-

ous and precious death.

And thou, my foul, rejoice and be exceeding glad for so noble a favour, so heavenly a refreshment, so rich a consolation, to support and sweeten thy passage, through this vale of tears and misery. For every time thou attendest these holy mysteries, thou "dost spiritually eat the slesh of Christ and drink his blood;" thou dost act as it were over again the work of thy redemption, and with great effect partake of thy saviour's merits and sufferings.

The Benefit of communicating often.

DEHOLD, I come to thee, O Lord, defirous to partake of thy promise, to be enriched with thy gifts, and feasted with that heavenly banquet which thy compassion hath prepared for hungry and drooping fouls. I know, O Lord, in thee is all I need, all I can defire; my health and fafety, my hope and strength, my honour and glory. Quicken therefore, and cherish the soul of thy servant, for unto thee, O bleffed Jesus, do I lift up my soul. It is my earnest longing to receive thee with a becoming reverence and devotion. The height of my ambition is to bring thee home to my house and, with Zaccheus of old, to be bleffed, and reckoned by thee among the true spiritual sons of Abraham. My foul defires to be fed and strengthened by thy body, and my heart to be entirely knit, and inseparably united to thee.

Give me but thyself, and, whatever else thou with-holdest, I am satisfied. For all things be-

fides are miserable comforters, and rather aggravate than abate my wretchedness. Without thy confolations, I am not able to fubfift: and therefore I feel an absolute necessity of coming to thee often, for fresh supplies of grace and strength. My spirits languish and sink, and, if I fast too long, I perish for want of seasonable recruits from this heavenly fustenance. bowels heretofore yearned over the multitudes, who came from far to hear thy faving doctrine, and to be healed of their bodily diftempers. Thou wouldst not fend them away empty, but wer't pleased to feed them by a miracle, lest they should faint by the way. Extend the same compassion towards me, and let this facrament suftain my fainting foul, in this wilderness barren and remote from any true comfort. For thou art the fweet, the reviving food of finking and weary spirits; and they, who worthily partake of this repast, are nourished unto life eternal.

How amazing is thy love! And what is man whom thou thus vouchfafest to visit, when the great God, the creator of the world, and father of the spirits of all sless, does not distain to descend into a poor soul, and sill the hungry wretch with all his fatness? Happy that breast, which is thus honoured, and unspeakable the joy, with which it overflows! How glorious a master, how agreeable a guest, how pleasant a companion, how faithful a friend, how beautiful, how honourable, how charming a husband; does it entertain and embrace! Let heaven and earth, and all their boasted excellencies, keep silence before him: for if I have my Jesus, I have all. For

Ihave him, from whom all other things derive their excellence; and their borrowed precarious perfections can minister no joy, can make no happiness, without this great original. They in themselves are nothing, they are but what he made them; and he alone is more, incomparably more and better, than all that ever was, or could be made.

The Pleasures of Devout Communion.

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Revent me, I most humbly beseech thee, my Lord and my God, with the bleffings and graces of thy holy Spirit; that thy fervant may taste thy sweetness, and approach thy precious feast, with such reverence, and zeal, and fervent devotion, as thou wilt be pleased to accept. O visit me with thy salvation, and awaken me from spiritual sloth and slumber; that I now may vigorously apply myfelf, to draw and drink. the living water, contained in this fountain opened for fin and for uncleanness. Enlighten the eyes of my mind, that I may fee the wonderous things of this thy institution, and strengthen my faith, that I may firmly, and without scruple, believe and expect those operations which my reason is not able to account for. Shed I pray thee, thy special grace into my heart, that I. may dissolve in this holy fire, and become entirely thine. Purge off my drofs, and let me no more endure the allay of any baser mixtures. For this facrament is the pureft, the noblest refiner of fouls, the health of the whole man, the restorative of spiritual decays, the cure of vice, the curb of passions, the antidote against troubles. and temptations, the conveyancer of greater grace,

grace, the increase of imperfect virtue, the stay of hope, the support of our faith, and the mighty incentive of our charity. Thou O God! art a fountain ever full, ever overflowing. Thou art the fire whose stames are constantly expanding themselves, to kindle holy affections, in all those who are careful to approach, and put themselves

in the way of their activity.

It may be, I am not worthy to drink at the head of this fpring, or to take my fill of its refreshing streams, but yet at least I will apply my mouth to some of its distant pipes, and fpreading rills, to catch a few of the drops as they slide by, that I be not utterly barren, nor die with drought and thirst. I may not be able to approach this flame so near, that it should refine and brighten me to a degree equal with purity of the cherubim and feraphim: but yet I will not despair of being so far cherished and warmed by it, that my zeal may be exalted according to the brightness of human virtues: and my enlivened heart shall feel some glowings, if it do not flame out heavenly clear. Defects and infirmities, I know, I cannot be exempted from: but, what is wanting, I beg my merciful Jesus would fupply.

Into thy Hands, my merciful maker and faviour, I commit myself, and all my affairs; and beg, that thou wouldest keep what is thus deposited with thee, safe unto life eternal. O take me therefore into thy custody; and, as thou hast ordained thy body and blood to be the food of immortality, so grant that it may have its proper efficacy upon my soul in particular, to the glory of thy name, and the honour of so blessed

an institution. And that no neglect or unfruitfulness of mine may obstruct its kindly and powerful operations; grant, I befeech thee, my God and Saviour, that I never may be guilty of fuch difrespect, as wilfully to turn my back upon thy table; but may earnestly long for, heartily rejoice in, and diligently comply with, every opportunity of receiving this mighty bleffing; and may fo frequent and fo improve under thy merciful dispensation, that I may conflantly return with greater care and zeal, more fettled resolutions, more irreconcileable hatred against sin, and more fervent love for God and goodness, than before. So shall I approach nearer to thee indeed, and each facrament prove a fresh advance towards heaven. So shall my foul be filled with treasures of thy mercy, the delights of thy fecret ones, and the ravishing foretaftes of that blifs, which shall be always growing, till it be confummated at last in that. eternal feaft above, the marriage-supper of the lamb in thy kingdom. Amen.

An Act of Preparation before the Sacrament.

BEHOLD, Lord, with thy wonted mercy the doubts and confusions of my troubled breast. For, when I look up to heaven, and consider the majesty of my great, my holy God, and from thence draw my eyes back upon myself, and view my own vileness and horrible sinfulness, I am all perplexity, and distraction, and horror. Thou biddest me come; and if I resultation, I forsake thy own mercy, and deprive myself of life and happiness. But if I come un-

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worthily, I am equally miserable, and shall be punished for the high indignity of bringing so polluted a guest, to so pure and heavenly a feast. What course then shall I take to be safe, when danger and death threaten on either hand? I will even sly to thee, my God; and, instead of consulting with slesh and blood, or hearkening to the deceitful infinuations of my too rash, or too timorous reason, will ask counsel of thee, my infalliable and only oracle in difficulties, my never-failing help in necessities and distresses.

Teach me, I befeech thee, the right way, and lead me in fuch methods of holy preparation, as may be proper and fuitable to fo exalted an act of religion. I know that these approaches to thee, in the bleffed facrament, are exceeding beneficial and delightful: but make me know withal, in what manner thou must be approached, to render that which is desirable in itself, fafe and profitable to me in particular. Give me, I befeech thee, a due fense of the greatness of the mistery and excellence of thy mercy in it; and, consequent to that, fill my foul with pure and holy affections, with earnest longings, with godly forrow, with fincere and stedfast resolutions, with profound reverence and ardent devotion, that my heart may be a clean, though homely receptacle for my faviour, such as he will not difdain, and I so well disposed a guest at this divine feast, this spiritual facrifice, that thou mayest bid me welcome to thy table, and the food I receive there may nourish me up to health and life eternal. Amen. rake ray own mercy, and deprive

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Miller 1

An Att of Self-Resignation.

It is very meet, right, and my bounden duty," that I should do, O Lord, as thou requirest; for this, O Lord, is but to give thee of thy own. Heaven and earth are thine, and all that therein is. I desire, with singleness of heart, to dedicate myself to thee, never to retract the gift, but continue thine for ever. Accept me therefore, entirely devoted to thy service from this day forward, a facrifice of praise and perpetual thanksgiving. I call those blessed spirits to witness, who though invinsible to human eyes, constantly assist at our solemn acts of religious worship; humble beseeching thee, that the oblation of thy dear son's blessed body, represented in this facrament may be effectual for the salvation of me, and of all thy faithful people.

I offer to thee, O Lord, my manifold fins and transgressions, my corrupt inclinations and vicious habits, which, from my youth up until now, have so grievously provoked thy wrath and just indignation, to be a whole burnt facrifice. Slay them, O Lord, before thy altar, and consume them in the fire of thy love, that not any the least spot of guilt may remain behind. Purge my conscience from their stain, and wipe out their very remembrance. Restore to me thy grace, which my fins and wilful neglects have so often forfeited. Give "me the comfort of thy help again, and establish me with thy free," thy renewing, spirit, and having sealed a full pardon for what is past, receive me to thy fatherly embraces,

braces, and affure me of thy affection, by a kifs

of reconciliation and peace.

What fatisfaction can I make for all my injuries and bold affronts to thy righteous laws, but that alone of humble confession, deep forrow, and hearty prayers, for thy acceptance of thy fon's atonement? I do most heartily bewail and detest all my wickedness, and by thy grace will never be guilty of the like any more. I do, and will to the last minute of my life, grieve for these follies; and am desirous, by my future carriage, to testify the truth of my repentance, and make the best reparation I am able, for the fcandal I have given formerly. O Lord, pardon; O Lord, forgive; defer not for thy own fake, O my God; but let thy mercy be glorified in fparing the foul of thy fervant, whom thou haft redeemed with thy most precious blood. Behold, I commit myfelf wholly to thy mercy, and deposite my spirit in thy hands. O deal with me according to thy great goodness, and not after my fins and grievous wickedness.

To thee I humbly offer all in me that is good. A very poor imperfect offering, I with shame confess it; but, worthless as it is, I beg thou wilt accept it. Supply my defects, sanctify and exalt what is debased with infirmity or impure mixtures; disdain not my sincere, though weak, endeavours; enable me daily to do better; and raise at last this slothful unprofitable creature to such degrees of virtue and successful activity, as may by the more diligent use of thy grace,

end in a bleffed and bright eternity.

I also offer up to thee the prayers and good wishes of all that have interceded for me, or defired my intercessions for them; the necessities and distresses of my friends and relations, and all that have done good to me or others, for thy sake; imploring that thou wouldst assist them by thy grace, comfort them in their troubles, protect them in all dangers, deliver them from punishment and death eternal, and so rescue them from all evil, that they may magnify thy good providence, and with thankful hearts re-

joice in thy mercy.

In, a more particular manner accept, I befeech thee, my most hearty prayer and peaceofferings, for all who have injured me in word or deed, created me any disturbance by ill treatment, flandered or reviled me with ill language, or given me any manner of uneafiness, or angry refentment. And likewife for all whom I have injured, grieved or offended, by word or deed, knowingly or ignorantly, with or without defign; intreating thy forgiveness for all that hath been done or taken amiss on either side. Take away, thou who livedest and diedest for thy enemies, all rancour and malice, all grudges and revengeful thoughts, all passionate remembrances and disposition to strife and debate, all that may be inconfiftent with true charity, or tend to the decay of brotherly love. Have mercy, Lord, on all who fue for mercy; fupply the needs of all that want; and grant us all fuch measures of thy grace, and such firm perfeverrance in it, that we may grow up to fuch degrees as this mortal state is capable of here, and

and may receive our perfect confummation and blifs, both in body and foul, in thy eternal and everlafting glory.

The Benefit of Christ's Body and Word.

Bleffed, dearest Jesus! Who can express the charms, the transports, of that foul; which feasts with thee at thy table; that table, where no common food is placed, but the divine entertainment of thy own body and blood? An entertainment delicious, above all that man can express or imagine! What fatisfaction should we take, to come into thy tabernacle, and fall low on our knees before thy footftool; to open wide our hearts for the delights of thy house, and, with Mary Magdalen, to wash thy holy feet with tears of love? But where, alas! is this devotion to be found? Where are those eyes overflowing with pious forrow? Or, if that forrow be fwallowed up in joy, yet ought we not even thus to approach thee with dry eyes; but tears of joy should trickle down apace, when we confider our mighty privilege, and the happiness of being admitted to thy blessed presence, and made partakers of the blifs of angels. For, as they really behold thy face in glory, fo am I' fure to fee, and to receive thee, in the mifticelements; though covered there under a different form, and shrouded in a veil of bread and wine.

I adore thy goodness, which thus condescends to the infirmities of human nature, and in much compassion is pleased, under these sensible representations, to hide that glorious majesty, whose

whose native lustre is too piercing bright, for me, or any created being, to behold in its full strength. All honour, and praise, and thanksgiving, be to the bleffed Jesus, light of eternal uncreated light, for the table of his heavenly doctrine, spread and adorned by the ministry of his inspired servants, the prophets, apostles, and other holy writers, taught by himself, that they might teach us. All glory and thanks be to the great creator and merciful redeemer of mankind, for his extensive tender love, in preparing a plenteous feaft for all the world. Not like that paschal lamb of old, a type and shadow only, but the very substance of that shadow, the accomplishment of that type, even Christ our paffover, facrificed for us, and exhibited to us. This bread fuftains, this cup chears and rejoices, the hearts of the faithful. It fills them with the overflowing delights of paradife, is a pledge and antipast of heaven, and, allowing for the difference of conditions, admits us into partnership with angels themselves. The joy of both is the fame, though both cannot receive in equal proportion.

The Soul's Defire of Union with Christ.

I Hear thy gracious words, my dearest Lord, and easily believe the inexpressible happiness of them whose souls thy heavenly presence fills. But how, oh! how shall I attain that bliss? How shall I seek and find my God alone? Now open my heart to entertain thee, so as to exclude all other intruding guests? Oh! that no man, no creature, might from henceforth find place in my

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my affections and defires, so as to interrupt my conversation with thee! When shall I break loofe from company and care, and enjoy and talk with thee alone, in language free and kind, as that of dearest friends; and foft and tender, fweet and charming, as the unreferved retirements and endearing whispers of the most passionate lovers? This is my earnest wish, this my constant prayer, that my heart may be knit entirely to thee, and weaned from every earthly and fenfual delight, learn to taste heavenly and eternal joys, by frequent returns to thy holy communion. Ah! when, my God, shall I be wholly thine, regardless of myself, swallowed up quite in a blisful indiffolute union with Christ. "Thou, Lord, in me, and I in thee," and thus

may we continue one for ever!

Thou verily art my beloved, my chosen, the chiefest among ten thousand, the friend of my bosom, with whom I desire to dwell all the days of my life. Thou art my peace, and only comfort; without thee I find nothing but labour and forrow, vexation and torment, and mifery insupportable. Thou art a "God that hidest thyself," not dealing thy blessings promiscuously, but with wife and just distinction, satisfying the humble and meek with the pleafures of thy word, while thou concealest thy counsel from the wicked, and leavest them to groan and howl, in the anguish and horror of their guilty fouls. Oh! how great is thy bounty! how fweet thy mercy! who refreshest thy hungry fervants with the delicious bread which came down from heaven, that thy faithful might eat thereof thereof and not die. Surely there is no nation under heaven which hath God so near to them, as the Lord our God is unto us, in all that we call upon him for; for "he healeth the broken in heart, he hath respect unto the lowly, he lifteth the simple out of the dust, and raiseth the needy from the dunghill, to set them with princes," to equal them with angels; nay, to give them his sless for the satisfying of their hunger, and, when they are thirsty, the wine of his blood to drink.

What fociety of men can boast of privileges worthy to be named with those of the christian church? What creature is there under heaven, whose excellence and happiness is comparable to that of the pious and devout foul, where God takes up his residence, and sustains the heart that entertains him with his own glorious body? O grace unspeakable! O condescension most amazing! O love unmeasurable! Lord, what is man, that thou shouldst thus visit him? Or what can he render unto his God for these inestimable benefits? Alas! I have no return to make, but a poor worthless heart. And this is yet a farther instance of thy goodness, that thou expectest no other testimony of gratitude but myself, and my fincere affection. Thus hast thou made our duty our greatest happiness: for then shall my foul be glad, and all that is within me leap for joy, when my heart is perfectly united to God. Then shalt thou fay, "if thou wilt be mine, I will live and dwell with thee for ever:" and I with humble joy reply, "difdain not, Lord, this mean and homely dwelling, for I most willingly, most

most thankfully, embrace the offer. Lo! I am thine entirely from this moment, and, above all things wish and pray, that the intimacy and friendship thus contracted, may continue firm and inviolable, that nothing may abate our love, and the delights of it, or ever part our persons any more."

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An Act of exciting Devotion by the example of Others.

How plentiful is thy goodness, which thou hast laid up for them that fear thee!" When I reflect with what ardent piety, with what affectionate devotion, and with what an eager zeal, thy faints approach this heavenly fupper; shame and confusion over-whelm me quite, conscious of my own, but lukewarm at the best, and too often perfectly stupid and frozen hearted; with what indifference and coldness I approach thy mysteries, and how unaffected with thy mercies, how unprofitable under the gracious dispensation, I return. What a reproach is it, that my heart should not be all inflamed with the excess of thy love; that I should have no sense, no apprehension, of my greatest happiness, no hungrings and thirstings after it? But, notwithstanding the moving examples of many excellent persons, should still continue void of all impression; so scandalously unlike those pious souls, whose zeal overflowed in tears of joy, whose hearts, as well as mouths, drank greedily at this fountain of life, whose appetites were so strong as never to be fatisfied till they had filled themselves with thy bleffed body, and fed liberally, and with a fort of holy luxury indulged, at the celestial banquet

A faith fo eager, fo exalted, plainly confessed they felt thy gracious presence, and that their Lord was known to them, as heretofore to the disciples at Emmaus, in breaking of bread, the burning of their hearts within them, was an irrefragable testimony of it. But how far short, alas! do I come of their zeal and devotion? Look mercifully, Lord, upon my infirmities; and, if an equal portion of thy grace be too great a favour for thy poor unworthy fervant: yet grant me fuch a degree, fuch a fense of thy goodness and wonderful love, that I may be as fincerely, though not fo strongly, affected with If raptures and extafies of delight may not be my portion, yet deny me not improvement: but let my faith be strengthened, my hope confirmed, my love so warmed with this facrament, that, after having once tasted this heavenly manna, I may never more defire the onions and garlick of Egypt, nor in my heart turn back trom fo good a God.

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I know thy mercy and thy power, to which nothing is impossible, nothing hard. I know thou canst, and I hope in thy good time thou wilt, visit me with more abundant measures of thy grace, and fulfil all my desire. This considence I cherish, because my very desires are from thee. And it is some comfort to me, that, though I am sensible of my weakness and my want, yet I long and pant after supplies and strength; that I am not content with my misery, but labour and pray, against my desects, and would fain be better. And thus I will continue to do, till thou remove, and vanquish my frailties, inspire a bright

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bright and ardent zeal, and make me a happy partaker, first of the virtuous disposition of thy devouter faints, and then of their reward and happiness.

A Prayer for Relief in our Wants and Spiritual Distresses.

TIEAR me, O bleffed, kindest Jesus, whom I now approach with most hearty defires of receiving thee into my foul. But how can I expect, that thou wilt not despise a place so unfit to entertain thy pure, thy glorious majesty? Thou knowest, Lord, my weaknesses and my wants; how great my fufferings, and how black my fins; how I am oppressed and afflicted, tempted and over-powered; difordered with paffion, and stained with pollution. To thee I fly for succour against my infirmites, for physick against my diseases, for support under my calamities and distresses. I cannot dissemble my condition, I need not publish it, when addressing one who knows all things, to whom my very inward parts are naked and open; to him, who alone can give effectual relief to my forrows, and fupply my crying necessities. Thy wisdom knows what fuccours are most seasonable and proper for my circumstances, and how very sender and low my stock of virtue is. Behold, I stand before thee, a helpless creature, " miserable and poor, and blind, and naked, and weak." Imploring thy grace, or at least some fragments of it, to this hungry starving beggar. O let me not be famished, but revive this finking wretch with some crumbs of heavenly sustenance. Let me not

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not perish with cold, but warm me with thy love: let me not fall into the pit, but enlighten my blind eyes with the shine of thy gracious presence. Give me a settled disrelish of worldly pleasures, and make all here below insipid, and bitter to me. Reconcile me to croffes and afflictions, by fubmission and steady patience; and lessen every thing in this world, whether enjoyment or fuffering, by teaching me to despise and forget it. Raife my stupid heart up to heaven, and fettle my affections there, that they may no longer wildly rove after the trifling objects of flesh and sense. Let me henceforth taste delight in nothing but thee, nor " fpend my money and labour for that which is not bread," for thou alone art " meat indeed, and drink indeed," my love and joy, my delight and exceeding great reward, my perfect and fole good.

O that, now I am approaching to the throne of grace, thou wouldst command thy divine fires to descend from heaven into my foul! O that my fins and corrupt dispositions might be the burnt-offering confumed by it! that it might flame and burn, and melt me down, purge away all my drofs, and, by the violence of its powerful heat, refine, and change, and incorporate me with thyfelf. Let me not, I befeech thee, be fent empty away: let me not return hungry and thirsty from so splended an entertainment, but work in me mightily, and deal bountifully with thy fervant, as thou useft to do unto those that love thy name. I hope to find a wonderous alteration, and cannot think it ftrange, if I feel my benumbed heart all sublimated,

when I come to that fire, which ever burns without confuming; or, if I find an entire feparation of all my worldly and gross affections, when heated thoroughly with that love, whose excellence it is to purify the heart by activity, and to enlighten blind understandings by the brightness of its flame.

An Act of Praise.

OOK down, O Lord, with favour and good acceptance upon thy poor unworthy, but fincere fervant, now proftrating himfelf before thine altar, with a most devout zeal, and all the paffionate and tender refentment of which my heart is capable; wishing still, that these good affections were greater and more worthy of thee, and that I might meet and embrace my Lord, with all that perfection of holiness and eager joy, by which thy best and dearest saints recommended their prayers and praises, and so eminetly signalized themselves, in the celebration of this bleffed facrament. O God! my love and life, my only and eternal blifs, were but my power proportioned to my will, none of those excellent patterns even expressed more awful reverence, more ardent devotions, more eager love, more humble gratitude, than I at this time am difposed, and most earnestly wish, to express.

I know, O Lord, how far I am from being worthy to receive at thy hand such plentiful effusions of grace, such distinguishing marks of thy kindness, as enabled them to be so pious and exemplary in all their addresses to thee. But yet my heart, and all its affections, such as they are,

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I dedicate to thy service. The utmost a devout mind can conceive or desire, I offer in thy prefence, with all possible respect, with sincerity as unfeigned, as if my zeal were much more bright and fierce. I do it without the least referve: all I have, and am, is entirely thine, most freely consecrated to thy use, my God, and Lord, my almighty creator, and most merciful redeemer. Take then a full possession of one, upon so many accounts thy own. Enter, and dwell, and reign in me, absolute, and for ever. Behold, I open my arms wide, to embrace my Lord and spouse. I desire at this time to receive thee into my heart, with the fame reverence and humility, the fame respectful gratitude and love, the same faith, and hope, and chafte defire, with which thy holy mother received thee into her virgin womb, when she returned that pious answer to the angel, who brought the glad tidings of thy mysterious incarnation, "behold the handmaid of the Lord, be it unto me according to thy word."

May all the zeal and raptures, the exstasses, and heavenly visions of the saints; may all their virtues and their praises; may every creature in heaven and earth; may all that I have ever prayed for, and all that pray for me, contribute to thy glory; and may thy name be only and ever magnified by all and each of them.

Accept, O Lord, my hearty wishes and defires of praise and thanksgiving, as infinite as thy majesty; for they are thine of right, and mayest thou be worthily blessed by them. This

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is, and shall be, my daily, hourly prayer. Nor will I content myself with wishing and endeavouring this, singly and in my own person, but do most seriously invite and conjure all the blessed spirits above, all thy faithful people upon earth, to join in this most just tribute of honour; and, in sull concert and perfect harmony, to publish thy praise and glory, in all times and places, for ever and ever. Amen.

A Prayer before receiving the Bread and Wine.

MOST gracious God, who of thy infinite mercy hast given thy son Jesus Christ to be our great high-priest, and the bishop of our souls, who did offer up himself to thee a pure and immaculate sacrifice upon the cross for us miserable sinners, who has given us his slesh to eat, and his blood to drink, in a mystical manner; and hast assured us by thy holy spirit, that as often as we eat that bread, and drink that cup, we shew forth the Lord's death till his coming again.

I humbly beseech thee therefore by the merits of his blood, the great price of our re-

demption.

I intreat thee by his wonderful and ineffable charity, wherewith he has vouchfafed to love us unworthy creatures, at so grate a rate, that thou would'st be pleased to wash me in his blood from all my sins, which make me unworthy to partake of these holy mysteries.

Let my repentance be hearty and fincere, and express itself in all the circumstances of ho-

ly obedience for the time to come.

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Thou alone out of an unclean thing canst bring a clean; of a wretched sinner make me therefore holy and righteous.

Thou art the fountain of mercy, thut not up

thy bowels of compassion towards me.

Thou art the great physician of souls, dis-

play thy power in my health and recovery.

Let me approach thy holy table with reverence and devotion, that no vile affections may hinder me from receiving the benefits of this mosmice of thy mercy. divine nourishment.

Let me celebrate this christian facrifice with purity of heart, and a right intention of mind, that I may obtain all these advantages for which thou wert graciously pleased to establish it.

Let me entirely relign my foul and body to be a reasonable, hely, and lively sacrifice unto thee; for thou hast the justest claim to me, fince the bleffed Jesus has purchased me at the the affiltagee

price of his own blood.

Grant, O Lord, that I may constantly endeavour to make some proficiency in all the virtues of christian life; because Jesus has obtained for me, by the merits of his fufferings, the grace and affiftance of thy holy spirit, to work in me both to will and to do thy good pleafure. The the too diting suited do sin

Make me ready to be reconciled to all those that have offended me, because when we were enemies we were reconciled to God by the

death of his fon.

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Let me embrace all my poor brethren with fincere love and charity, and contribute all I can to the relief of Christ's distressed members.

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because he thought not his life too dear, nor his blood too precious to redeem me from a

flate of bondage and flavery.

Strengthen me, O Lord, in such a manner by this spiritual food, that I may successfully encounter all the attacks of my spiritual enemies.

Suppress in me the spirit of pride and vainglory, of envy and detraction, of uncleanness and intemperance, or of any distrust and diffidence of thy mercy.

May all temptations to these offences against thy holy laws be overcome by that power which thou shalt be pleased to communicate to me in

this holy facrament.

And may all those evils which the craft and subtilty of the devil, or man worketh against

me, be brought to nought.

That, being outwardly and inwardly fortified by the affiftance of thy grace, I may press towards the mark for the prize of the high calling of God in Christ Jesus; when I shall enjoy thee no longer in mystery, which is our lot and portion here below; but see thee face to face, and be eternally satisfied with the pleafures of thy kingdom, in and through the merits of Jesus Christ our only mediator and advocate. Amen.

When the Priest approaches to deliver the consecrated Bread.

COME, O Lord! and make no long tarrying, O my God! am not worthy thou shouldest enter under my roof; but, Lord, be merciful to me a finner.

I long for thy falvation, O! fatisfy me with

thy likeness.

I open my heart to thee, O! come unto me, and abide with me, and powerfully support me in all trials and temptations, when I most need thy help. Amen.

A Prayer after receiving the consecrated bread.

BLessed be thy holy name, O Lord Jesus, for this thy inestimable gift, for this comfort thou hast left me in this vale of tears.

As long as I live will I praise thee; as long as I have any being, I will most thankfully acknowledge this thy bounty and goodness to the children of men.

Thou hast given me thy precious body to be the food of my foul; behold I offer to thee my body and foul, make them fit for thy services.

Let this divine food repair in me whatever has been decayed by the lusts of the flesh, or

the wiles of fatan.

That my understanding may be exercised in the knowledge of thee, and the contemplation of thy divine truths, which are alone able to make me wise unto salvation;

That my will may chuse and desire thee above all things, who art the chiefest good, the most desireable portion of immortal souls;

That my affections may be entirely fixed on thee, who art alone amiable, and the centre of eternal fatisfaction.

I will love thee, O Lord, because thou art infinitely

infinitely good, and thy mercy endureth for ever.

I will love thee, O Lord, because thou didst create me after thy own image, capable of loving thee, and enjoying thee eternally.

I will love thee, O Lord, because when I had lost and undone myself, thou didst die to

redeem me.

I will love thee, O Lord, because thou art only worthy of my love, thou only canst fill and fatisfy my soul.

Be thou therefore my hope and confidence,

and let all my trust be placed in thee.

Be thou my riches and delight, and let all my joy and contentment rest in thee.

Be thou my peace and refuge, and let my

pleasure and safety depend on thee.

Be thou my portion and greatest treasure, and let my eternal happiness be fixed in the enjoyment of thee. Amen, Lord Jesus, Amen.

When the Priest approaches to deliver the Cup.

I will receive the cup of falvation, and call upon the name of the Lord.

I will ratify my vows with this blood of the new covenant, and engage myself, O God, to

be eternally thine.

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winning the state of the state

Satisfy my thirsty soul with good things, and let this communion of the blood of Christ put more gladness into my heart, than wine and oil when they increase. Amen.

A Prayer after receiving the Cup.

BLeffing and honour, glory and power be unto him that fitteth on the throne, and unto the lamb that was flain, for ever and ever.

I give thee most humble and hearty thanks, O Lord, from the bottom of my soul, that thou hast been pleased to admit me, at this time, to the participation of these holy and desireable mysteries;

That thou hast vouchsafed to feed me a sinner, thy unworthy servant, with the spiritual nourishment of the body and blood of thy son Jesus Christ; and this not for any merits of my own, but for the sake of thy infinite goodness and mercy.

Unworthy though I am, yet thy bounty, O Lord, never fails; the love of my faviour is not diminished, and the virtue of his propitia-

tion is never exhaufted.

Grant therefore, I befeech thee, that this holy facrament may never turn to my judgment and condemnation;

But that it may be health and recovery un-

der all my weaknesses and infirmities;

Safety and defence against all the attacks of my spiritual enemies;

Vigour and strength to all my holy purposes

and resolutions;

Comfort and support under all the afflictions and calamities of life;

Assistance and direction under all difficulties and doubts.

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Courage and constancy under all dangers and persecutions, especially in times of sickness, and at the hour of death.

Finally, let it procure for me pardon and forgiveness in this life, mercy and favour at the day of judgment, and a never fading crown of glory in the heavenly kingdom, where, with thy son Jesus Christ, and the blessed spirit, thou livest and reignest, one, God, world without end. Amen.

We cannot better conclude our devotions, if time and opportunity will permit, than by offering up our praises and thanksgivings, for all those mercies and blessings God hath bestowed upon us all along in life, particularly for his inestimable love in the redemption of the world, by our Lord Jesus Christ; and what heart that is warm with a true sense of what his saviour has done and suffered for him, can refuse the humble tribute of a most grateful acknowledgment.

A Thanksgiving for God's Mercies, Temporal and Spiritual.

PRaise the Lord, O my soul, and all that is within me praise his holy name. Praise the Lord, O my soul, and forget not all his benefits.

Thou, O Lord, art alone infinite in all excellencies and perfections, and therefore thou only art the eternal object of the adorations and praises of all thy creatures.

I de-

I desire to praise and worship thee with all the heavenly host, saying, holy, holy, holy, Lord God of heaven and earth, thou hast created all things, and for thy pleasure they are and were created.

All praise and thanksgiving be rendered unto thee, for making me after thine own image and likeness, capable of loving thee, and en-

joying thee eternally.

I bless thee for the light of my reason, and all other endowments and faculties of my soul

and body.

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I bless thee for preserving me from innumerable accidents and dangers, through the whole course of my life; for all my known and unobserved deliverances, and for the guard thy holy angels have kept over me.

I bless thee for the advantages of a pious education, and for seasoning my tender mind

with early notion of virtue and religion;

I bless thee for recovering me to a sense of my duty, when I foolishly strayed from the fountain of all happiness; and for thy unwearied patience towards me, after so many and such great provocations.

I bless thee for all the comforts and accommodations of life, which thou hast bestowed upon me, whereby my pilgrimage in this world

has been foftened and supported:

And I adore thy wife providence in all those afflictions and disappointments with which thou hast thought fit to exercise me, and which have brought me to that sense of thee and of myself.

felf, which it is likely nothing elfe would have done.

By thee I have been held up from the womb, my praise shall continually be of thee.

Above all, I praise and magnify thy holy name, for thy inexpressible love to lost man;

For fending thy son into the world, to redeem us from a state of sin and misery, by suffering for us, and dying in our stead, that we might be partakers of the divine nature, and receive the promises of eternal life;

And for his instituting and ordaining holy mysteries as pledges of his love, and for a continual remembrance of his death to our

great and endless comfort.

As long as I live will I praise thee, for these wonders thou hast done for the children of men, as long as I have any being I will shew forth

thy noble acts.

I bless thee for the advantages of thy divine revelations, that thou hast not abandon'd me to the dim light of my own reason; but hast given me thy holy scriptures to instruct me in what is necessary for me to believe and practise, in order to my eternal salvation.

I praise thee for delivering me from temptations too strong for me, and for supporting me

under many;

For the affiftance, and direction, and comforts of thy holy spirit; for thy preventing and restraining grace;

For subduing my understanding and affections to the obedience of faith and godline's.

For

For inspiring me with good thoughts, and kindling pious desires in my foul, and for asfifting me in all thy methods of procuring eter-

nal happiness;

ed to our Assemily Devotiens For these and all other thy mercies and fayours, which are more than can be numbered; bleffing and honour, thankfgiving and praise, be given unto thee, O most adorable deity, father, fon, and holy ghost; by me and by all angels, by all men and by all creatures, for ever and ever. Amen.

A short Prayer when the Communion Service is ended.

Ardon, O God, all these imperfections that have accompanied me at this time in my attendance at thy altar; forgive the deadness and dulness of my affections, the wanderings of my thoughts, and the distractions of mind.

Let the fincerity of my holy purposes and refolutions make some amends for my weakness

and frailty.

O! let this commemoration of my crucified faviour influence all my thoughts, words and actions, that my conversation may be as be-

cometh the gospel of Christ.

Reward me not according to my deserts, out according to my great necessities, and thy own rich mercy in Jesus Christ; to whom with thee, O God the father, and God the holy ghost, be all honour and glory, world without end. Amen.

A Prayer in our Retirement after we are returned bome from the Lord's Table, which may be add-

ed to our Evening Devotions.

I Acknowledge, O Lord, my God! with all thankfulness of heart, thy great mercy and goodness communicated to me this day, in giving me an opportunity of approaching thy holy table, and in disposing my mind to commemorate the infinite love of my crucified saviour, to render him thanks and praise for laying down his life as a sacrifice for the sins of the world; and to represent unto thee that sacrifice, as a full fatisfaction for them whereby thou dost incline me humbly to hope for all the Benefits of his death and passion.

How many, O Lord, turn a deaf ear to all the pressing exhortations of thy ministers, and being influenced by the care, and riches, and pleasures of life, when they are invited, refuse to come? How many pious and devout souls are deprived of the blessed advantage of this highest and most solemn act of religion? And how many sincere and faithful christians are oppressed with scruples, dejected with fears, so that they dare not venture to partake of the

holy mysteries?

What thanks therefore, most gracious God, can I return unto thy divine majesty, for impressing a sense of my duty upon my mind, and for that strength and power whereby thou hast in some measure enabled me to perform it? I will praise and magnify thy great and glorious

name,

name, and I will entirely devote myself to thy

fervice as long as I have any being.

Blessed be thy name for those fresh supplies of grace I have received at thy altar, grant that they may make me run the way of thy commandments with delight and pleasure; that I may never any more faint or droop in my duty.

Bleffed be thy name for those comfortable assurances thou hast given me of pardon and forgiveness. Let this thy compassionate goodness be a perpetual obligation to love and gratitude. Let it put me upon my guard, that I may watch over all my ways, and do always that which is well pleasing in thy fight.

Blessed be thy name for that peace and quiet thou hast restored to my soul; for those resolutions thou hast wrought in me to persevere in thy service to the end of my days; make them firm, vigorous, and constant, and never let any sinful passions any more russe and discompose

my mind.

Bleffed be thy name for that relish thou hast given me of spiritual delights; that desire of possessing the eternal inheritance; let the enjoyments of sense appear mean and contemptible, and let not the pleasures of the world any more prevail upon me to transgress thy holy laws.

Grant, O Lord, that I may walk worthy of these thy distinguishing mercies, and live as becomes the redeemed of the Lord. Without thee, O blessed Jesus, I can do nothing; without thee who art the son of righteousness, I shall walk in darkness; without thee who art the

the physician of souls, I shall languish and die; without thee who art the joy of all devout minds, I shall consume my days away in sad-ness. Remain therefore, O Lord, and abide with me for ever; I shall then be enabled to do thy will in this life, and thereby be qualified to partake of thy glories to all eternity in the next. Amen, Amen.

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PRAYERS

FOR

SICK PERSONS.

MEDITATION I.

Upon Sickness in general, the Author, Causes, and Ends of it.

NOME, my foul, and let us reason together, concerning the things that have befallen us. This body, to which thou art united, flags and droops; the vigour of it is abated, its beauty withered and wasted; the well knit limbs are grown feeble, and with great difficulty fustain their weight, or obey thy commands. They scarce perform any offices aright; and when they do, it is with pantings and tremblings, with weariness and faintness. They seem to groan and fink under their burthen; and each member, which was formerly wont to ferve thee, with wonderful chearfulness and activity, now calls for fuccours from abroad, R 2

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abroad, and is no longer able to support itself. This is such a change as ought not to be felt only, but well confidered too. " Be not thou therefore like to the horses and the mule, which have no understanding," but lose all impresfions as foon as the fense of the stroke ceases. It is thy privilege and duty both, to reflect and ruminate, to call back things already past, and anticipate those which are to come; and as for fuch as are actually prefent, to acquaint thyfelf with the causes and reasons, the ends and tifes of them, as well as with the nature and quality of the things themselves. All these are operations proper to a reasoning soul, and the present occasion calls upon thee for the exercise of them all. For thou canst not be sick, as becomes a man, and a christian, without enquiring, whence and wherefore it is, that thou art fo. The first and most necessary step, both toward the patient enduring of the anguish, and the fuccessful application of the remedies, is to learn the true original of our disease.

Know therefore most assuredly, that what the holy ghost hath spoken concerning affliction in general, is in an especial manner true concerning this particular branch of it; "It cometh not forth out of the dust, neither doth trouble spring out of the ground." Ourselves indeed were taken thence and moulded into man. But this was not the effect of any natural cause: the God of nature, by his almighty power, commanded earth and ashes, into this beauteous and wonderful structure of the human body. And he alone who created and formed

formed it, commands it back into its native dust again. Every disease and decay, whether it be the effect or accident of time, whether what we usually call violent and shortening our days, or whether according to the course of nature, and the flower declinings of age; all are but so many shocks, by which this slessly tabernacle is shaken, or moulders by degrees, and, by growing more ruinous and uninhabitable, gives the foul warning to feek another dwelling. And these are all disposed, by a most steady and particular providence; and, if traced up to their first original, have a cause as fublime as the body itself hath. Nature indeed goes on in a smooth and settled course; and so the hand that guides this engine is far diffant, and feldom observed; but even nature itself is God's instrument, though the process and long chain of causes be so intricate, and withal so familiar, and frequently alike, that the events refulting from thence cease to be marvelous in our eyes. A cold, or a furfeit, a weak conftitution, or foul blood; unwholesome diet, and ill hours; neglect of means, careleffness of our health; advice taken too late, or a medicine improper, or out of feafon: these are what we commonly charge our indispositions and our miscarriages upon. And thus far we may fay true; but if we go no higher, we stop a good deal too foon: for it is easy to discern a hand above, that directs and limits all these; that smites the strong and preserves the tender; slays by the flightest accidents, and recovers from the most desperate; and this in a manner most surprising, R 3

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tion, or can give any account of.

If then thou hast convinced thyself, that the finger of God is in all these things; pursue this thought (my foul) a little further; and fee what a fair and wide scene of knowledge, and heavenly wisdom it will soon open to thee. For what is God? Is he not that very being infinitely powerful, and wife, and just, and good? Is it not he who made thee, and sustains thee, the fame who governs and disposes this whole world, and all the creatures in it, after the counsel of his own will? He with whom the lives of his fervants are exceeding precious? in whose fight the hairs of our head are all numbered? Without whose permission not a sparrow can fall to the ground, and in whose estimation the meanest of those, that are made after his own image, are of infinitely more value than any sparrows? Remember that such is the author of thy diseases: and this single remembrance will lead thee to fuch confequences, fuch holy and feafonable reflections, as cannot, if duly attended, and carefully improved, but work in thee that frame of mind, which best fuits thy present circumstances, and must needs dispose thee to reap large and lasting advantages from them. For how can'ft thou confider his power, and not dread the dire effects of an angry, or rest secure under the favour and protection of a reconciled God? Or how his wifdom, and not be contented with his chusings for thee? Or how his justice, and not be more zealoufly zealously concerned, to seek a pardon for those fins, which have provoked, and made thee an object of it? Or how his goodness, and not be even thankful under thy fufferings? For what is grievous to flesh and blood, is yet ordained to excellent and heavenly purposes, and it is out of very kindness that thou art thus afflicted: how can'ft thou think upon his right of creation, without acknowledgment of his bounty, in giving and continuing thy being, and all the comforts of it? Or how, laftly, upon his preference of mankind above the rest of the creatures here below, without observing the peculiar prerogative which renders men more valuable, that of a noble and reasonable soul, which the others want; and so cherishing the hope of immortality, whereunto man only, of all here below, is appointed? A hope which affures us, we shall not perish, but only be changed; and, in the midst of languishings and departing struggles, can bear up under, nay, can triumph over agonies and death itself. Here then will I fix my thoughts, I will come before the almighty with a fong, and make my prayer unto the God of my life.

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An HYMN.

OD is the Lord, even God alone; he killeth, and he maketh alive, he woundeth, and he healeth.

Thou Lord hast power over life, and death; thou scourgest, and shewest mercy; thou leadest

to the gates of the grave, and bringest up a-

It is he that holdeth our foul in life, and fuf-

fereth not our feet to flip.

And again, when we are diminished and brought low, through sickness, through any affliction or forrow.

Though he fuffer us to be evil entreated, yet helpeth he the meek out of milery, or maketh all his bed in his fickness.

For it is neither herb, nor mollifying plaister, that restoreth men to health, but thy word, O Lord, which healeth all things.

My time is always in thy hand, unto God the Lord belong the issues of life and death.

All creatures wait upon thee; when thou openest thy hand they are filled with good.

When thou sendest forth thy spirit they are created; when thou hidest thy face, they are troubled; when thou takest away their breath they die; and are turned again to their dust.

I will fing to the Lord as long as I live, I will praise my God while I have my being.

My meditation on him shall be sweet; and

my joy shall be in the Lord.

When thou faidest, seek ye my face; my my heart said unto me, thy face, Lord, will I seek.

O hide not thou thy face from me; nor cast away thy servant in displeasure.

Thou hast been my helper: leave me not, neither forsake me, O God of my salvation.

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Some put their trust in strength of nature, and some in medicines, but I will remember the name of the Lord our God.

O put not your trust, (in physicians nor) in any child of man, for there is no help in them.

But bleffed is he that hath the God of Jacob for his help, and whose hope is in the Lord his God.

Save, Lord and hear me, O king of heaven, when I call upon thee.

Glory be to the father, and to the fon, \mathcal{C}_c . As it was in the beginning, \mathcal{C}_c .

PRAYER.

Almighty God, the father of the spirits of all flesh, whose never-failing providence ordereth all things both in heaven and earth; I defire with the profoundest humility and reverence to proftrate both foul and body. before thee, begging that thou wouldst give me grace, to behold and admire thy doings, in all thy dispensations towards myself and all mankind. I acknowledge it thy bounty, that ever I was at all; and adore thy mercy and long fuffering, for preferving me thus long in the land of the living. My many days and years of health and comfort were thy gift; and the recoveries from former ficknesses, as well as the prevention of those dangers and diseases I never felt, are owing to thee alone. Man doth not live by bread and care, nor is relieved by medicines only, but by the word and bleffing which proceedeth out of the mouth of God. Grant me I beseech thee, a strong and due sense of my entire dependance upon thee, and grace to improve under, and behave myfelf in conformity to that persuasion. That whether the means used for my ease and relief succeed, I may ascribe all the glory and thanks to thee alone: or whether thou thinkest fit to deny them their intended effects. I may humble myfelf under thy mighty hand, and remember that thou Lord, hast done it. Inspire me, I beseech thee, with that true and heavenly wisdom, which may help me to difcern aright the reasons, and enable me to answer the ends of this correction, and all other thy dealings with me, that I may bear the rod, and him who hath appointed it; and, in all conditions, fubmit myfelf entirely to thy good pleasure, and glorify God in the day of visitation. So shall this weakness of my body tend to the strengthening of my virtues and health of my foul; through the merits of him, who redeemed them both at the price of his own blood; even thy fon and my ever bleffed faviour Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

MEDITATION II.

Of the Power of God, and the Affections arifing from thence, namely, the Dread of his Anger and trust in his Protection.

WHICH way foever we turn our eyes, ten thousand objects meet us, which all prove and preach to us the almighty power of God. The glorious fabrick of the universe, and every thing contained therein, nay even the meanest, meanest, and, in human esteem, most despicable creature, proclaims aloud the omnipotence of his maker. And the good order in which these are contained, does as much magnify his preserving, as their existence does his creating power. But man needs not look abroad; himself is ten thousand arguments to demonstrate this to himself. The curious structure of his body, the excellencies of its divine inhabitant, the foul, and the marvellous amazing union and mutual correspondence of both these, could be the workmanship of nothing less than omnipotence. This mixture of spirit and matter, of perishing and immortal; the fagacity of the one to influence and govern, the readiness of the other to obey, and to be actuated; the sprightliness and vigour, or else the heaviness and disorder, and reciprocal disabilities, which each of these convey to the other, are most certainly the Lord's doing, and ought to be marvellous in our eyes. Alas! how should man subsist one moment, even in the state of his greatest perfection, did not this great artificer watch over his own work, and constantly sustain it; did not he check and moderate that conflict, which the warring elements of our body are continually engaging in; but especially, now that the corruption of our nature, and the transgression of our first parents, hath let death and diseases loose upon us; there needs no fresh infliction. if God be but passive, and withdraw his restraint, the enemy is always ready to devour us, and we carry the feeds of our torment and ruin about

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about our own persons. And God hath so decreed that every man shall once fall by the stroke of death. A decree, which in our greatest strength, in the very bloom and beauty of youth, contrary to our own expectations, or the fears of our tenderest friends he sometimes executes: to teach us that our being is wholly precarious, that we have nothing stable here, no title even to life itself; but are all concluded by a fentence already pass'd. For all our days are in the nature of a reprieve; the prolonging whereof is an act of mere mercy, as the cutting it short is free from the least shadow of injustice. God then cannot want means and opportunities for this. All nature is his; the malice of wicked men, the fpight of our foes, the mistaken kindness of our friends, the errors of our physicians, and the misapplication of their medicines, are all directed and over-ruled to this end. The humours of our bodies, the temper of the air, and every element indeed, when he gives the word, turn executioners; or in truth, if he please to permit, the thing will do it felf. He burns up by fevers, or drowns us in dropfies; strikes us dead in a moment by apoplexies, buries us alive by palfies, or waftes us, by flow and imperceptible degrees, with lingering confumptions. Thou feeft my foul, how easily God can do these things, by a thoufand inftances of friends and acquaintance gone before thee, and by thy own yet more fenfible experience, in this worn and languishing body of thine. Thou feelest now that no flesh is able to stand before God, and how quickly we are

are blasted by the breath of his displeasure. That to him alone belong power and strength, and to poor mortal man nothing but wretched-

nefs, and weaknefs, and vanity.

Surely, my foul, had these impressions been fresh and deep upon me heretofore, they would have check'd my wild career in fin, and prevented many grievous and bold transgressions, which I have reason to fear might provoke the divine majesty, to cast me on this bed of languishing. For do we provoke the Lord to jealoufy? Are we stronger than he? Alas! my own condition has taught me how vain and fool hardy it is, not only to fight against God, but not to fear and stand in perpetual awe of him: how fatal to play with this confuming fire! And I cannot but wish from the bottom of my foul, that I had better consider this point long ago. For he is a terrible and mighty God; and when he enters into controverly with mankind, no flesh can abide it. At least, my foul, let us make that good use of this reflection now, to be unfeignedly forry for what is past, and more cautious for the time to come. The flower is withered indeed, and hangs its feeble head: but it is not yet quite cut down. O let us yet humble ourselves in this fear, and confider, what a yet more dreadful vengeance God hath in store, for hardened and unperswadable wretches. If the decays and pains of the body alone are fo grievous, how shall we bear the loss of body and foul both? how shall we dwell with everlasting burnings? If the rod of God, these comparatively light punishments, represent to us the terrors of his angry justice; S 2

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who can bear the approach of that difmal day, when he shall come in thunder and slames, to make an absolute end of this whole world, and deliver wicked sinners over to irrecoverable destruction? An eternity of torments! Jesus desend us! who can entertain the most distant thought of it, without trembling and assonishment? Fall down then my soul, and humble thyself under the mighty hand of God; that thou mayest not perish with this frail body. Lose no time in making thy peace, but work with all thy might; especially now, that the day of life seems to decline, and the night comes on, wherein no man can work.

For remember, my foul, for thy encourage-

ment, that if thou abound in the work of the Lord, thy labour shall not be in vain in the Lord. He is no less mighty to fave than to destroy: with him no word is impossible; and, if he will, he can yet raise this feeble body, and restore it to perfect health and soundness. Nay he will certainly do it, if that be best for me; and if it be not, he will do yet more. For there will come a day, in which this vile earthly part shall be enlivened again; and if it crumble into dust, and scatter in the mean while; though it pass through infinite different forms, yet will God purfue this body through all its changes, collect its dispersed particles, command the little heaps of dust to awake, and translate it into a glorious and spiritual body; a body fit for a state of incorruption, and the inheritance of that kingdom, where this flesh and

blood, which we now fet so false, so extravagant

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a value upon, is not worthy to enter. I will therefore conform myself in the power and promises of my God; and with holy Job, "though he slay me yet will I trust in him." For even then will I lay me down in hope of a resurrection to eternal life, and commit my body like seed to the ground; not to be lost, but improved by corrupting there. For thou, O God, art unchangeable, and thy promises without repentance; and promised thou hast, that our vile body shall be fashioned like unto Christ's glorious body, according to the mighty working whereby thou art able to subdue all things to thyself.

EJACULATIONS.

IN thee therefore, O Lord, will I put my trust: let me never be put to confusion, but deliver me in thy righteousness and save me.

Be thou my strong hold whereunto I may always resort: thou hast promised to help me, for thou art my house of desence, and my castle.

Deliver me O my God from the adversary's hands: preserve me from the hunter of souls;

He layeth finares and is mighty to destroy: but yet the Lord who dwelleth on high, is mightier.

Thou, O Lord God, art the thing that I long for: thou hast been my hope even from my youth.

Through thee have I been holden up ever since I was born; thou art he that took me out of

my mother's womb; my praise shall be always of thee.

O cast me not away in the time of my diftrefs; forfake me not when my strength faileth me.

Let them be confounded and perish, that are against my foul: let the wicked spirits be covered with shame and dishonour that seek to do me evil.

As for me I will patiently tarry the Lord's

leifure, and will put my trust in the Lord.

For I know that my redeemer aveth, and that he shall stand at the last day upon the earth.

And though after my skin worms destroy this body; yet in my flesh shall I see God.

Whom I shall see for myself, and mine eyes

shall behold and not another.

For he is the refurrection and the life, and whofoever believeth in him, though he die, yet shall he live again.

Glory be to the Father, &c. As it was in the beginning, &c.

RAYER.

Most gracious Lord God, terrible in thy judgments, and wonderful in all thy dealings towards the children of men; possess my foul, I befeech thee, with aweful and becoming apprehensions of thy majesty. Give me a serious sense and forrow for ever having hardened my heart from thy fear, and provoked that vengeance, which can confume me in a moment. Lord, convince me whom I ought to dread;

dread; and let me never, for the gratifying any finful inclination, forget any more the Lord my maker, and incur the displeasure of him, who is able to cast both body and foul into hell. And as I implore thy grace, that this confideration of thy power may be an effectual check to all my unruly appetites; fo I befeech thee, let it be my stay and confidence in all dangers and diffresses. That forsaking the broken reeds of all worldly fuccours, I may put my whole trust in thy mercy; and evermore ferving thee in holiness and pureness of living, may even in death itself be more than conqueror. Even in that joyful day, when all enemies shall be destroyed; when thy children shall come forth from the dark prison of the grave, and shine like funs in the kingdom of thee their father. Grant this thou rock of my foul, for thy dear fon Jesus Christ's sake. Amen.

MEDITATION III.

Of the Justice of God: and the penitential Sorrow resulting from it.

OD is a being infinitely perfect and good; the fupreme, the original good; the author and maker of all things; and cannot therefore be supposed, either to hate what himself hath made, or to have given being to any thing, with a design to render it miserable. His providence and power, (which made the subject of the two former meditations) are, in their own nature and primitive intention, calculated

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for the benefit and fecurity of his creatures. And if at any time they become the instruments or dispensers of grief and pain, this is an effect purely accidental; an operation fo foreign, that it is even extorted from them, and wholly imputable to some other cause: and this is the case of mankind; once favoured above all their fellow-creatures, and fafe under the shelter and smiles of an almighty projector: but, by their own fault, deprived of this defence; left naked and exposed to mischiefs and fufferings; and not only difarmed of their furest guard, but in perpetual danger of being destroyed by that very hand, which was formerly their friend and defender. O wretched confequences of fin! that did not only render our first parents and all their posterity liable to bodily death, and all the difeases and pains that lead to it; but left a fatal averseness to all good, and a strong propensity in us to all evil. By indulging hereof we add our own actual guilt to that which our finful parents derived down to us; and by iniquities without number, by wilful, repeated, habitual, and bold transgreffions, do confirm and aggravate this fentence of death, and the justice of God against ourfelves.

Wonder not then, if thou see so many dreadful spectacles of affliction in the world; nor murmur, when thou thyself, art bound in the same fetters, and sore laden with the burthen of adversity. But remember that God is righteous, and thou and these people are wicked; that he is wholly and just as well as good; and, and, though he do not willingly grieve the children of men, yet their iniquities put a fort of violence upon him, which he cannot refift. They quite weary him out, and render it impossible (that is, inconsistent with his other attributes and the perfection of his nature) to let fuch men go always unpunished. Nay even in those infinitely more dreadful torments of another world, his perfections are concerned to vindicate themselves; for, though these be terrible, above what we are able to express or conceive, yet they are just. And, at the same time that we may be apt to question, whether To great severity be consistent with the character of our judge, we prove the wisdom of our law-giver; and, that even eternal pains were necessary, fince even all this will not contain us in our duty, and effectually restrain us from finning.

And this, my foul, is thy case, these everlasting plagues are the deserved wages of thy wickedness. For do but descend into thyself (as it becomes thee to do, now more especially) and there take an exact furvey of thy miseries and frailties; thy raging passions, and ungoverned appetites: ask thyself what abuses and misemployments of health thou hast been guilty of. Whether thou hast not neglected God and heaven too much, and been too full of care and fondness for this present world; whether thou hast not omitted his worship and facraments, and difregarded his word; or whether these have not been frequented formally and coldly. Examine the heaviness of thy affections,

tions, the wanderings and negligence of thy mind, in any publick or private devotions (bere it may be convenient to instance in any other particular against our duty to God) See again the violation of justice and charity to thy neighbour, whether thou hast faithfully discharged the offices of the feveral capacities and relations God hath placed thee in. [A busband or wife, a master or mistress, a son or daughter; a magistrate, a subject, a parent, a brother or sister, and the like.] If thou hast not been guilty of gross and palpable injustice in thy dealings, yet hast thou done wrong to no man's foul, by ill advice, or ill example? Nor to the bodies of any, by malice or contempt, by ill treatment, fevere usage, want of compassion and care for their infirmities? What reputations hast thou injured by scandal and censure; by false and uncharitable judgments, by bufy medling with matters that concern thee not, by officiously fpreading, or too hastily believing, ill reports; by encouraging, repeating, and being pleafed with detracting, or by fevere reflections? Or if by none of these, yet at least by neglecting to reprove, or discountenance a slanderous tongue, and to deliver the innocent from its fecret stabs? [Here again be particular in any other fins you have been guilty of against your neighbour.] Turn thy eyes inward once more; and behold the breaches of that duty thou owest to thyself; the intemperance and irregularity of thy defires; the murmurings and discontents; the infirmities indulged; the passions unsubdued; the negligence in thy greatest concern;

the love of unlawful and the abuse of lawful diversions and delights. These are things so incident to our state, that no man's conscience can fpeak peace to him in them all: and happy art thou in those where thine condemns thee not. But know withal that God is greater than thy heart and knoweth all things. He keeps exact account of thy lurking corruptions, and fecret faults; the unobserved, or the long since forgotten, misdemeanours of thy life. The black catalogue whereof, could they be fet before thee, would give a difmal prospect, full of horror and confusion, and intolerable amazement. So that thou must of necessity acknowledge thyself a mass of filth and misery; a wretch, that if God should enter into judgment with thee, haft reason to expect nothing better than indignation and fury; to be fet up as a mark of his vengeance, and, by some swift exemplary destruction, swept violently away into the hottest flames of hell.

Thus much I am fadly sensible of, and do stand condemned out of my own mouth. And thus far the circumstances of all mankind are the same, that if God should be extreme to mark what is done amiss, the very best of us all could not abide it. But blessed be God, though matters are deplorable, they are not quite desperate for there is mercy with him, and his justice is satisfied. The price and purchase of our souls is paid; our forfeited lives are ransomed and redeemed; our ransom in value exceeds the whole world; even his own beloved and only begotten son; who spared not

his own life, but willingly poured out his foul to death; and is thereby become a facrifice and atonement for the fins of wretched mortals. He hath published glad tidings of reconciliation and repentance of pardon and peace. He came to fave finners even the chief of finners. Our God willeth not the death of any; provided they believe, and fincerely obey him; not according to the shekel of the fanctuary, which requires unfinning perfection; but after the standard of the new covenant, which allows for human frailties, accepts forrow for the past, amendment for the time to come, a fervent love of God, and honest endeavours to serve him. This is a faying worthy to be accepted indeed; this is the comfort and confidence of poor returning finners. And, while I can fee by faith the penalty of eternal damnation releafed, by virtue of the blood of this lamb of God flain to take away the fins of the world, I will fubmit with patience to the temporal punishments inflicted by my provoked God; and thankfully accept the ficknesses and afflictions of this prefent life, as so many warnings and calls to repentance.

And fure, my foul, we shall take care to make this good use of them. For these are the discipline of the lord: and if after all that is come upon me for my evil deeds, and for my great trespass; seeing that thou, my God, hast punished me less than my iniquities deferve; if I should again break thy commandaments, thou wouldest certainly be angry, till thou hadst utterly consumed me, and torment

me so much the more, for neglecting so great a salvation. I take therefore this chastisement with all possible submission: and do with unfeigned sorrow, confess my manifold offences. I implore thy mercy who art justly displeased with me; and since in the midst of life we are in death, I cry earnestly to thee for succour; and beg that howsoever thou thinkest sit to dispose of this corruptible body, thou wouldest look graciously upon me in thy son, and not deliver my poor soul into the bitter pains of eternal death; but pity and save me for Christ Jesus his sake. Amen.

[Here may be repeated the 38th and 51st Pfalm.]

[Then the confession in the communion fer-

vice.

Almighty God, the father of our Lord Jesus Christ, maker of all things, &c.

Or else the three prayers at the end of the

commination.]

O Lord we befeech thee, &c. O most mighty God, &c.

Turn thou me, O good Lord, &c.
[After either of which fay as follows.]

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O Most merciful God, who according to the multitude of thy mercies, dost so put away the sins of those who truly repent, that thou rememberest them no more; grant me, I beseech thee, true repentance, and thy holy spirit;

fpirit; and then open thine eye of mercy upon my languishing condition, and give me the comfort of pardon and forgiveness. Renew in me, most loving father, whatsoever hath been decayed by the fraud and malice of the devil, or by my own carnal will and frailness. Preserve and continue me in the unity of the church; guard me by thy power from all the affaults of the tempter, and fuffer him not to take advantage of my weakness. Consider, I beseech thee. my contrition, accept my tears, hear my own prayers, and those of others on my behalf, and affwage my pains, as shall feem to thee most expedient for me. In thy mercy, O Lord, I put my full trust; in thy mercy alone, and in the merits and fufferings of my crucified faviour. Impute not, O Lord, unto me my former fins, but strengthen me with thy blessed spirit; and whenever thou art pleased to take me hence, take me into thy favour, through the merits of thy dearly beloved fon, Jesus Christ, our Lord. Amen.

MEDITATION IV.

Of the Wisdom and Goodness of God.

WERE there no other confideration to compose the mind, but that alone of our sufferings being just, this should in reason persuade meekness, and patience, and contentedness under them. For, as the prophet Jeremiah urges very well; "Wherefore doth a mortal man complain, even a man for the punishment of his sins?" The thief upon the cross not-withstanding

withstanding all the hardening of his former profligate life, yet pacified himself under his pains, and reproved his reviling companion with this reflection, that they were under that "condemnation justly, and received but the due reward of their evil deeds;" but we have yet abundantly more, to quiet our repining thoughts, and filence all complaints; when the sharpness of an affliction or the fufferings of a fick-bed would provoke us to impatience. Our fins have been many and great enough to make God our enemy, and do cry but too loud for the utmost rigour of his vengeance; yet are not these adversities the wounds and bruises of an enemy but the chastisement of a father. One that smites us indeed, but it is to reprove and reform us. Observe what heavenly comforts the apostle hath left behind, and how God himfelf hath explained the nature and intent of his own dispensations. " My fon despise thou not the chastening of the Lord, nor faint when thou art rebuked by him. For whom the Lord loveth he chafteneth, and scourgeth every son whom he receiveth. If ye endure chaftening, God dealeth with you as with fons; for what fon is he whom the father chasteneth not? Furthermore, we have had fathers of our flesh which corrected us, and we have given them reverence; shall we not much rather be in subjection to the father of spirits, and live? For they verily for a few days chastened us for their own pleasure, but he for our profit, that we might be made partakers of his holiness. Now no chastening for the present seemeth to be joyous, but grievous

vous; nevertheless afterwards it yieldeth the peaceable fruits of righteousness, unto them

that are exercised thereby."

What now can more illustrate the wisdom of providence, than the converting our bitterest calamities into occasions of our virtue and happiness? And which of all our calamities is more likely to contribute to our reformation, than those of sickness and pain? For these by touching our own persons, are most sensible and grievous to be borne, and by punishing the body, for the fake and fervice of which, most, if not all, our wickednesses are committed, they meet with the cause and go to the root of the difease, and so are best fitted to perfect the cure. Our physician of fouls is both skilful and kind, he will not give us over out of a cruel indulgence to our own ease, our father answers his character, and gives a feafonable correction to prevent our utter undoing. But in all this there is the prudence of the physician mixed with the tenderness of the parent. The one would not prescribe the bitter cup, unless he knew it necessary and best for us; and, if our circum-stances call for correction, it is with gentleness and reluctancy, with pain and yearning of bowels, that the other scourges.

Do thou therefore, O my foul, consider, who chuses for thee, and learn to resign thyself to his disposals; for they are the appointments of one, who is wifer than thou, and who loves thee better than the tenderest mother could. Do likewise consider, why he chuses thus, and learn to improve under the seeming harshness.

of fuch dispensations. Take gladly the wholefome phyfick, and fecure a good operation to thyself. Have no desires or wishes of thy own; but with a conftant referve to the good pleafure of God, think, and be affured, that what he does is best. Best in itself, and best for thee too, if thy own fault obstruct it not. Alas! we know not what to pray for as we ought, and should therefore beg nothing positively, but that God would do what he fees most expedient. Ask, therefore, my foul, that he would make thee an instrument of his own glory; that he would support thee in these trials, and not fuffer thee to be tempted above that thou art able; that he would command all things to work together for thy good; and for the rest take thy faviour for thy pattern, and, as often as thou prayest, that the cup may pass from thee, be fure forget not to add, from the very bottom of thy foul, nevertheless, O father, not my will, but thine be done.

And, to render the cup thou art now drinking, as little unpalatable as may be, forget not also to sustain thyself with the comforts even of thy weakest condition. Seriously observe how gracious the Lord is, how he hath not only spared, when thou hast deserved punishment, but in the very midst of his wrath hath thought upon mercy. If thy pains be not perpetual, thank him for thy intervals of ease and refreshment. If they be not acute and extreme, thank him for the abatement and moderation of them. If thou can'st recruit thy seeble spirits with sleep, thank him for closing up thy eyes,

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eyes, in gentle reviving flumbers; if he hold thy eyes waking, thank him for the opportunities of meditating and praying to him in the night feafon. Yea thank him, especially for continuing to thee thy understanding and thy senses; and, that he hath given thee power and grace to make a good and holy use of a larger opportunity of preparing, for that important change, which, not this languishing body of thine only, but also all those thou leavest behind in full health, and beauty, and vigour, must shortly undergo. If thou endurest much, consider, this is a good method of weaning thy affections from the world, and making thee thirst and pant more earnestly after the lasting joys of a better place. If the tedious lingring diftemper affault, and almost weary out thy patience, think how much rather this is to be chosen, than the raging phrenfies of a fever or the fudden stroke of an apoplexy. Reflect upon the condition of those wretches who are fnatched out of the world, it may be in an act of damning fin; but however in an inftant, without fo much as the power, or the leifure, to feek pardon or peace, to commit their foul to God, or fo much as once implore his mercy at the last gasp. what would they have given, how much more would they gladly have endured, to purchase this long warning, these slow and solemn approaches of death, the happy advantages thou now enjoyest, of trimming thy lamp, and putting thy foul in readiness to meet the bridegroom at his coming? For tho' we ought indeed to expect him every hour, even in our most

most confirmed health; yet well it is for that servant, who receives express notice of his master's approach, and takes care so to provide for it, as in zealous prayers and eager wishes to go out to meet him; and having on the wedding garment, waits only for his last call to enter with him to the marriage.

EJACULATIONS.

WHY art thou so heavy, O my soul, and why art thou so disquieted within me? still put thy trust in God, for I will yet give him thanks, who is the help of my countenance and my God.

The Lord hath chastened and corrected me; but he hath not given me over to destruction. I know, O Lord, that thy judgments are right: and that thou of very faithfulness hast caused

me to be troubled.

It is of the Lord's mercies, that I am not long ago confumed: because his compassions fail me not.

The Lord is my portion faith my foul, there-

fore will I hope in him.

It is good for a man, that he should constantly hope and quietly wait for the salvation of the Lord; for the Lord will not cast off for ever.

But though he cause grief, yet he will have compassion according to the multitude of his mercies.

Yea like as a father pitieth his own children, even so is the Lord merciful unto them that fear him.

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For, I know, that with thee there is mercy: and with my God is plenteous redemption.

In the multitude of forrows, which I have in my heart, thy comforts have refreshed my soul.

O remember not my old fins, but have mercy upon me, and that foon, for I am come to great mifery.

Heal my foul which hath finned against thee, and then let the Lord do what seemeth him

good.

Glory be to the father, and to the fon, &c. As it was in the beginning, &c.

PRAYER.

HEAR me, almighty and most merciful God and saviour, extend thy accustomed goodness to me thy poor servant, now cast upon this bed of languishing, and grieved with fick-Sanctify, I befeech thee, this thy fatherly correction, to me, and grant that I may receive it, with all the patience and submission of a dutiful child. I defire to acknowledge and adore thy divine wisdom and goodness, in every dispensation of providence towards me; and only beg, that thou would'st keep me fafe under all, and then use what methods thou pleasest to bring me to thyself. Manifest thy strength in my weakness. Make even my feeble condition an instrument of thy glory; and the more my outward man decayeth, strengthen me, I befeech thee, so much the more continually, with thy grace and holy spirit in the inner man. Let the sense of my weakness add strength to my

my faith, and seriousness to my repentance, that if it be thy good pleasure to restore me to my former health, I may lead the residue of my life in thy fear, and to thy glory; or else grant me to take thy visitation, that, after this painful life is ended, I may dwell with thee in life everlasting. For this, O Lord, is the chief, the most earnest desire of my soul; that whether I live, I may live unto the Lord; or whether I die, I may die unto the Lord, so that living and dying I may be thine, through Jesus Christ my dear and only saviour. Amen.

MEDITATION.

Upon Recovery from Sickness.

TF dangers and distresses awaken our consideration, the deliverance from them ought not to pass unobserved. The judgments of God extort complaints from us; and shall his mercies be received in filence? when he afflicts and wounds we feek him early; and shall we forget him when he refreshes and heals us? That fure were most unworthy and most reproachful. The rather fo, because we are able to give ourselves a very plain and rational account, how it came to pass that we receive evil at the hand of God; but the good he vouchfafes us, furnishes just matter, no less of wonder than of thankfulness. Death is the punishment of fin; the diseases and decays of our bodies are so many degrees of and advances toward that death: and our consciences can find no difficulty in justifying those painful dispenfations

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fations. For none of us can descend into his own breast, without discovering infinite personal offences, which might provoke God to take this forfeited life, and cut us off in the midst of our days. But when he forbears to do so, when he checks his wrath, and suspends the execution of that fatal sentence gone out against us; we can discern no reason for this in ourselves, but must resolve it all into the sole, the undeserved goodness of our compassionate and long suffering Lord.

And such my soul, is now thy case. Thou wert hastening apace to the regions of the dead, and in fear that thou should'st be deprived of the residue of thy years. But when thou was almost "cut off with pining sickness, and thine eyes even failed with looking upward;" when thou "reckonedest each night and morning," that there would be "an end of thee" upon earth, then did the Lord stand by thee and "fave thee," even because "he had a fa-

vour unto thee."

Now, though this be thy condition common to all mankind, that we contribute no part to the efficient or meritorious cause of such goodness; yet in the final cause we may and must bear a very considerable part. We could not give the blessing to ourselves: we could not deserve that almighty God should give it us: but it will lie upon us to take care that such grace be not bestowed in vain. In one respect indeed, and strictly speaking, neither this, nor any other of the dispensations of providence, can possibly be in vain. For some effect they will of necessity

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cessity have, even with regard to us. But if they do not answer the good purposes, for which they were defigned; better were it for us that we had never received them at all. The lengthening out our days, if we do not amend our manners, is but the ministering fresh and large opportunities of adding yet more to our fins here, and to our torments hereafter. happier it had been, to have been swept away with a fwift destruction, than to be delivered from our fears, and live fuch a life afterwards as is certain to render us more miserable in the end. For every mercy, every escape, must be accounted for; and those which are entertained unthankfully will at length prove curses instead of bleffings to us. It will therefore become thee, my foul, very feriously to consider, wherein true thankfulness consists, and what are the instances by which it must be expressed.

When men do any acts of kindness to each other, the receiver esteems himself obliged to pay them back again, in some service or benefit as good. This is what men cannot be excused from; provided sit opportunities offer, and their circumstances enable them to do it. But when the power of doing thus is wanting, we are sensible, that so much as falls short in procuring a friend's real advantage, ought to be made up in all becoming testimonies of respect; in such a readiness of mind as plainly shews, that the party does not however want the will and hearty desire of returning such fa-

vours in kind, and to the full.

Now the fame rule of equity must needs hold towards our great benefactor in heaven. He is indeed fo great, that his all-fufficiency can neither need, nor receive any addition. And we are to very poor and impotent that it were the extremity of vanity and madness to imagine ourselves capable of adding to him. The utmost we can do is to demean ourselves that he and all the world, may plainly perceive us duly sensible of his bounty. Now this can be demonstrated only by our constant and zealous care, to please and honour him, by taking delight in the obedience, he hath enjoined us, and testifying, by our practice, that we esteem the fervice of fo liberal a master, our reasonable duty and perfect freedom. Although therefore our lips ought to fet forth the praise of the Lord, and his kindness should ever be in our mouths; yet are those praises never set forth effectually, yet is that kindness never acknowledged as it ought, except our lives and every action publish it. The professions of gratitude are of no consideration in any case, farther than they express the inward sentiments of the heart. That heart cannot be truly grateful which does not labour and studdy by all proper means to approve itself to the person, whose debtor it is. And how this is to be done to almighty God, his own word hath informed us; by declaring that the man who truly honours him, will order his conversation aright: that they who love him, will give testimony of their affliction, by keeping his commandments; that the goodness and forbearance of God, does (both in its natural tural and defigned tendency) lead to repentance; that even conftrains men to live no longer to themselves, but to him who hath done so great things for them.

These are reflections so felf-evident, so very obvious and natural to every man, that seldom are any remarkable calamities undergone or deliverances obtained, without exciting them in

our minds.

Few wretches are so hardened in wickedness, few so abandoned, and lost to all sense of God and goodness; but in the seasons of sickness and danger, they see their past follies with displeature, and discern the reasonableness of forsaking them. But this is the general unhappiness, this the great fault of most men, that such remorse quickly wears off, and their good intentions cool again. The smart of the rod ceases, and the success of the correction is lost with it. The health of the body grows more confirmed, and the conscience hardens in proportion to the constitution. And thus the man returns to his old vanities and vices with the same unconcernedness as before.

But, O my foul, let it not be thus with me. No? Let me look back with a great feriousness, upon the vows I made, when I was in trouble; and consider, that these were not to be transient and occasional resolutions; that they were intended for lasting obligations, and cannot be sincerely discharged, unless they influence the remainder of that life, so graciously restored to me. I ought to look upon myself, as one raised from the dead, and savoured with life a second

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time; that from henceforth I might employ and use the gift to the honour of the giver, who hath thus, as it were, created me afresh. He saw it better upon my request, to continue me longer in this state of trial; and I ought to give the more earnest heed, that every day added to my past years may prove a higher advance in piety and virtue; that none of my holy purposes languish or die, as too many have formerly done; that this late approach to the grave may perpetually warn me of my mortality; and that, whenever death and judgment shall actually overtake me, (as overtake me they most certainly will) I may not be found less provided to meet my Lord than his last fummons left me.

For, can I reflect upon my late weakness, and harbour an imagination fo vain, as that this body, in its greatest vigour, may promise itself an everlasting continuance? Can I observe this youth of mine renewed as the eagle's, and attribute it to any other cause; than the almighty power and infinite goodness of him, who wounds and heals, who kills and makes alive, after the counsel of his own will? Can I acknowledge my present recovery owing intirely to that power and goodness, and not discover the indispensable engagements which lie upon me, to make some suitable return; and what seturn is possible, what so proper, so acceptable, as that of a thankful heart; a diligent improvement of this mercy; a life in every part of it, entirely dedicated to him, who hath strengthened ed his title now yet more, and made it upon fo

many accounts his own.

I will therefore be frequently acting of over again those solemn exercises of repentance performed in the bitterness of my foul; and by the repetition shew, that the good thoughts I entertained, continue to be the calm and fettled fense of my more composed mind. I will strictly examine, what faults committed, what duties neglected, or but flightly performed, what abuses or what failures in a right improvement of health heretofore, might probably have provoked God, to cast me on the bed of sickness, and reduce me to fuch extremity of fuffering. I will thank the Lord for giving me warning by this affliction; but especially for touching and foftening my heart, and infpiring me with a godly forrow, and holy purposes. And to my own endeavours, I will add my most fervent prayers, that the continuance of his grace may, out of his painful chastisement, produce the peaceable and bleffed fruits of righteousness, and faithful perseverance. To this end I will not fail, frequently to renew my good refolutions, to cherish and keep up in my foul all heavenly dispositions, by constant private prayer and ferious reflections; by attending duly upon the publick worship; by reading, and hearing, and confeientiously applying God's holy word to my present circumstances and necessities; by letting flip none of the precious opportunities for strengthening my faith and other christian virtues in the facrament of my dear redeemer's body and blood. I will take heed to all my T 2 ways,

ways, be upon my guard against all temptations and occasions of finning, moderate in my most lawful pleasures and enjoyments, and diligent in all my duties, which the feveral relations wherein I fland, and the flate of life, to which I am appointed by providence, require of "I will fet a watch before my mouth, and keep the door of my lips that I offend not in my tongue." I will take heed, that I hurt not any man, by thought word or deed; but will extend my charity, as I am able to all mankind; to the poor distressed members of my bleffed faviour, by fuch fuccours, as their condition stands in need of, and mine qualifies me to give: to others by my good advice and feafonable instruction; to all, by my prayers and good wishes, and the powerful motive of a pious example; and even to my enemies by meeknels and forgivenels, even as God for Christ's fake, hath had compassion upon me. I will make it my business to become every day more in love with religion; and to make all with whom I converse so; that I may in some measure, give a check to the abominations of this degenerate age in which I live and adorn the doctrine of our Lord Jesus Christ, or at least to save myself from this untoward generation. In a word, I will be fure that the fense of God's mercies (of this last in particular) may never depart out of my mind; but live, and grow, and bring forth fruit, and influence me powerfully, to the very last hour of my life.

Nor think my foul, that any refolutions can be too strict, any endeavours too much upon

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this occasion. For after " all that is come upon me for my evil deeds, and for my great trefpass, seeing that my God hath punished me less than my iniquities deserve, and hath given me fuch a deliverance as this; should I again break his commandments, would he not then be angry with me till he had confumed me, fo that there should be no escaping; O Lord my God, thou art righteous, for I remain yet escaped." But let not, I beseech thee, this mercy, by being forgotten or abused, turn to my utter and eternal condemnation. For that this must be the sad consequence of such ingratitude at last, not only thy word hath told me, but I can plainly gather from my own reasons and experience. I feel what indignation the unkindness of persons, whom I have particularly obliged, kindles in my breaft; I find, that no fort of resentment is more uneafy, no provocation harder to be borne, than that, which arises from the injuries and affronts of those unworthy people, who presume upon my friendship to use me ill. And can I suppose that the just and jealous God will not call them to a fevere account, who turn his grace into wantonness, and, when they live by miracles of bounty and long-fuffering, live fo as to dishonour him, and reproach the patience that spares them? The more signal and particular his goodness hath been the heavier and more insupportable, no doubt, will be that "wrath, which hardened and impenitent wretches treafure up to themselves against the day of wrath and revelation of the righteous judgment of God." So that our bleffed Lord's admonition to the impotent man, is in effect the voice of reason, and every man's own Conscience. Each affliction, each escape calling out loudly to the receiver. "Sin no more lest a worse thing come unto thee."

And how indeed can it be expected, that infinitely worse should not come, when neither severity will drive, nor compassion, and kindness lead to amendment; when neither their correcting, nor sparing, can do any good? The circumstances of those men are dangerous, whose distemper only is strong: but theirs must need be desperate and mortal, whose very remedies feed and instance their disease. If pruning and manuring be both in vain, the next sentence upon the barren sig-tree, is, cut it down, why cumbereth it the ground.

The ax is already laid to the root of the tree, and if it be lifted up to give the fatal stroke, the end of every tree which bringeth not forth good fruit, we are expressly told shall be, to be

burnt with unquenchable fire.

These things and sundry others which will be apt on such occasions to offer themselves, if applied well and warmly to my conscience, will have a great and happy force, informing my disposition, and regulating my conduct for the time to come. The recollection of God's abundant mercies will inslame my breast with holy gratitude and fervent love; such as would ever keep me passionately desirous, to pay the just tribute of my best service in return, and chearfully to run the way of his commandments.

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The remembrance of his judgments will possess me with an awful fear of displeasing him, and convince me, by my own experience, that no flesh can stand before him when he is angry. My late languishings and feeble condition will be a feafonable and lively admonition, what this frail mortal nature is; these will teach to die daily to the world, as a person who hath here no continuing city, but ought to feek one to come; a person, who must not, from even the most confirmed health, entertain any fuch fond prospects and vain considences of long life, as may tempt me to presume death and judgment at a great distance, and myself secured against any furprise from them: much rather ought I to expect them every moment; and, both by the daily spectacles of mortality in my neighbours, and the fenfible decays, or fudden changes which happen to myself, quicken my preparation to meet that Lord, who hath compared himself to a thief in the night, and foretold us, that he "will come in fuch an hour as we think not." Thus shall I, by a true christian prudence, extract spiritual advantage out of temporal evils, difcern the goodness and wisdom of providence, even in the most afflicting dispensations; convert the pains and diseases of a vile perishing body, into instruments of strength and health to my immortal foul, and have a happy occasion of acknowledging, with David, that it is good for me to have been in trouble, fince by that I have learnt, more diligently to practife, more stedfastly to persevere, in the statutes of my God. HYMN.

HYMN.

PRAISE the Lord, O my foul; and all that is within me praise his holy name.

Praise the Lord, O my soul: and forget not

all his benefits.

Who can express the noble acts of the Lord: or shew forth his praise.

Which forgiveth all thy fins and healeth all

thine infirmities,

Which faveth thy life from destruction; and crowneth thee with mercy and loving kindness,

Which fatisfieth thy mouth with good things: making thee young and lusty as an eagle;

For his arrows stick fast in me: and his hand

preffed fore.

There was no health in my flesh, because of his displeasure: neither was there any rest in my bones, by reason of my sin.

My foul abhorred all manner of meat: and

I was even hard at death's door.

Then cried I unto thee, O Lord, and got me

to my Lord right humbly.

I faid, O my God, take me not away in the midst of mine age: as for thy years they endure throughout all generations.

But what profit is there in my blood when I

go down into the pit.

Hear my prayer then, O Lord, and with thine ears consider my calling: hold not thy

peace at my tears.

O spare me a little that I may recover my strength: before I go hence and be no more seen.

So when I cried unto the Lord in my trouble, he delivered me out of diffress.

He fent his word and healed me, and I was

faved from my destruction.

O! what great troubles and adversities hast thou shewed me, and yet didst thou turn and quicken me: yea, and broughtest me from the deep of the earth again.

Therefore will I praise thee and thy faithfulness, O God, I will offer unto my God thanksgiving, and pay my vows unto the most high:

For the grave cannot praise thee, death cannot celebrate thee: they that go down to the pit cannot declare thy truth.

But the living, the living, he shall praise thee, as I do this day: the father to the children shall

make known the goodness of the Lord.

And they that know thy name will put their trust in thee; for thou Lord hast never failed them that seek thee.

As for me, I will give great thanks unto the Lord with my mouth: and praise him among the multitude.

O come hither and hearken all ye that fear-God, and I will tell you what he hath done for my foul,

I was in misery and like to him that is at the point to die; but he delivered me out of all, my fear.

If the Lord had not helped me, it had not

failed but my foul had been put to filence.

But when I faid my foot hath flipped: thy mercy, O Lord held me up.

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Thou hast turned my heaviness into Joy: thou hast put off my sackcloth and girded me

with gladness.

The Lord is my strength and my shield: my heart hath trusted in him, and I am delivered: therefore my heart danceth for joy, and in my song will I praise him.

O how plentiful is thy goodness which thou hast laid up for them that love thee: and that thou hast prepared for them that put their trust

in thee, even before the fons of men.

O ye that love the lord, fee that ye hate the thing which is evil: the lord preserveth the souls of the faithful, de delivereth them from the hand of the wicked one.

His mercy and truth shall follow me all the days of my life: and I will dwell in the house

of the Lord for ever.

I will keep the ways of the Lord, and will not forfake my God as the wicked doth.

For I have an eye unto all his Laws: and will not cast out his commandments from me.

Praised be the Lord, who had not cast out my prayer: nor turned his mercy from me:

Yea bleffed be the Lord God, even the God of Israel: which only doth wondrous things.

And bleffed be the name of his majesty for ever, and let all the earth be filled with his majesty. Amen. Amen.

Glory be to the father, and to the fon, and

to the holy ghost.

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be, world without end. Amen.

After

[After this hymn, the reader may enlarge his meditations to the same purpose, by repeating the 30th, 71st, 77th, 106th, and 108th Pfalms,]

PRAYER.

Most mighty God and merciful father, wonderful in thy doings, and gracious in all thy dispensations towards the children of men; I thy unworthy fervant prostrate myself before thee, with all the fervent affections of a grateful breast, acknowledging it thy goodness, that I am not long ago consumed. Thou Lord hast chastened and corrected me, but thou hait not given me over to death. Bleffed therefore be that divine wisdom, which saw this late affliction feafonably, and would not fuffer me to perish in my folly, for want of such necessary warning. Bleffed be that tender compassion, which in the midst of wrath remembered mercy, which made all my bed in my fickness, which passed by my impatience, and many infirmities; and inclined a willing ear to the wandering and discomposed supplications of a poor feeble wretch, when he cried unto thee in his extreme anguish and distress. Blessed be the powerful influences of that grace, which disposed my heart to consideration and repentance; but above all, bleffed for ever be that power and goodnefs, which, by sparing me, when I deserved to be utterly cut off, hath given me opportunity to make good these holy resolutions, which thy grace inspired, when I was in trouble. Lord, let this goodness of thine, and my own ferious purposes of amendment, never slip out

of my mind: but preserve in me a constant tender sense of the indispensable obligations I lie under to better obedience. Make me every day more and more zealous in promoting thy glory, and the good of my brethren: as a perfon faved from destruction, for this very end, that the remainder of my life should be employed in the service of my gracious deliverer. In this fense, O my God, I humbly offer and present unto thee this foul and body, rescued from hell and the grave; beseeching thee to keep them thine for ever. O let not the return of my health produce a relapse into my former fins; but become an instrument of thy greater honour, of my own stricter and more stedfast virtue here, and my more exquisite happiness hereafter, O! that the talents of time and ability to do good, which have been heretofore fo wretchedly neglected, may (now they are afresh committed to my trust) be for the time to come, fo faithfully improved, that the shining graces of an examplary conversation, may hold some proportion with the bleffings, I have been fo particularly favoured withal. Let these excite not me only, but others also, by my example, to love thee more fervently, to ferve thee more chearfully, to trust in thee more assuredly. thee O Lord, who shewest us thy goodness so plenteously, and daily pourest thy benefits upon us: in thee, who never failest nor forfakest them that feek thee: in thee, whose mercies are fweet, whose loving kindness is better than life itself; whose service is perfect freedom, and in keeping whose commandments there is ex-

ceeding great reward.

To this end, fanctify, I befeech thee, all the methods of thy providence to the falvation of my immortal foul; and especially, let not thy abused mercies rife up in judgment against me. O! may my past sufferings work in me a great humility and godly fear; that from them I may confirm myself in faith and patience, and an entire refignation to thy will, and wifer choices for me. Bring back frequently to my remembrance the promifes and fupplications, poured out in the bitterness of my foul; that those fuccessful addresses to the throne of grace may ftir me up effectually, to the paying what I then fo folemnly vowed. Open thou my lips, O Lord, that my mouth may declare thy mercy and truth as long as I live, and praise my God while I have any being. And for as much as this recovery is only lengthening out a little that span of life, which must shortly have an end; fuffer me not, I pray thee, to forget, that I am a stranger upon earth; but help me so to difengage my heart from these things here below, which, (my own late experience hath taught me) cannot profit in the day of wrath; that my hopes and affections may be unalterably fixed upon these better and eternal treasures, which thou hast prepared for them that love thee. Let the thoughts and certain expectations of death and judgment be fo constantly, so powerfully present to my foul, that, in what hour foever my Lord shall come, I may be found ready to meet him, and to go in with him to the marriage. Even so, blessed Jesus, grant me in such manner to pass through things temporal, that I finally lose not the things eternal; but that I may use and improve thy grace here, till grace at last be swallowed up in glory, and I translated to my master's joy. All which I beg for thy own merits sake, my only mediator and redeemer; to whom with the sather and holy spirit, be ascribed, as is most due, from me and every creature, all honour and glory, dominion and power, thanksgiving and praise, and humble adoration, henceforth and for evermore. Amen.

MEDITATION VI.

On Death.

"IT is appointed for all men once to die, and after that the judgment;" fo fays the fpirit of God himfelf; and what is thus appointed, none can reverse, none can escape. That then, which remains for us, who lie under this fentence, to do, is only to endeavour, that we may die, as becomes men and christians; that is, as perfons, who expect to render an account of the things done in this body, and to receive a recompence accordingly, whether it be good or bad. But who may abide that day? Or who shall stand, when the Lord appeareth? who indeed; when not only the thing itself, but the very apprehensions and especially the approaches of it, are fo dreadful? For what is more terrible to mortal man, than dying? And what is more fo to finful man, than being judged?

judged? But yet my foul, since these must unavoidably come, let us see what course can be taken, to soften a little, and reconcile us to them: Nay, let us try, if it be not possible, not only to bear them contentedly, but even to

meet them gladly.

If death be considered in itself, it is no more, than what all the living creation here below undergo, in common with ourselves. And what is dying? It is ceasing to live, after the manner we now do. It is a removal, or rather an escape, from a world of misfortunes and miferies; of forrow and disquiet; of malice and deceit; of noise and contention; of pains and anguish; of crosses and disappointments; of vanity and vexation; and, which is worst of all, of temptation and fin. It is doing that once for all, which we have done in part, a thousand times already; by ficknesses and faintings; by decays and infirmities of nature, and by the loss of the tenderest relations, who tore away our very heart with them. In short the present life, even to the prosperous, will be found, upon a just computation, to have made a very unequal distribution. For even such have a larger portion of trouble than of happiness. But to the generality of mankind, it is a rough tempestuous sea; and death is the making their port, or at least retiring into the shelter of a creek, where florms can reach and annoy them no more. These are not affected strains of philosophy, but weighed and measured truths: fuch as every man is, or may be, fadly convinced of, at his own expence. The only deceit

ceit arises from our natural fondness for living; which God hath wifely infused and woven into our fouls, that we might fustain our present calamities the better. As, on the other hand, he hath made faith of a future state our virtue, and ordained the miseries of the present life, as an exercise for that virtue; that both together might be a ballance at least against the objects of fense; draw off our affections from a place, which was never intended for our rest; and raise our desires up to those better things, provided for us in another world. And furely, if this matter were well weighed, however timorous nature may fart and boggle at first, yet it would be no hard matter to come close up to death; and by the help of familiar practice, and prudent pious meditation, to render not only the thoughts of it, but even the thing itfelf, very tolerable to us.

But if we consider death in another capacity, as leading and keeping us close prisoners, to a just and terrible judgment; thus it hath a sting indeed, which is the fense of guilt and sin un-This is what nothing can relieve, pardoned. but the comforts arising from true repentance, from a faviour facrificed to expiate, and to make full satisfaction for our offences, from a title to our part of that expiation, and the favour of a reconciled God. And, these, I hope, are comforts which belong to me. For do but hearand observe (my foul) what reviving words the holy spirit hath spoken to this purpose; " If any man sin, we have an advocate with the father, Jesus Christ the righteous, and he is the propropitiation for our fins." Christ hath died, who is he that condemneth? yea, Christ is risen again, and feated at the right-hand of God, a perpetual intercessor, and a mighty faviour to all them that come to God by him. He hath told thee, that what the infirmity of the law and flesh could not do Christ hath done for us; that he knows and hath felt our weakneffes, and will not fail to make large and very gracious allowances for them; that Jesus hath washed us in his own blood, and though our fins be as fcarlet, yet, upon true repentance, they shall be white as fnow. Look up then, and fee thy Lord coming in the clouds: thou must be judged, it is true, but thy redeemer shall be thy judge. And to whose decision would'st thou chuse to fland, but to thy best friends? To him who loved thee fo dearly, as to die for thee, to be made a fin and a curse for thee, that thou mightest be made the righteousness of God in him? This is thy fure confidence; and heaven and earth may pass away, but his merits and promises can never fail. And he hath promifed, that all who repent and believe, and ferve, and love him, shall be faved in that day, and be where he is, to behold his glory; nay, not to behold only, but to enjoy it, to live and reign, with the fon of God himself. For such he hath made sons, also heirs of God, and joint heirs with Christ, of an inheritance incorruptible, undefiled, and that fadeth not away, referved for them in the heavens. And if I know that I love God, I know that I shall be with him, and be like him and fee him as he is.

O, glorious day, which shall bring me to the full and inseparable enjoyment of my dearest faviour and most merciful God, when this veilof the flesh shall be done away, and spiritual joy, and peace, and knowledge, and love shall for ever abound! Bleffed be thy name, O God, who haft opened an entrance into fuch blifs for poor returning finners! Bleffed be thy bounty, who hast ordained such an infinite recompence for our imperfect and unworthy labours; and, if thou hast decreed withal, that I must pass through the regions of darkness and death, to come at those feats of light and glory; shall I grudge this passage? when I have borne the heat and burthen of the day, shall I mourn, because even is come, and shrink back, when I am called to receive my wages?

Some difficulties I know there are: but thouse O Lord wilt strengthen my faith, and not suffer me to faint under the terrors and struggles of my last trials. Give me grace, I pray thee, to consider, that this is the method, by which thy own son was made perfect; that it is no more, nay, it is much less, than he suffered voluntarily, and for my sake; that by suffering death he hath overcome it, and rendered the conslict more easy to them that come after. Grant me to rejoice, at least to support myself with the nearer prospect of an eternal rest and reward.

And do thou, O my foul, labour continually to strengthen thy own frailties and fears, with holy meditations, with the repeated exercises of faith and repentance, of trust, and love, and heavenly mindedness. Bid adieu to this vain world,

world, and shake hands with it chearfully. As for all that is uneafy here, thank God for a deliverance from it; and for all whom thou hast reason to love and be concerned for, remember that thou leavest them under the conduct of the fame good providence, of which thyself hast had to large experience. Confider that God is all relations, and more than all, to those that want them; and, if they continue to feek and ferve him diligently, he will never forfake them, but be their God and their guide unto death. Bid all my friends weep, not for me, but for themselves, who are still in a state of danger and temptation, of vanity and mifery; from which they that die in the Lord are for ever freed. Tell them that we shall see one another again shortly. As I am going now to those dear and good fouls, who have got the flart of me in this journey; fo they, and I, and all God's children, shall have a glorious, a joyful meeting at the refurrection of the just. We shall all go together into a place, whence tears and mourning are for ever banished; where the vision of God, the service of the lamb, the company of angels and faints, shall minister eternal matter of praise and joy; and our hap-piness will exceed all we can conceive, all we can hope for. And now, "O death where is thy sting, O grave where is thy victory?" Thanks be to God, who hath given us victory, through our Lord Jesus Christ. Therefore, my foul, be thou ftedfaft, unmoveable, always abounding in the work of the Lord, for as much

much as I am affured, that my labour shall not be in vain in the Lord.

EJACULATIONS.

WHILE I am in the body I am absent from the Lord; for I walk by faith, not by fight: therefore I am confident, and willing rather to be absent from the body and to be present with the Lord.

Lord whom have I in heaven but thee? and there is none upon earth that I defire in comparison of thee. My slesh and my heart faileth, but God is still my strength, and my life, and

my portion for ever.

Fearfulness and trembling are come upon me, and an horrible dread hath overwhelmed me. For the enemy of souls crieth out aloud, and the ungodly one cometh on so fast; he is minded to do me some mischief, so maliciously he is set against me. But I am thine, O save me; I am bought with a price, O Jesus even with thy most precious blood. I am one of thy sheep, rebuke this ravening wolf, for thou art greater than he, and none is able to pluck me out of thy hand.

Thou that takest away the sins of the world, have mercy upon me. Thou that takest away the sins of the world receive my prayer. Thou that sittest on the right-hand of God have mer-

cy upon me.

Thou Lord, art full of compassion and mercy, long-suffering, and of great goodness: O deal not with me after my sins, nor reward me according to my iniquities.

Thou

Thou knowest wherefore we be made, and rememberest that we are but dust. Look graciously therefore upon my weakness; pity the interruptions, and imperfections of my prayers; pardon what I cannot now do with a steady and composed zeal, and accept the sincerity of my heart.

Thou knowest Lord the secrets of my soul; shut not thy merciful ears to my prayers, but spare me, Lord most holy, O God most mighty, O holy and merciful saviour. Thou most worthy judge eternal, suffer me not at my last hour

for any pains of death to fall from thee.

Faithful is he that hath faid. "I will never leave nor forfake thee." Lord grant me the knowledge and fensible experience of this most gracious promise. Stand by me, and save me from the reproof of him that would eat me up. Deliver my soul from the roaring lion, who goeth about continually, seeking whom he may devour.

Lord I commit my foul unto thee, as into the hands of a faithful creator; and most merciful redeemer; spare it, O God, and let it be thine in the day when thou makest up thy jewels. In the hour of death, and in the day of judgment, good Lord deliver me.

PRAYER.

Almighty Lord, father of all mercies, and God of all comfort, I flee unto thee for succour in this my great extremity; most humbly beseeching thee, to support and strengthen me in the last conslict of my life. Deliver me from

the fnares and terrors of the wicked one: fuftain my agonies with the peaceful comforts of a quiet and good conscience, and of perfect reconciliation with thee my God. Lord as thou bringest me nearer to thyself, so let my love, and my defires of thee be stronger. And O that it may please thee in thy abundant mercy, to afford me some sweet fore-taste of future bliss, that I may triumph even in death itself! But if in this I know not what I ask; yet at least suffer not my faith to be shaken, nor thy loving kindness to fail; and however thou dealest with this corruptible body; let my foul, I implore thee be precious in thy fight. Wash it in the blood of the immaculate lamb of God, that all its pollutions being purged and done away, it may be presented pure and without fpot before thee: and be received into thy everlafting kingdom, through the merits and mediation of Jesus Christ, thy only Son our Lord and faviour. Amen.

Short EJACULATIONS for the last Extremity,

Believe, bleffed Jesus, that thou shalt come to be my judge; I pray thee therefore help thy servant whom thou hast redeemed with thy precious blood.

O make me now to be numbered with thy

faints in glory everlasting.

The snares of death compass me round about, and its pains get hold upon me; haste thee O God, to deliver me, make haste O God to help me.

Thy

Thy kingdom come, O God, thy will be done in earth as it is in heaven.

Lord Jesus receive my spirit.

Y

Come, Lord Jesus, come quickly.

[These last may be used by friends and standers by, after the sick party is disabled from the use of them: but above all, if possible, let the consolation of the sick person be completed by receiving the Viaticum, or Lord's supper, in the devout partaking of which, is the sure pledge of eternal life.]

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28 SEGO .

